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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 295 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

# Surprise Turn In Far East Crisis

## *EX-GOVERNOR LEADS COUNTER-REVOLT*

## Chiang-kai-Shek Free: "Traitor" Under Detention

### Martial Law Proclaimed In Several Cities

**According to the latest cables from China, tables have been turned against the Rebels, Marshal Chang-Kai-Shaik being reported free and the dismissed Commander-in-Chief and the proclaimed "traitor" now under detention.**

**The leader of this counter-revolt is Mr. Yang, ex-Governor of a northern province who is reported to be responsible for the freedom of the Generalissimo.**

*PEKING, Dec. 14.*

***Marshal Chiang Kai Shek is reported to be free and is returning to Nanking while Gen. Chiang Hsueh Liang is reported to be under detention at Sianfu which would indicate a counter-revolt.—Reuter.***

CHIANG-KAI-SHEK

### *IS IT SUICIDE?*

*SHANGHAI, Dec. 14.*

***Marshal Chiang Hsueh Liang has telegraphed the death of General Chien Ta Chun, Chief of Staff to Marshal Chiang Kai Shek. The telegram says he committed suicide but the officials here think that Gen. Chien Ta Chun was killed when the rebels attacked Marshal Chiang Kai Shek's bodyguard.—Reuter.***

### LEADERS KIDNAPPED

NANKING, December 14.

**Martial law has been declared in Nanking, Hankow and other cities throughout China as a precautionary measure.**

**Besides the Generalissimo, the rebels have kidnapped a number of important Government leaders, including Chiang Tso Pin, the Minister of the Interior.**

**Marshal Chiang Hsueh Liang has wired to the acting Premier, Dr. Kung, assuming full responsibility for Chiang Kai Shek's safety.**

**At the conference of Government officials a manifesto was issued denouncing Chiang Hsueh Liang as a traitor and dismissing him from all posts.—Reuter.**

### *HOW CHIANG GOT LIBERTY*

NANKING, Dec. 14.

Counter-revolt in Sianfu headed by Mr. Yang-Hu-Chen, Pacification Commissioner, Shensi Province, and former head of the provincial Government, it is stated, accounts for the alleged escape of Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek from Chiang Hsueh Liang. Mr. Yang persuaded the latter to hand Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek to his custody.

Then Mr. Yang announced allegiance to Nanking and fighting between his troops and rebels began.—Reuter.

### *Earlier*

### HOSTAGE OFFERED FOR CHANG

NANKING: Dec. 14.

**General Feng Yuhsiang, Vice-Chairman, Supreme Military Commission, has telegraphed to Chang Hsueh Liang offering himself as a hostage for Chiang Kai Shek.**

**In the meantime Australian Mr. W. H. Donald, who is a friend of both Chang Kai Shek and Chang Hsueh Liang, has gone to Sianfu to attempt to secure the Generalissimo's release.—Reuter.**

MAP OF NORTH CHINA.

### Peace Between Govt. And Rebels Possible

SHANGHAI: Dec. 14.

**The fact that Mr. Donald has gone to meet Chang Hsueh Liang, is taken as the first sign that an agreement may be reached between the mutineers and the Nanking Government.**

**It is believed that unless Chang Hsueh Liang is ready to negotiate he would not have allowed Mr. Donald to go to Sianfu.**

### HEAVY GALES IN BRITAIN

**Coasts Battered By Heavy Seas & Several Ships In Distress**

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Heavy gales are raging in Britain.

Coasts have been battered by heavy seas. Several ships are in distress. Others have been driven to shelter.

Wind at Folkestone reached a velocity of 75 miles per hour. The Isle of Wight steamers were unable to call at Southsea.

Cross-channel services are being maintained with difficulty. Lifeboats were launched in several places.—Reuter.

### *SWADESHI FOR ALL*

**"There may be political parties in India but there cannot be any party opposed to swadeshi idea. Can there be any difference amongst Indians that India should use only swadeshi goods?"—(Sardar Patel).**

### Good News For Radio Fans

**Reduced Fees For Renewal Of Broadcast Receiver Licenses**

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

A Government communique states:—With effect from 1st January, 1937, and for the period of one year only, in the first instance, Broadcast Receiver Licenses will be renewed on payment fee of Rs. 8 (instead of Rs. 10 as at present) provided the licenses is renewed before it expires. Licenses expiring on 31st December will not be entitled to this concession.

In order to obtain this concession it will necessary for the holder of a Broadcast Receiver License to present it together with a fee of Rs. 8 at a post office authorised to issue Broadcast Receiver Licenses, on or before the date of expiry, which is shown on the license. This concession will not be granted if the expiring license is not handed over at the time of application for a new license or when the license is renewed after the date of expiry. In such cases the full fee of Rs. 10 will be charged.

### LATHI CHARGE ON CROWDS

**Arrest Of Congress Volunteers At Karaikudi & Its Sequel**

KARAIKUDI, Dec. 14.

Following the arrest of the Congress volunteers yesterday people gathered in large numbers before the Karaikudi police station.

It is alleged that stones were pelted on police officials and as a consequence the police began to charge the people with 'lathis' resulting in injuries to three of them. Two of the injured persons are undergoing treatment and the condition of one of them is stated to be serious.

The Congress volunteers arrested yesterday were remanded to custody by the Taluka Magistrate of Tirupattur this morning.—United Press.

### *THE DUCE'S BOAST*

ROME, Dec. 14.

**The whole of Abyssinia has now been occupied and would be defended by the sharp sword firmly grasped, said Sig. Mussolini at the opening session of the Senate.—Reuter.**

## General Strike Commenced On B.N.Railway

### *RESERVE ABOUT EX-KING'S PLANS*

***Puts 23-minute 'Phone Call To Cannes***

VIENNA, Dec. 14.

Despite the strain of past few days Duke of Windsor was up early and was seen walking in beautiful grounds of the Castle this morning. Probably he will play a round of golf before lunch on the private course of his host Baron Eugen Rothschild. The greatest reserve is observed concerning the Duke's plans. It is stated that the Duke will stay at the Castle for an indefinite period.

A 23-minute 'phone call was put through from the Castle to Cannes this morning.

The Duke of Windsor was accompanied from England by Col. Piers Legh.—Reuter's Special.

### *Royal Family Lunch At Buckingham Palace*

LONDON, Dec. 14.

After transacting state business at Buckingham Palace, His Majesty returned to his Piccadilly residence where family luncheon party was held attended by Queens Elizabeth and Mary, Duke and Duchess of Gloucester the Princess Royal and the Duke and Duchess of Athlone.—Reuter's Special.

### *Can M.L.As. Contest For Provincial Assemblies?*

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

It is learnt that Mr. Muthuranga Mudaliar has issued a questionnaire to the members of Tamilnadu Congress for eliciting opinion on the question of granting exemptions to Assembly members to contest elections for provincial assembly.

It is understood 140 members voted in favour of exemptions being granted while 130 were against.

BOMBAY, Dec. 14.

Mr. V. R. Kalappa, Secretary-in-Charge, B. N. Railway Workers Union, wires under date December 14, from Kharagpur:—

"The strike on the Bengal Nagpur Railway commenced exactly at 10 p.m. on December 13 as has already been announced.

"At Kharagpur alone, about 10,000 workers including Loco, Carriage, Commercial, Transportation, Engineering and Workshop staff laid down their tools. According to an information received at the Central Union Office, various centres have also joined the strike. The strikers are adamant in their demands."—United Press.

### MALAVIYA'S ELECTION TOUR

**Fearing Congress Opposition, Chintamani Changes Old Constituency**

(From Our Correspondent.)

ALLAHABAD, December 14

It is understood Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, who has returned to Benares from Dehra Dun, where he had gone to recoup his health, will soon plunge himself into election campaign for the Congress throughout the country. Pandit Malaviya proposes to attend the Faizpur Congress.

Cawnpore, from where Mrs. Vijay Laxmi Pandit (sister of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru) is contesting against Lady Srivastava, the U.P. Minister's wife, is likely to be visited both by Pandit Malaviya and Pandit Jawaharlal. Cawnpore is also a stronghold of the Agriculturist Party candidates and a tough fight is expected. The U. P. Liberals are supporting Lady Srivastava against Mrs. Vijay Laxmi Pandit out of sheer pique.

Owing to Congress opposition, Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, Editor of the "Leader" and Liberal leader, has changed his old constituency of Partabgarh and, with the support of a Zamindar friend, is seeking election for the Assembly from Etah. This constitution is regarded as a pocket borough of hie friend, who is transferring himself to another constituency to contest an Agriculturist Party candidate.

### *RAIDS ON SOVIET STEAMERS*

***Moscow Complaint Against Insurgents***

MOSCOW, Dec. 14.

The press reports a number of raids on Soviet steamers by Spanish insurgents, mostly in the Straits of Gibraltar.

The "Pravda" says that of seventeen Soviet ships, detained and searched, no trace of Soviet arms for Spain was found. The paper adds that the systematic piratical attacks on merchant steamers is becoming an absolute inadmissible hindrance to normal trade with other counries.—Reuter.

### *ITALY'S "NO" TO ANGLO-FRENCH PROPOSALS*

ROME, Dec. 14.

Italy's acceptance with reservations of the Franco-British proposals for non-intervention and mediation in Spain is announced in reply of the Foreign Minister, Count Ciano.

The same points are made as in the German reply. Doubt is expressed whether the enforcement of an ordered plebiscite in Spain is possible. The reply considers that Nationalists have already obtained the assent of majority of Spaniards as well as greater part of the national territory.—Reuter's Special.

### *SOVIET SUBMARINES NEAR MAJORCA*

GIBRALTAR, Dec. 14.

A Soviet submarine "Flotilla" was seen manoeuvring off Palma and Majorca on Sunday according to reliable information.—Reuter.

### NEW YEAR'S HONOURS IN FEBRUARY

LONDON Dec. 15.

An official announcement says:—The King has decided that publication of New Year honours' list be deferred until 1st February, 1937.—Reuter.

## Solution For India's Economic Problem

### CHARKHA AS SAVIOUR

### Mass Production Would Result In Mass Killing, Says Vallabhbhai

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

**"The Charkha is the thing that is going to solve the economic problem of India," declared Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel declaring open the All-India Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition organised by the Tamil Nad Congress at the Congress House before a large gathering this morning.**

**"MASS KILLING"**

**Referring to machinery Sardar Patel said that mass production would result in mass killing and mass slaughter but not in mass wealth. The world would learn this by experience. He added that Western civilisation was on trial. It had done immense harm. It had practically paralysed them. The ill-balanced production of machinery had brought about a state of things under which their very existence was threatened. Though they were exploiting the whole world they were now reduced to such a state that they were bound to use all their intelligence, skill and energy to find out ways and means to destroy khadi more quickly.**

**POPULARISE KHADI**

**Sardar Patel made a fervent appeal to popularise Khadi and use Swadeshi goods, for, he said, there could be no difference of opinion on this issue.—A.P.**

*Other News On Page 7*

### NO LIFTING OF BAN ON CONGRESSMAN

**Magistrate's Powers Withdrawn Sequel to "Sympathy In Elections"**

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Dec. 14.

It is understood that the Local Government has declined to lift the ban under Section 69 (E) of Government of India Act on Mr Chatwal Congress leader of Hinganghat.

The news has caused sensation in Congress circles as it is characterised as interference in elections.

The Jubbulpore correspondent of the "Hitawada" reports that the powers vested in one Honorary Magistrate in Janjgir Tahsil have been withdrawn on account of his alleged sympathies with Congress.

### SUGAR INDUSTRY TARIFF BOARD

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

It is understood the services of Sir T. Vijayaraghava Acharlar have been secured by the sugar manufacturers to present their case before the Tariff Board to enquire into the sugar industry, when constituted.

It is further understood that sugar manufacturers will shortly open an office at New Delhi to collect materials, etc. in this connection.—United Press.

### QUEEN SUFFERS FROM INFLUENZA

LONDON: Dec. 14.

**It is officially announced that Queen Elizabeth is suffering from a mild attack of influenza and will have to remain at her home in Piccadilly for a few days.—Reuter.**

### *Oldham Beats Hunslet*

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Dec. 14.

**In the match under Rugby Northern Union rules Hunslet lost to Oldham by twenty points to five.**

### ANDREWS MISSION IN ENGLAND

**Will Raise Questions Of Bengal Detenus And Subhas' Release**

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Dec. 14.

It is reliably understood that Mr. C. F. Andrews, who is returning to England by next mailboat will on reaching England take up the question of launching agitation for release of Bengal detenus.

He also proposes to raise the case of Mr. Subhas Bose on the basis of the information collected by him from official and non-official sources, during his recent stay at Calcutta.

## STOP PRESS

PATEL ON OFFICES.

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

**"Freedom's fight will never be stopped. It will go on until the end is achieved", said Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel addressing a mammoth meeting at the Tilak Ghat to-night where addresses were presented to him on behalf of the Madras District Congress Committee and the Mahajana Sabha.**

**Mr. Patel dwelt at length with reasons leading to the Congress deciding to capture councils. He said it was not a reversal of policy but a fresh adjustment in the present circumstances. He added the question of office acceptance was a minor matter.**

**Concluding, Mr. Patel said that people must rise to the occasion: otherwise they would lose the winning game.—A. P.**

# TABULATED ADLETS
# ONE Anna Per Word
# Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted 10 Radio mechanics,** motor mechanic, accountant, doctor, 11 travelling salesmen for Provisions perfumes, and compounder. Apply Goldwyn (India) Co., 31, Forbes St., Bombay. (7437).

**Wanted—A graduate for Maharana Shri Mohandevji High School, Dharampur;** pay 45-7-(triennial)-120. Apply with testimonials to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Dharampur State. (4458).

**Wanted one first-class intertype** Operator, thoroughly experienced and fast worker. Applications must be in writing and must state salary required, Box No. 7431, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted Organiser and Organising** Secretary for the Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd. of Cawnpore, on Salary &/or commission. Unique opportunity for really capable persons of influence and good family connections. Apply to the Managing Director (shortly on tour) C/o. Sardargriha Hotel, Crawford Market, Bombay No. 2 7430.

**Wanted an experienced Gujarati** with perfect knowledge of English correspondence and Gujarati accounts. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary required, Box No. 7424, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted an electrician holding** first class supervisor's licence for Karachi firm. Apply before 20th, stating minimum salary acceptable, Box No. 7420, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Required immediately in Delhi by** a Newly established Radio firm a Radio Mechanic. He must have had at least two or three years' practical experience, preferably with some well-established German Radio dealing establishment. The selected candidate will be expected to look after the mechanic as well as the Sales Department. Apply with attested copies of certificates with necessary particulars stating lowest salary acceptable to:—P. O. Box No. 20, Delhi. (4489).

### 44. MEDICAL.

**Without Operation and Drugs.**—Appendicitis, Epilepsy, Insanity, Eczema. Diabetes, Hysteria, Leocorrhoea. Perfectly cured. Free Prospectus in English, Urdu, Hindi or interview, Dr. R. R. Khetti, New Delhi. (7010).

### 53 DENTISTS

**College of Dentistry—Intensely** practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (7355).

### 69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

**Available big loans on first mortg**age of Cinemas, and complete Indian Talkies. Apply Box 7432, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Big finances arranged for houses,** hotels, plantations, mines, industries, new enterprises. Terms attractive. Apply Box No. 7433, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted loan—Rs. 2,500 on property in mofussil at interest six per cent. per annum. Apply Box 7411, "Bombay Chronicle".

### 74 AGENTS WANTED.

**Wanted—Booksellers, Stationers,** Newspaper Agents, Shopkeepers and Spare time Canvassers all over India to sell large 20" x 15" Poultry Propaganda Wall Calendars for 1937 (with 12 Numbers on each) retail at four Annas each (postage two annas extra) Handsome Discounts offered on quantities over 25 Copies Delivered Free by Rail in India at Wholesale Trade Rates. Send a Stamp for Free Specimen Sheet with further particulars and Trade Terms. A complete Calendar for 1937 (with 12 Numbers) will be sent Post Free on receipt of six Annas. Apply immediately: The Asian Poultry Institute, 11 West, Connaught Road, Poona

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

**To be sold—General Provision** Stores and Pharmacy, opposite market. Hindus and Parsees locality. Owner leaving Bombay. Write to Box No. 7398, "Bombay Chronicle".

### 155. MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

**Wanted.—N. Z. Forest Bonds.** Reflex and Leica Cameras. Publications of Carrington (Paris) Must be cheap. Buchan "Krishnakunj", Allahabad. (7435)

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**Tea with excellent flavour and of** best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

## Public Notices.

**WE TEST SIGHT** by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

**LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.**
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment Phone 21827.

## Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

| | Per column inch Per insertion. |
|---|---|
| 1st Insertion .... | Rs. 7-8-0 |
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| 3rd Insertion .... | Rs. 4-8-0 |
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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NEW BUILDING CONSTRUCTED TO TENANTS' REQUIREMENTS.

A new building is being constructed at corner of Pherozeshah Mehta Road and Bazar Gate Street, almost opposite New Reserve Bank. If any banks, Insurance Companies, Shipping Offices or Concerns requiring large showrooms are prepared to give long lease of tenancy in advance for portions of the building the owner is willing to build to suit their requirements. Intending tenants should communicate with the undersigned immediately

Messrs. ADALJA & NOORANI,
Architects, Engineers, etc.
Kermani Bldg, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
4590.

**THE MAHARASHTRA CHEMICALS, LIMITED.**
454, Ranade Bunglow, Kurla.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Maharashtra Chemicals Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, 454, Ranade Bunglow, Kurla (G. I. P. Rly.), on THURSDAY, 31st December, 1936, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited and Certified Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement ending 31st October, 1936.
(2) To elect two Directors in place of Dr. Shri Appa Maharaj Pandit, M. B. B. S. and Dr. H. V. Tilak, B.Sc., M.B.B.S., F.R.C.S., F.C.P.S., J.P., who retire under Art. 109 but are eligible for re-election.
(3) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
(4) To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Managing Agents with the consent of the Chairman.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will remain CLOSED from 18th December, 1936 to 31st December, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
KALE DIKE & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Kurla, dated 14th December, 1936.
(4508)

**THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.**

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Registered OFFICE, Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of December, 1936, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To approve and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts as at 31st December, 1935.
2. To elect Directors who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 4th day of December, 1936, to the 28th day of December, 1936, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
DHARAMSI MORARJI & CO.,
Agents.
Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Fort, Bombay,
25th November, 1936.
4425

## Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 107 of 1935.

PREMSUKDAS TODI.
vs.
UMRAOSINGH DALMIA.

To
The defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the abovenamed plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you for the recovery of the sum of Rs. 1,416 due and owing by you to the plaintiff in respect of a cheque for the sum of Rs. 1,200 drawn in favour and delivered to the plaintiff by you, for interim and further interest and costs, you are hereby required to cause an appearance to be entered for you in the Office of the Registrar of this Court within 16 days to file your Written Statement within 28 days from the date of this publication and to appear before this Court in person or by an advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of the Court to answer the plaintiff's claim on the day the case is set down for hearing, upon which date you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses and all documents in your possession or power upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

And take notice that in default thereof the suit will be liable to be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 10th December, 1936.
N. GHATAK,
Master.
NITINDRA KRISHNA DUTT.
Plaintiff's Attorney.
4499.

NOTICE.

Re: Estate of BHAVSAR CHUNILAL FAKIRCHAND Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claim against the estate of the late Bhavsar Chunilal Fakirchand of Bombay, who died at Bombay, on or about the 14th day of June, 1935 and probate of whose Will was granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 16th day of August, 1935, to Messrs. Maganlal Hargovinddas, Jekisondas Gandabhai and Narandas Parbhudas of Bombay the executors named therein are requested to send in their claims within one month from this date to the undersigned Messrs. Mohile Parekh and Maneklal, Attorneys for the executors at their Office at 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, after which date the executors will proceed to administer the estate of the deceased having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have received notice and no claim sent in subsequently will be recognised.

Dated this 15th day of December, 1936.
MOHILE PAREKH &
MANECKLAL.
Attorneys for the Executors.
4502.

## Auction Sales

### D. MISTRY & CO.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO JEWELLERS and BUYERS to buy Jewellery on Christmas occasion. Auction sale of one large lot of gold and precious stone setting, jewellery, cigar cases, charms, silver-ware, ear-rings, pearl bangles, vanity boxes, opera glasses, diamond and ruby bangles, etc. TO-DAY (TUESDAY), the 15th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at 6|12, Bruce Street, Fort. On view. D. MISTRY and CO., Auctioneers. Tel. No. 22801.

### SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,
123, Medows St., Fort, Bombay.

BONAFIDE SALE of valuable household furniture at 29C, Doongersy Road, Malabar Hill, on SUNDAY, the 20th December, 1936, at 10-30 in the morning, the property of a gentleman, comprising:—

Modern Chesterfield suites, centre table, show case, folding screen, writing table, Jacobean chairs, carpets, teapoys, "Arcotta" English Cottage Piano, dining table and chairs, sideboard, dumbwaiter, wooden bedsteads, dressing table, chest of drawers, mirror and panel door wardrobes, easy chair, hat stand and similar other household articles.

Property will be on view three days before the sale.

Catalogues may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

## Auction Sales

### BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF A WELL-KNOWN RACE HORSE.

Under the instructions from the Sakarbai Petit Hospital, for Animals Messrs Bennett and Co., will (To-DAY) TUESDAY, the 15th December, 1936, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, 120, Apollo Street, Fort.

A Bay Arab Gelding known as "Injeman II" certified as racing sound.

BENNETT & CO.

### BANKER & CO.

BONAFIDE AUCTION SALE of Furniture of J. Roberts Esquire Comprising:—Godrej Steel Cabinet, Milner Safe, Chesterfield sets, Side Board, Almyrahs, Beds, Glassware etc. and also other Furniture Such as—H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Billiard Table, Musical Box, American Book case, Figurewood Wardrobes. Drawing room cabinets etc. To-morrow (WEDNESDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant.


# WANTED

enthusiastic young social workers. eager to serve their JANMA BHOOMI. and prepared to rough it out in a village with Doctor Ajoy and Protima Devi who may be met, with or without appointment, at OPERA HOUSE, daily at 2-30, 5-15 and 8 p.m.

2ND GLAMOROUS WEEK
2ND GLORIOUS WEEK
A SENSATIONAL SUPER SOCIAL
SANGEET MOVIETONE'S
WONDER PRESENTATION
# Call of the Soul
OR
"HRIDAYA MANTHAN"
*Running in its*
GLORIOUS 2ND WEEK
WITH
Unprecedented heavy rush creating history in Motion Pictures.
FEATURING:—
# BAI JADDANBAI
A. HUSSAIN,
URMILADEVI,
SIDDIQUI,
BABY RANI
and Others.
AT THE CINEMA.
# MAJESTIC
*IMPORTANT*
Extra Show at
11 a.m. on
Idd Day
Daily at 5-15 & 8 p.m.
Saturday, Sunday and Holidays Extra at 2-30 p.m.

# THE EMPIRE
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
THE MOST INTELLIGENT PICTURE OF THE YEAR!
# THE CRIME OF DR. FORBES
A 20th Century Fox production
with
GLORIA STUART
SARA HADEN
ROBERT KENT
Plans Open —.— 'Phone 20286.


## AN ORGANIZATION OF WORLD PEASANTS

(Continued from page 9)

to official statistics million victims. A population of 330 millions, in spite of a high birth rate only increased by 1.2 per cent. from 1911 to 1921.

That is the situation.

WHAT EUROPEANS CAN DO

What can the enlightened and thinking peasant of Europe do? I repeat that he can understand the human aspects of the matter better than anyone. He can grasp the principles of unity and of world economy. He can then support the work of agriculturalists and of economists who have put themselves at the service of humanity for the undertaking and carrying on of works of irrigation and salubrity, sanitation, and of plans for a better economy, the whole guided by principles of justice towards every people.

I have said that works irrigation work must be carried on, for we can with legitimate pride recall that millions of hectares of land have been irrigated for wheat and cotton which, both supply the European markets and feed and clothe the Indian cultivators. At the same time it is true that irrigation and railway schemes carried out without regard for health have brought malaria and have decimated the cultivators; and where limited liability companies cannot make large profits, the tendency is to leave the land without any attempt at improvement. Railways open up world markets for the cultivators, but too often the result is that the poor cultivators are stripped of the little they set aside in case of famine; the proprietors alone have benefitted and the masses have suffered. And if the opening up of world markets tempts the cultivator by the gain he may hope to make too often this is a temptation which results in the moneylender getting a firmer hold over him than ever.' Meantime, the cultivator has gone too far in sacrificing the harvest which would have fed his family for another from which he has not known how to benefit.

I may be asked: supposing that French, Belgian, or German cultivators agree, through their labour organisations, to uphold an honest and wise policy for Asia,—in itself a difficult enough thing—how can the co-operation of the Orientals themselves be assured? Here the peasant can read, over there he can not. Here we have unions, there the masses are more or less inert. All that is true unfortunately. And as regards India in particular the cleavage between the upper castes and that of the peasants is very deep. It is true that the differences and the immutability of castes are diminishing somewhat, but only to give place to our institution of classes. In the past, every kind of exploitation was supposed to carry with it some obligation of duty on the part of the proprietor of high caste, the priest or the intellectual. To-day the proprietors and the intellectuals who are freeing themselves from the bonds of caste rarely think of fulfilling the obligations created by the new situation. As a result, the students who learn the science and the technique of Europe, the administrators who have been trained in our schools, the merchants who have fallen in with our commercial methods, too often are wanting in knowledge, in sympathy, and in desire to serve their own folk.

AWAKENED INDIA.

The inertia of the Indian masses seems so proverbial that one may be led to forget that in many regions they have made of this a real force. Led by Gandhi "Mahatma" (Great soul), they have, during the course of these last years, refused the payment of taxes. Guided by the lofty principle of 'Ahimsa'—which we might describe as Hindu gentleness sublimated to a moral principle which forbids wrongdoing and the slaying of another—they have been able to resist for long, and in many cases without having recourse to violence. At length they have been justified by the law, which lightened the burden of taxes or abolished the system of forced labour.

It may then be asked why the nationalist movement of Non-Co-operation should have failed. Let us first recall that a certain amount of autonomy has been achieved, and is progressively being achieved, so that the results can be seen to be important. But if the native politicians have themselves taken fright at national non-co-operation, it would seem to be because the most part belong to the class of landowner, administrator, or industrialist. The collective non-co-operation of the peasants was only too successful! Already the agriculturists were saying to themselves, "If we are unable in spite of our sufferings to resist the direct taxes of the State, we shall be able to resist the indirect taxes which passed on as they are by the owner, are multiplied by a thousand demands and a thousand obligations. We shall be able to resist the seizure of the usurers. By peace and for peace in our homes we shall be able to free ourselves.

Let us therefore endeavour to unite the efforts of our peasants for peace with a view to agricultural and rural co-operation which can really become universal.

## *SHRADHANAND JAYANTI*

### *Change In Date Of Celebrations*

NEW DELHI, Dec. 13.

The Secretary, All-India Swami Shradhanand Memorial Trust, Delhi, announces that, the tenth anniversary of Swami Shradhanand Balidan Jayanti ought to be celebrated all over India on December 31, according to the Hindu Calendar, and not on December 23 as previously announced.

The change of date is due to the fact that, there is a string of public opinion, of both Arya Samajists and Sanatanists of the U. P., Punjab and Delhi provinces that such celebrations should always be held on the dates according to the Hindu calendar.—United Press.

### *Election Petitions Officer For Sind*

KARACHI, Dec. 12.

In pursuance of the provisions of Legislative Assembly Electoral rules, the Governor is pleased to appoint the Chief Secretary to the Sind Government in the political department to be the officer to whom election petitions under chapter III of the said rules may be delivered.

### *A. I. Ayurvedic Conference On Dec. 18*

(From A Correspondent)
BENARES, Dec. 14.

The All India Ayurvedic Conference begins on December 18 at the Benares Hindu University.


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| Burma | .. | 24th | | 8th | .. |
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| Glasgow | .. | 14th | .. | 27th | .. |
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*Proceeding to Persian Gulf and returning Bombay on 23-11-36

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# M. C. C.'s Good Display Against Queensland

### Hammond Hits Fine Century: Match Ends In Draw

IPSWICH (Queensland): Dec. 14. The two-day match between M.C.C. and Queensland Country Eleven ended in a draw.

The M.C.C. continued their match against the Queensland Country XI this morning and, by lunch, they had raised the score to 251 for the loss of three wickets. Hammond hit a century in splendid style. He was caught by Maddern when he had scored 109.

Both Worthington, who was bowled by Cockburn at 72, and Fagg (l.b.w.), Faulkner 46 played a faultless game.

**Play After Lunch.**

Resuming their play after lunch, the M.C.C. batted cautiously and, at the end of their innings, brought the score to 406.

**M. C. C. (1st Innings).**

| | |
|---|---|
| Fagg, l.b.w. Faulkner | 46 |
| Worthington, b Cockburn | 72 |
| Hammond, c Maddern, b T. Allen | 109 |
| Ames, c Mothershed, b Faulkner | 27 |
| Hardstaff, l.b.w., b Faulkner | 22 |
| Fishlock, st. D. Allen, b Faulkner | 7 |
| Robins, c Maddern, b Whittle | 27 |
| Sims, c T. Allen, b Carr | 29 |
| Voce, c Biggs, b T. Allen | 39 |
| Farnes, b Cockburn | 0 |
| Copson, (not out) | 7 |
| Extras | 21 |
| Total | 406 |

**COUNTRY XI (Second Innings)**

| | |
|---|---|
| D. Allen b Copson | 14 |
| Cockburn c Farnes b Sims | 33 |
| Mottershead b Copson | 0 |
| Blackburn b Copson | 0 |
| Maddern c Made b Ames | 33 |
| Biggs (run out) | 11 |
| T. Allen c Sims b Ames | 23 |
| Whittle b Hardstaff | 0 |
| Carr l.b.w., b Hardstaff | 0 |
| Faulkner (not out) | 0 |
| Extras | 10 |
| Total | 124 |

## MAS D'ANTIBES WINS CUP

### Play On Fails To Reproduce Devastating Finish

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

Play On, the red hot favourite for the King-Emperor's Cup, let down his backers badly on Saturday afternoon. His latest exploits suggest that he is "played out."

C. Hoyt skilfully steered him behind Zuyder Zee, who was running ahead of the field from the start, but in the final furlong Play On failed to reproduce his usual devasting finish and was outspeeded by Mas d'Antibes and Silver Plated.

Mas d'Antibes, last year's Viceroy's Cup winner was ignored in the betting, being a 10 to 1 chance in the ring. The tote payed Rs. 176 for win.

Jockey Jones, who had the mount on the winner, was given a fine ovation on returning to the scale.

**Will Win Viceroy's Cup.**

Trainer Northmore was the most delighted man on the course and he is confident of Mas d'Antibes winning the Viceroy's Cup on Boxing Day.

Details:—

KING-EMPEROR'S CUP.—Distance 1 mile.

Mas D'ANTIBES (Nawabzada Famin-ul-Mulk) 9-3 ... Jones 1

SILVER PLATED (The Maharaja of Parlakimedi) 9-3 Percival 2

PLAY ON (Mr. A. J. Hoyt) 9-3 C. Hoyt 3

Zuyder Zee (Nawabzada Fakr-ul-Mulk) 9-3 ..... Munro 4

Also Ran:—Synagogue 9-3, Tel Asur 9-3, Irongrey 9-3, Filter 9-3, Vasiloff 9-3 and Multissimo 8-13.

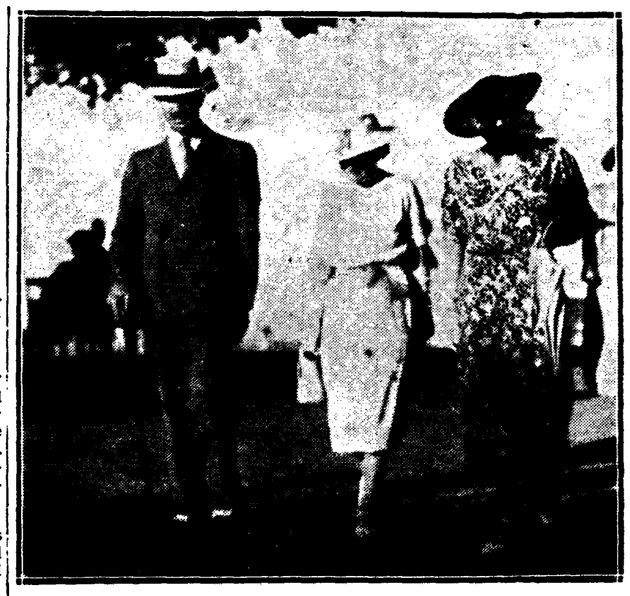
Won by 2½ lengths. ½ length, head.

Time:—1min. 40 2-5secs.

Tote paid:—Rs. 176 for win, Rs. 46, Rs. 57-8 and Rs. 15 for places.

Betting: Evens Play On, 4 to 1 against Zuyder Zee, Synagogue and Multissimo, 8 to 1 Irongrey, 10 to 1 Mas d'Antibes, 12 to 1 Silver Plated, 20 to 1 Vasiloff, 25 to 1 Filter and Tel Asur.

Winner trained by Northmore.



Lord and Lady Brabourne snapped in the members' enclosure at Mahaluxmi.

# Latest Gallops At Mahaluxmi

## Heritage II, Casino And Nassirwan Please—Swift Reynard To Be Noted

*(By Our Special Track Correspondent)*

**A number of useful gallops have been noted through the week. Horses engaged for the mid-week fixture have been sharpened up and have given satisfaction.**

HERITAGE II (Burn) was always going too well for CORCY (Simmons) in a rattling mile and a quarter gallop. Former has made great strides to improvement.

SHIVAJI THE GREAT (Britt) was comfortably ahead of VIJAYKUMAR (Obaid) and another at the end of a brisk run over the nine furlongs. Keep an eye on the first named.

CASINO (Marrable) was seen to advantage when sent a mile with Winning Post (Zensky) for company.

SWIFT REYNARD (Sibbritt) and POUGATCHEV (R. Boy) were concerned in a pace mile gallop when the former moved well enough to warrant an eye being kept on him.

WHY (Read) had the beating of JELAL SHAH (Lightfoot) in a smart run over the nine furlongs.

CASANOVA (Dillon) strode out freely and well over seven furlongs. An unlucky runner last time out.

ON TIME (Northmore) and CHEAP JACK (Mendoza) were not unduly extended in a mile gallop. Both are very well at the moment.

In a good trial over the six furlongs MYTHICAL MONK (Northmore) accounted for BASTION (Sibbritt) and SPANISH FLY (Mendoza). Bastion is fast training on.

YOUNG BACHELOR (Marrable) and CONDESCEND (R. Bell) shaped satisfactorily in a dash over the seven furlongs.

BELLE OF YORK (Gethin) pleased when sent seven furlongs.

POETRY (Britt) covered seven furlongs in fine style. Fit and well.

ROSEWATER (Obaid) did seven furlongs very satisfactorily.

FANCIFUL (Jones) had a stable companion beaten in a fast run six.

GOLDEN CROWN shaped like a fit horse in a rousing mile gallop.

HAKIM PASHA in a mile run on the grass gave satisfaction.

HUSSUN-AL-IRAQ (Dillon) beat TAIR AL IRAQ (R. Boy) when the pair contested a mile. The former champion, long on the shelf, has made notable improvement.

AZIZA (R. Boy) galloped a mile in fine style. Follow this one.

INGEL TARA (Selby) had poor company in KUMMER (Black) for a mile. Ignore former's last effort.

TURKISH PRINCE (Whiteside) held WARDAT SAMMARRA (Sibbritt) in a mile spin.

NASSIRWAN (Selby) finished more strongly than FIRPO (Gethin) in a mile gallop. Former improves at a nice rate.

In a half mile dash MAMLUK AL IRAK (R. Boy) showed up better than MUJBIL HATIM (Northmore) and Nickel (Zensky.)

GHOJ AL CA'AD (Dillon) was superior to NO LIMIT (Gethin) in a brisk mile gallop.

HOWEL (Marrable) held a slight advantage over KABAILA (R. Boy) at the end of a mile spin.

NISSIRIL IRAQ (Obaid) paced ZOZAN (R. Boy) over the nine furlongs. Former has improved in recent weeks.

THOUSAND DOLLARS (Sibbritt) showed plenty of speed for five furlongs. Will win races this season.

The following have been in good work and should be noted:—GREEK GLEN, SAIF AL IRAQ, JAWAD PASHA, SAGBAN PASHA

## EXHIBITION AND SALE OF WOMEN'S WORK

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council will organise an Exhibition and Sale of Women's Work in connection with its Annual Conference in January 1937. The main object of the Exhibition and Sale is to encourage women's industries and make them more widely known. All kinds of work done by women or girls in institutions or as individuals, and all articles in the manufacture of which women are mainly employed, will qualify for the Exhibition.

The Exhibition will be opened by Lady Brabourne on the 26th January 1937, and will continue till the 29th January. Women's Institutions and women working in their homes are invited to cooperate to make it a success.

Application forms for Exhibitors and a list of the rules may be had from the Honorary Secretary, Exhibition Sub-Committee, Women's Home Industries Depot, Meherwan Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road.

## BAR COUNCIL ELECTIONS

### Messrs. N. G. Nadkarni M. P. Amin And P. V. Kane Elected

The result of the elections for the three vacancies in the Bar Council of the High Court has been declared in favour of Messrs. N. G. Nadkarni, M. P. Amin and P. V. Kane.

Mr. Y. B. Rege and Mr. R. R. Mody were unsuccessful.

Of the successful contestants, Mr. Nadkarni and Mr. Amin are from the Original Side and Mr. Kane from the Appellate Side.

On the basis of votes secured, Mr. Kane should stand first in the elections, but according to the regulations, he has to yield the place of honour to the highest among the Original side candidates.

The elections took place on Friday out of about 2,300 voters on the rolls, more than half recorded their votes.

## FAMOUS WRESTLERS FOR LUCKNOW

### All-India Championship Tournament To Be Held At Exhibition

(From "Chronicle" Correspondent)

LUCKNOW: Dec. 12.

A strong and influential committee, including Mr. Gwayne, the Raja Sahib of Jehangirabad, supervised by Mr. Zafar Omar and other well-known sportsmen, has organised an All-India Wrestling Championship Tournament, at the Lucknow Exhibition.

Gama, the veteran Heavy-Weight Wrestling Champion of the World, together with other famous wrestlers from various parts of India have arrived in Lucknow. Gama will either give demonstration of scientific wrestling with his "chellas" (pupils) or assist in judging the contests every Sunday, until the last day, January 31, 1937.

Imam Bux, Gama's younger brother and Heavy-Weight Wrestling Champion of India will either meet Kraemer of Germany or Ali Beg the "Terrible Turk II" of Turkey, if any sportsman guarantees substantial amount to the winner.

On December 20, when H. E. the Governor will witness the wrestling some of the "star" Indian wrestlers will be matched with the foreigners.

The following "Pahlwans" will wrestle in the Tournament:

INDIANS:—Pahlwans Chota Gama, Imam Bux, Hameeda, Sadiq, Puram Singh, Sardar Khan, Adha and many others.

FOREIGNERS:—Kraemer (Germany), Koscis (Rumania), Ali Beg (Turkey), and possibly one Australian and one American.

On the opening day, December 6, a series of exhibition bouts were staged, before a distinguished gathering, with a programme of fifteen contests.

## Umpires Committee, Bombay Provincial Hockey Assn.

FURTHER APPOINTMENTS, BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE 1936-7.

Tuesday, 15th December, at the Reclamation at 5-10 p.m., between Customs A. C. and "Times of India". Umpires Mr. T. E. McKenzie and Mr. N. J. S. Baria.

Tuesday, 15th December, at the Association at 5-10 p.m. between B. B. & C. I. Rly. "A." and Lusitanians "A" Umpires Mr. C. E Rodrigues and Mr. H. S. Lynn.

Wednesday, 16th December, at the Association at 5-10 p.m. between G. I. P. Rly. Stores and Y. M. C. A. Umpires Mr. C. A. Peters and Mr. R. E. Fairman.

Thursday, 17th December, at the Association, at 5-10 p.m. between G. I. P. Rly. Parel and Armed Police Umpires Mr. P. A. Fernandes and Capt. J. M. Lee.

Thursday, 17th December, at the Reclamation, at 5-10 p.m. between Radio and Cables and Indian Telegraphs. Umpires Mr. L. X. Toscano and Mr. A. C. DeSouza.

Friday, 18th December, at the Oval, at 5-10 p.m. between W. H. Brady & Co. and B. P. T. Sports. Umpires Mr. F. X. Fernandes and Mr. O. Ernest.

Friday, 18th December, at the A. F. (I.) at 5-10 p.m. between Bombay Battalion and R. I. N. (Depot). Umpires Mr. B. Sollis and Mr. E. H. A. Moulton.

Saturday, 19th December, at the Association at 4 p.m. between Y. M. C. A. and Parsee Cyclists. Umpires Mr. J. Pais and Mr. M. Daniel.

Saturday, 19th December, at the Association, at 5-10 p.m. between Bombay Tel. Coy. and G. I. P. Rly. Parel. Umpires Mr. N. C. Nagporewalla and Mr. S. A. Ranganatham.

Saturday, 19th December, at the A. F. (I.) at 5-10. between 3rd R. E. A. F. (I). and B. B. & C. I. Rly. "A". Umpires Mr. S. H. Mehta and Mr. J. Pinto.

Sunday, 20th December, at the A. F. (I). at 4 p.m. between Urban Infantry and Dadar Parsee Colony. Umpires Mr. M. J. Carasco and Mr. W. A. Baptista.

Sunday, 20th December, at the Association at 4 p.m. between V. J. Tech. Inst. and Havero Sports. Umpires Mr. R. D. Kertawalla and Mr. A. E. J. Sharpe.

Sunday, 20th December, at the Association at 5-10 p.m. between Lusitanians "A" and Bombay Tel. Coy. Umpires Mr. M. C. Kapadia and Mr W. Cobbett.

Karachi: The Jacobabad police arrested a burly Pathan in the vicinity of the market and on search being made a loaded revolver was alleged to have been found from his possession. He is being sent up for trial under Arms Act.

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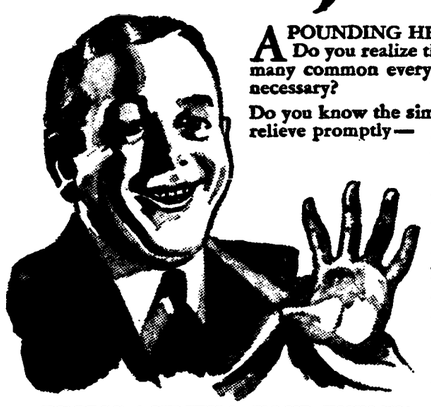

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If you have any difficulty in obtaining it from your local chemist or store, write to Martin & Harris, Ltd., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

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# TO-DAY ON RADIO

### Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.), GSB 9.51 Mc/s (35.55 m.).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Talk: "Foreign Affairs." 7-45 The BBC Empire Orchestra. 8-45 The BBC Dance Orchestra. Directed by Henry Hall. 9-20 Serial Play: "Cue for Adventure. Episode 2." 9-50 Light Orchestra. 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 A Programme of Gramophone Records.

### Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

11-30 a.m: Light Music. By Vinayakrao Harshe. 12-0 noon: Been Solos. By Lakshmanrao Chawan. 12-30 p.m: Gazals and Qwalis. By M. M. Hashim. 1-0 p m: A Selection of Records. (Columbia). 2-0 p.m. Talk (English): "Mysore." By Adi K. Seth. (Relayed from the Rotary Club of Bombay). 6-0 Music from Filmland. (From the Capitol Cinema). 6-30 "For Children Only. By Aunties Marion & Zena. Talk: "The World's Longest Air Race." News: "The King Opens Parliament." Songs. Stories. Poetry. 7-0 A Studio Concert. By Mendoza and his Orchestra. 7-30 Talk (English): "Cooking without tears: Xmas confectionery." By Hilda Flanders. 8-0 The Orchestra (Contd). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 The New Light Symphony Orchestra. 9-30 Talk (English): "Flying in India." By N. Vintcent. 9-45 The News. 10-0 A Recital of South Indian Music. By Lalita Venkatram with her Veena.

### Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc/s.

8-0 a.m: Indian Music recorded. 9-0 a.m: Talk (Hindustani): "Foundations of Indian Music" No. 7. Conclusions. By Rafique Ghaznavi. 9-15 a.m: AIR Orchestra. Bengal. 9-25 a.m: Mrs. Bina Roy. Bhajan, Thumri and Dadra. 9-55 a.m: Asad Ali Khan. "Adhar dhar murli Nand Kumar." Khayal Pancham. "Ras ke bhare tore nain." Thumri Bhairvin. 10-15 a.m: Mohammed Hashim. "Chashm-i-makhmur ka andaz dikha dete hain." "Bin pilate hue matwala bana dete hain." "Uzr unki zaban se nikla." "Teer goya kaman se nikla." (Dagh). 12-30 p.m: AIR Orchestra C. Barwa. 12-40 p. m: Asad Ali Khan. "Eri mai piya ke milane ko." Khayyal Bindrabani Sarang. "Dil aur tahayya-i-tarki-khayal-i-yar kare, "Kis yakin ho kaun is peh itebar kare." (Hasrat). 1-0 p.m: Mohammed Hashim. "Apne deedar ki hasrat men tu mujh ko sarapa dil kar de," "Har qatra-i-dil ko qais bana kar zarra ko mahmil kar de." 1-10 p.m: Mrs. Bina Roy. Khayal and Thumri. 1-30 p.m: "A Merry Mixture." 5-0 p.m: 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 p.m: 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 p.m: AIR Orchestra B. Marwa. 5-30 p.m: Mohammed Hashim. "Lab hon sakut ashna dil men khayal-i-yar ho," "Usko khabar ho ya mujhe koi na razdar ho." "Ae dil-i-jan-i-ashiqan rukh se niqab utha bhi de," "Bada kash-i-alast ko mast-i-alast ko mast-i-ada bana bhi de." (Haya). 5-50 p.m: Nat Kalyan On Sarangi. 6-0 p.m: Asad Ali Khan. "Ham to janam na chhandungi." Asthai Kamod. "Mad bhari mohini mag mag jat." Thumri Nehag. "Woh but dil men mehman hua chahata hai." "Naya din-o-iman hua chahata hai." 6-30 p.m: Mohammed Hashim. "Charahgar ham hosh men aenge kia tadbir se," "Aql diwani nahin bandhen jise zanjir se." (Dagh). 6-40 p.m: Rageshwari on Sitar. 6-50 p m: A Chorus. "Chhail chala re man bansri wala." 7-0 p.m: "For Villagers Only" (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.). 8-0 p.m: Talk (Hindustani): "Workers of India". No. 16. Durvan. By Rashid Ahmed Siddiqi. 8-15 p m: Mrs. Bina Roy. Khayal and Thumri. 8-35 p m: Asad Ali Khan. "Wae kaban kal ho." Khayal Jai Jai Vanti. "Mad bharo jobana." Thumri Khammai. 8-58 p.m: AIR Orchestra A. (My love for you can never change). "Mujhe tum se ab tak mahabat wuhi hai." 9-15 p.m: 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m: 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m: Talk (English): "Traveller's Tales". No. 10. Impressions of East Africa. By K. P. S. Menon, Additional Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department. 10-0 p.m: Imarat-i-Nau. THE JUBILEE OF NEW DELHI. (15th December 1911 to 15th December 1936.)

### Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6.109 kc/s.

12-36 p.m. SB Francisco Casanova and his Spanish Orchestra. (Relayed from Firpo's Restaurant). (By kind permission of the Management). Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Religious Talk: "Ganeabataran." By Ram Ratan Vvakaranatirtha. 2-6 A Programme of Gramophone Records. Kanak Das. Tagore Song. Parul Sen. Bhajan. Anima. Light Classical. Uma Basu. Folk Song. 2-36 Talk: "Wonders of the Human Body." By Bishnu Sarma. 2-51 Instrumental Music. Dilruba by Suresh Chandra Chakravarty. Letters and Riddles. Mythical Stories of Greece. "Hercules" by Mejdidi. Bengali Song. Sheila Halder. Duet. Rani Bhattachary and Bina Ghose. Humorous Story. Shivram Chakravarty. 6-6 Music Lessons by P. K. Mullick. 6-36 "Rabindra Giti-Basar." Performed by the Artists of the Tagore School of Music. Organized by Anadi Kumar Dastidar. Artists: Hena Barari, Kalyani Sarkar, Shibani Sarkar, Jova Das, Bilava Das, Madhuri Dey, Rabindra Nath Bose and Saktindra Nath Bhattacharjee. 7-36 Clarionet Solo. By Rajen Sircar. 7-51 Kheval. Malkosh By Punyajyoti Bhattacharya. 8-6 SB Talk: "A Citizen of no mean City." No. 3. Civic Calcutta. By Amal Home, Editor, Calcutta Municipal Gazette. 8-21 SB Film Songs by K C. Dey (Blind Singer). 8-41 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali.) 8-46 SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 SB The News and Announcements. 9-21 SB Talk (English): "European Music." No. 5. Music in the 18th and 20th Centuries. By Karen Hvaler, L.T.C.L. 9-36 SB A Studio Concert. Hazel Rees. Soprano. Edgar Cleaver and his Darjeeling Gymkhana Club Orchestra.

### Phohi Programme

(Wevelength, 15.00.16.30, 19.71 m. Wavelength 24-00-1-30, 31.28 m.)
HAPPY PROGRAMME.

### Java Programme

7-00 Light Music. 8-00 Classical Concert. 9-00 Talk on cooking. 9-30 Popular programme. 10-30 Nirom Orchestra. 11-20 News. 12-00 Dance music. 12-20 News. 16-00 English lessons for beginners. 16-30 Light music. 17-00 News. 17-20 Songs by the children of the Dutch Chinese School. 17-50 Piano recital. 18-10 Religious talk. 18-30 Concert by Nirom Orchestra 19-30 gram. records 20-00 Dance music. 20-30 Gram. music.

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Asansol: The annual Leper Day organised by the Leprosy Relief Association of the Asansol mining settlement area for the year 1936 has resulted in a collection of Rs. 11,500 as against 10,000 collected last year

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(Continued from Col. 5)

rights on sections 4 and 6 of the Indian Insurance Act.

His lordship in the course of his judgment observed that the Indian Life Insurance Act or any other law does not confer any preferential rights on policy holders. His lordship therefore held that the claimant stood in the same position as other creditors.

## *CHARGED WITH STABBING*

### *Youth Ordered To Be Released On Bail*

Arrested on a charge of stabbing, Pala Harkar, was put up before the Presidency Magistrate, 5th Courth, Dadar, on Monday.

It was alleged that on the night of Friday 11 the complainant and the accused, both sweepers, attended a wedding at Arthur Road. Having been on bad terms for some time they had an argument. The accused left the premises after uttering a threat to the complainant.

About two hours later, he is alleged to have returned with a pen-knife and without any warning stabbed the complainant on the back. He was arrested by witnesses and was handed over to the police.

He was ordered to be released on bail till December, 21.

# Hereditary Managing Agency System Condemned

## Govind Ballabh Pant On Imperative Need Of Industrial Development Of Country To Democratise Industry

Pundit Gobind Ballabh Pant, who was mainly responsible for improving the Companies Amendment Bill in the Assembly, last session, at an entertainment given to him at Vile Parle, restated the attitude of the Congress towards Indian industries and their development in a democratic way. He condemned the hereditary managing agency system, which has brought ruin to Bombay's cotton mill industry.

The Pandit on rising to speak was lustily cheered and in remarkable speech cleared "a little misapprehension in certain quarters in regard to the Congress attitude" towards the promotion of joint stock enterprise in this country.

The Congress, he said, stood for the adjustment of interests and relations between different groups and individuals, but in the case of the Companies' Act there was no conflict of interests involved. The shareholders after all represented a certain class of capitalists in the country and whatever the Congress Party in the Assembly did was with a view to promoting the development of industry in the country, which was the victim of exploitation.

He was glad to see that the industrial magnates did not lose sight of the fact that the world to-day was working for democracy in industry as much as in politics. The reasons for that were plain enough

Industrial development depended on industrial efficiency and purchasing power and unless those in charge of industry could run it on economical and efficient lines and unless the consumer had the purchasing capacity to utilise the output of the factories established by the industrialist there could be no real industrial advance in the country.

**Stimulating Interest.**

It was, therefore, necessary to stimulate industrial spirit in the masses, by which every individual might regard the industry as a joint concern, not of a few adventurers but as his own. It would stimulate spirit to invest his savings on the one hand and the desire to raise his standard of living on the other. By means and in virtue of his investment in industrial enterprise his purchasing power would be increased.

In order to do that, faith, integrity and honesty must be given the greatest importance. The speaker had always held that industrial classes in the country could surpass all other civilised countries in their innate honesty and integrity.

But, so far, the general mass had been inert and placid. For purposes of industrial regeneration one had to harness leadership in industry to the general mass and the common run of people so that from such an alliance it might be possible to make strides in that field.

**Irksome Heredity.**

Unless such a spirit was introduced in the land, genuine industrial progress would not be achieved and that was really the background on which the Congress amendments to the Bill were moved.

Referring to the managing agency system prevailing in the country, the speaker strongly criticised the system of heredity as being irksome and risky, since the success of any concern solely depended on confidence, enterprise and industrial efficiency and capacity of such an agent.

He suggested that it was imperative in the interests of the industrial development of the country to democratise industry and make use of that system only to the extent it could conduce to the growth of industry in public interests.

Finally, he paid a tribute to the leader of the Congress group and his 44 comrades who unceasingly worked for the improvement of the Companies' Bill which came out in a better form than it was when it was originally introduced.

# AROUND THE COURTS

Verdicts of death by homicidal fracture of skull during the communal disturbances in the City were recorded by the City Coroner, to-day, at the inquests held on Sheikh Ali Sheik Inus at Gokhale Road, Dadar, on October 18 last, on Dilwarkhan Ismailkhan at Elphinstone Bridge on October 17 last and on Mahomedkhan Mustakalli on the same day at Elphinstone Road.

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A 15-months old child sustained scalds when a tea-cup containing hot-tea slipped from its mother's hand on December 9 last

Abdul Gani Sheik Lal, father of the child gave evidence before the City Coroner, to-day.

"Death by accident," was the verdict returned by the Coroner's Jury.

---

Nine persons were arrested on the charge of receiving race-bets on Saturday last at the Mahalaxmi Race-Course.

The names of the arrested persons are: Narayanji Shivji, Karsandas Vishram, Pragji Narayanji, Avzalkhan Sadukhan, Dost Mohommed Peermohommed, Khudadakhan Gulzarkhan, Lukhmanji Shamsuddin, Ali Hussain Abdul Hussein, and Asgarali Tyebali.

All the accused were placed before Mr. W. K. Mankar, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day, and were ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 250, or in default to be remanded to custody for a week.

**Another Race Bets Arrest.**

Framroz Mancherji, a 45-year-old Parsi, was arrested on Saturday night by the Lamington Road Police. It was alleged that he was accepting race-bets at Charni Road.

He was placed before the Girgaum Police Court, to-day.

The Magistrate ordered him to be released on bail till December 28.

---

"The plantain rind was carelessly thrown on the road by someone, who had no regard for the safety of his fellow-citizens," was the rider recorded by the City Coroner, to-day, at the inquest held on Mahadoo Trimbak (80), who slipped his foot off a plantain skin and died last evening, when he was on his way to Round Temple to say his prayers.

It appears Trimbak slipped and fell down on December 6 last. He sustained abrasion on the right thigh.

Without minding the pain, the old man wended his way to the temple, prayed there for some minutes and returned home—and thought no more of the fall.

This was the evidence given today by his son before the City Coroner.

Two days later, however, pain returned to his thigh with greater intensity and necessitated his removal to the G. T. Hospital.

Medical evidence showed that the old man had sustained only a simple fracture which had developed into Hypostatic pneumonia, notwithstanding all possible medical treatment.

Last evening he died in the hospital.

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A bundle of new alluminium utensils, that was being carried by a man, aroused the suspicion of the police, and led eventually to the discovery that an alluminium shop had been broken open and property valued at Rs. 175 had been stolen.

In asking for the remand of Mohamed Fakir Mohamed. The police stated at the Girgaum Court to-day that he was carrying a bundle of utensils at Doctor Street It was alleged that when challenged by the police he threw down the bundle and took to his heels. He was, however, chased and arrested.

Subsequently it was discovered that an alluminium shop in the locality had been broken open and property valued at Rs. 175 had been removed.

The property recovered from the suspect is valued at Rs. 27-8.

Pending furthear inquiries the suspect was remanded to police custody till December 28.

## *POLICY HOLDERS' SUIT*

### *No Preferential Claim*

Mr. Justice Kania at the High Court decided an interesting point arising from the liquidation of the Peninsular Life Assurance Co. Ltd.

The point before the Court was whether the claimant Mahomed Pyar Mahomed could be regarded as a preferential creditor in respect of the life policy of his deceased father. The deceased had insured his life with this company, and his policy had matured before the company was taken into liquidation.

(Continued in Col. 3.)


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THE RATE OF INTEREST WILL BE 2-1/2 per cent on the monthly minimum balance from the 16th December, 1936,

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C. H. DIVANJEE,
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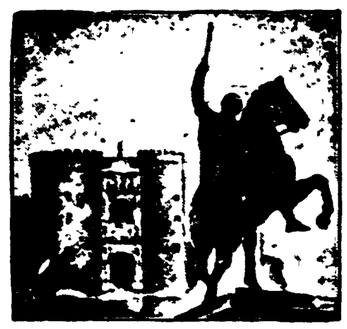

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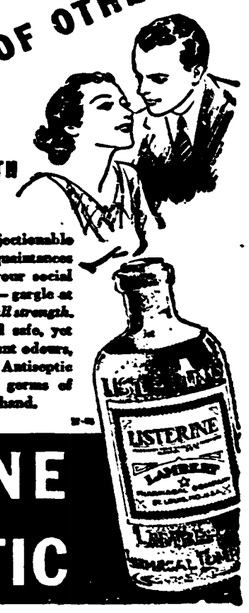
### KEEP YOUR BREATH PURE, SWEET

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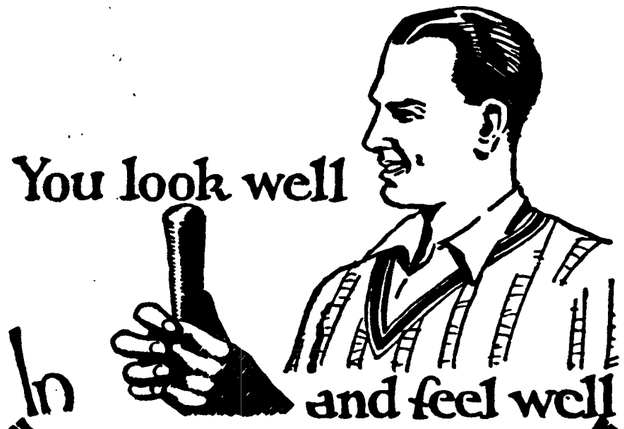


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# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day.

Hindu: Magsar Shud 2, 1993
Muslim: Ramzan 30, 1355
Parsi Tir 10, 1306
Bombay Engineering Congress, C. J. Hall, 3 p.m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

Improvements Committee.

### Wednesday, December 16.

Ramzan-Id: Public holiday.
Banks closed.

### Domestic Occurrence

BARETTO—Months Mind Mass at 8-0 a.m. at Salvacao Church, Dadar, on Wednesday the 16th instant for the Soul of Esperance, late wife of David Baretto of Wadala. Friends and relations please accept this only intimation.

ASTHIKA SAMAJ

"Dhanurmasan Giripradakshinam" will be conducted by the Asthika Samaj for one month commencing from to-morrow (Wednesday) at 5-30 a.m.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS

The general body meeting of the Bombay National Guards will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) at 7 a.m. sharp, at the Congress House.

ROBERT MONEY SCHOOL

The Centenary Sports of the above school will be held at the School to-morrow (Wednesday) at 4 p.m. The Rev. Dr. J. McKenzie will preside and give away the prizes. Tea will be served at 4-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Steamer 'Clan Ross' arrived Suez on Friday evening, December 11.

Steamer 'Clan Macphee' left Liverpool on Saturday morning, December 12.

The outward P and O mail steamer 'Kaisar-i-Hind' with the mails from London of 3rd instant arrived at Aden at 5 a.m. on the 13th idem and left there at 9 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Thursday the 17th instant.


THE EXCELSIOR

AT 6-30 & 10 P.M.

JOHN LODGE

In W. Somerset Maugham's

THE TENTH MAN

A forceful drama that offers grand entertainment.


## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"The Tenth Man" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Girls' Dormitary" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Manzil" Daily at 2-15, 515, and 8 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Here's To Romance." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi" Daily at 2-30, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
PATHE—"Swing Time" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Chhaya" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.
KOHINOOR—""Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
THE EMPIRE—"The Crime of Dr. Forbes" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.
KRISHNA—The "Awakening" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manmohan" Daily at 2-45, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
PLAZA—"Little Colonel" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Call of the Soul" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.

BHATIA GENERAL HOSPITAL

The opening ceremony of the new building for the Bhatia General Hospital, Tardeo Road, Chikhal Wadi, will take place on Thursday, 17th December, at 5 p.m. (S.T.). Seth Mathuradas Vissanji will perform the ceremony.

DELAY IN RAWALPINDI KASHMIR TELEGRAMS

Owing to general breakdown of lines between Rawalpindi and Srinagar (Kashmir) all telegrams are subject to delay between those places.

SWAMI SHRADHANAND ANNIVERSARY

To celebrate the sacred memory of Swami Shraddhanand, a meeting will be held at the Bombay Arya Samaj Mandir, Girgaum, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. when several speakers will address. The whole week from 16th to 23rd will be observed as 'Shradhanand Week.'

MR. JINNAH'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of the Muslim Students' Union, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, will give a public lecture on "The Policy of the All-India Muslim League", today (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Union Hall, Bhavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty. Mr. Haroon R. Sayani will preside.

'IDD' DINNER

An 'Idd' Dinner to be followed by Quawali (Indian music) has been arranged on Saturday, December 19th at "Gulshanabad", Padder Road, Bombay, at 8 p.m.

Subscription for members is Rs. 2-4 and for non-members is Rs. 3.

Those desirous of participating are hereby requested to apply to the undersigned on or before Tuesday, 15th December, 1936, at the office of the Union at Bhavatsky Hall.

Luisa Palazzini, the leading artiste of the Italian Opera Co., at the Capitol.

## "AG-GADI" INTERPRETS Unpretentious Live Environment

By Our Own Dramatic Critic

The intellectuals who staged the "Ag-Gadi," the play by Syt. Chandravadan Mehta, on Saturday at the New Era School marked their optimism with more than academic enthusiasm. The small platform and hall of the School improvised as stage and auditorium, the unpretentious narration of the incidents from life of the railway workers, the neighbourly feelings aroused in the back-waters by the callous high-handedness of the tin-gods of the railway cosmos culminating in stork, benumbing, tragedy brought the theatre closer to the fundamentals of dramatic vitality. The lighting was positively helpful and the sets were clearly indicative of the bare essentials, unburdened by exotic "isms," which emphasised, not hindered, the smooth unfolding of the tragic story.

Seldom have I seen such a high average of acting on the Indian amateur stage as the one I witnessed on Saturday evening. I would therefore hesitate to make individuous distinctions. Thoughtful as the arrangements of lighting and sets had been they were only supplementary subordinate to the atmosphere and drama evoked by the disciplined players. That intelligent discipline and co-ordination was the tribute the company of intellectuals who assisted Syt. Chandravadan Mehta deservedly born.

Syt. Chandravadan Mehta, as "Bhaiyaji," Syt. Dhansukhlal Mehta, as "Ag-walla," Srimati Sarla Desai, as "Rukhi," the disconsolate and helpless woman, the miscellany of passengers, Syt. Jitubhai as "panwalla" and particularly the two young roughians who travelled without ticket—all played their part. The original script was not the play produced on the modest stage. It was edited, both by the players and the police. And, it is complimentary to suggest that the players saw to it that the drama did not suffer. The topical gags were pleasant improvisations. It is to be hoped that at no distant date "Ag-Gadi," the play so intimately revealing the daily life of the railway workers. Syt. Chandravadan Mehta has taken the right step forward in the drama of realities. His colleagues, all of them have taken the right step forward in helping him.

## CHANGE OF FILM At Capitol

The reputation of Nino Martini as a singer of outstanding merit and richness of timbre is now definitely established. When he was recently heard in "The Gay Desperado" people were more than thrilled, nay charmed by his magnificent singing. And now the management of the Capitol are again reviving his other picture "Here's to Romance" specially for the Id-holiday. In this film he sings the leading arias from "Manon," Cavaleria Rusticana, "La Tosca" in addition to other popular songs. "Here's to Romance" will be screened for 3 days from Tuesday December 15th with three shows daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

## TO-MORROW'S IDD PRAYERS

### Elaborate Arrangements At Esplanade Maidan

Idd Prayers will be offered at Esplanade Maidan on Wednesday, the 16th instant at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

Loud speakers and Mandap for guests and visitors will be installed as usual.

Elaborate arrangements will be made under the supervision of the members of the Anjumane Tablighul Islam, Bombay.

The Egyptian Delegation also will attend the prayers.

## CONGRESS CANDIDATE FOR BOMBAY COUNCIL

The General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Congress Parliamentary Board announces:

The President of the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee has approved of the nomination of Sjt. Manekchand Ramchand Shah as a Congress candidate for the Bombay Legislative Council from Sholapur-cum-Belgaum-cum-Bijapur General Constituency.

## FOR BOMBAY ASSEMBLY

Khan Bahadur Abdul Rehman Taher, J.P., Honorary Presidency Magistrate, will stand for the Bombay Legislative Assembly from North Mahomedan Constituency.

## DR. JAMSHED MANEKJI UNVALA'S PUBLIC LECTURES

Dr. Jamshed Manekji Unvala, Ph.D., Ancien Eleve de L'Ecole du Louvre Paris, the well-known scholar of Avesta, Pahlavi, Numismatics and Archaeology, who is connected with the French Archaeological Mission at Susa, is now in Bombay on his way from Paris to Iran. He will deliver the following two lectures under the auspices of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, at the Institute premises, Sukhadvala Building, Hornby Road, at 6 p.m. (S.T.):

TO-DAY (TUESDAY)

1. "Notes (a) on Vases with Aramaic, Syriac and Arabic Inscriptions discovered in Iran; (b) on Inscriptions from the Fire-temple of Baku; and (c) on Inscriptions from Derbend and on Graffiti from Bamiyam in Afghanistan."

ON THURSDAY, THE 17TH DEC.

2. "Numismatic Notes with references to the religion of the Parthians and specially to the cult of Anahita."

Two more lectures will be delivered by him under the auspices of the Rahnumai Mazdayasnan Sabha as under:

ON FRIDAY, THE 18TH DEC.

1. "Results of the last season's excavations at Susa with a special reference to bronzes of the 25th Century B. C. and their relations to Louristan bronzes."

ON MONDAY, THE 21ST DEC.

2. "Seals of Sassanian dignitaries; Onomastics."

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed registered and unregistered mails for Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai per s.s. 'Conte Verde' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 p.m. on Tuesday the 15th instant and 9 a.m. on Wednesday the 16th instant respectively.

Registered and unregistered mails for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and Shanghai via Negapatam will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 and 4 p.m. respectively on Thursday the 17th instant.

# IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

### "From Baltimore To Balmoral"

"Romance, revolution and tragedy all in one!" That is how the Mayor of Bombay described the incident that shook the British people only last week. The 'dramatis personae' in this moving and unique drama are a king and a lady charming. The central theme is the conflict between Love and Throne. In this particular event, it is the reality that gives poignancy to the entire drama and is quite unlike the stage presentation of imaginary plots welded together to give a stage effect for the entertainment of the auditorium. The romance is the love of ex-King Edward VIII for Mrs. Simpson. The revolution and tragedy are combined in the abdication and retirement into obscurity of one who might have been the greatest of kings in modern times. The event is without parallel in history and, therefore, has attracted unprecedented world attention and aroused varied and conflicting emotions in human hearts

### Story Of Mrs. Simpson

Who is this lady,—Mrs. Simpson, —for whose love ex-King Edward gave up his mighty throne? The life story of Mrs. Simpson is announced to be out in print in the next few days. The world has been told many aspects of the love story, but very little of the lady herself. Laura Lou Brookman has written a book which gives the life story of the lady who made the King of England, to quote the Bombay Mayor again, "the greatest lover of our times." "From Baltimore to Balmoral" is how the book is titled, according to telegraphic information received by the New Book Company who immediately conveyed the information to their clients. A large consignment is expected in Bombay in the course of a fortnight and according to present calculations, the book is expected to cost about Rs. 3-8-0.

## TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

Some time next year, most of the Suburban Municipalities will be holding their election and this I think ought to be an ideal opportunity for the public to question their representatives who come forward for re-election, as to what they did for their respective wards during the last term. Were they mere dummies who attended meetings, or did they represent their ward in the thorough sense of it?

For there are many wards that saw very little or no improvement during the last term. Suburban Roads have many a times been the subject of my comment but very little improvement has been done. Nearly every road in the Suburbs is in a very deplorable condition, and the rut of the roads is not only a menace to the pedestrians but also to all kinds of traffic.

In Bandra there are many such roads, Bhoiwadi Road, starting from Bandra railway station to Ghodbunder is a road which is supposed to be a short cut and is made use of by nearly all the pedestrians going in the interior. The very rut of this road creaks under one's feet, and makes walking a difficult task.

Khar, Santa Cruz, Vile Parle, Andheri, Kurla and Thana, have quite a number of roads that belonging to the same category as Bhoiwadi, but one wonders how a road like Juhu which finds a crowded traffic during the whole year should be neglected to such an extent. If the popularity of Juhu is to increase as a pleasure resort, the improvement of this road should be taken in hand immediately.

CONCERT AT ESMAIL COLLEGE

On Sunday evening a very enjoyable and successful concert was held in the Ismail College at Jogeshwari. This concert was in aid of the Marathi Literary Union of the College.

This union I understand was founded by Marathi speaking students of the college in 1933. This union maintains a Marathi library and organises lectures, debates from time to time in which prominent Marathi scholars take part.

This concert was held to supplement funds for the upkeep of this union as subscription are not sufficient to carry on this enterprise.

## CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

### Public Meeting At Bandra

Under the auspices of the Bombay 'G' Ward and Suburban Districts Joint Election Committee, a public meeting of the citizens of Bandra will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. in Marwadi's Chawl Square on Bazar Road, Bandra, when Mr. Keshavrao Jedhe M.L.A., and Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A. as well as the two candidates of this Constituency Messrs. B. G. Kher and D. N. Wandrekar will speak on the coming elections to the Legislatures. Mr. K. F. Nariman the well-known Congress leader of Bombay has kindly consented to preside. All are requested to attend.

## BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE TO KING GEORGE

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay has sent the following telegram to His Majesty the King Emperor on his accession to the Throne:—

"On behalf of the Government and people of the Bombay Presidency I humbly offer our deepest loyalty to Your Majesty and to Her Majesty the Queen on your accession to the Throne and our most heartfelt good wishes for Your Majesties long life, prosperity and happiness."

## A Physical Culture Demonstration

A correspondent writes:

On Sunday last, at the Sir C. J. Hall, the pupils of the S. K. P. C. Institute under the directorship of Prof. Sheshappa, gave an instructive demonstration of super-balancing feats and various other extremely interesting items of physical culture. The Hall was fully packed.

Mr. Kharas, who presided on the occasion, expressed his great appreciation of the performance and presented three medals to two advanced pupils and one each to a boy and girl whose work he liked best.

He also gave a donation of Rs. 51 to the Funds of the Institute.

## Nizam's Silver Jubilee Exhibition Abandoned

According to a Hyderabad communique the Silver Jubilee Exhibition Board under the presidentship of Walasham Prince Nawab Muazzam Jah Bahadur decided at their meeting that the Exhibition will not take place and the Exhibition Board has therefore been dissolved.

## Khuddamul Muslemeen Relief Committee

The Secretary, Khuddamul-Muslemeen Relief Committee writes:—

Our Committee's president, Mr. Aboobaker Beg Mohamed, and Secretary, Mr. Allarakhia Abba (Aalaya Seth) interviewed the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay with a view to arrange patrolling guards near the mosques mentioned below during the time of Ramzan Id prayers.

The Deputy Police Commissioner has promissed to make the necessary arrangement so that Muslims may offer their prayers peacefully.

We request all Muslims to keep peace and order and to make the coming holidays a success.

(1) Sattad mosque, (2) Mapla mosque, (3) Zakaria mosque, (4) Hamidia mosque, (5) Banian Road Khatri mosque, (6) Jamli Mohalla Shafai mosque, (7) Jooma Masjid, (8) Chakla Street mosque, (9) Dongri Basar mosque, (10) Dongri near Char Null mosque, (11) Wadi Bunder near Bridge mosque, (12) mosque near Noorbag, (13) Ghorapdev near Victoria Cross Lane mosque, (14) Byculla near Sita Nivas mosque, (15) Byculla Mandiwali mosque, (16) Delisle Road mosque, (17) ooo. Khatera Mill mosque, (18) Bhawani Shanker Road mosque, Dadar, (19) Dadar Wadi wali mosque, (20) Parel Fakirs Takia mosque, (21) Lalwadi Chamdawali mosque, (22) Kala Chawki Molvi Khairudin mosque, (23) Chinchpokli Hakim Baker Ali's mosque, (24) Thakurdwar Mangalwadi mosque, (25) Karelwadi mosque, (26) Sonapur mosque, (27) Kazi Madi Kabrastan mosque, (28) all mosques of Kamatipura, (29) Chatni Mohalla mosque, (30) Tardeo near Tram Depot mosque, (31) Narialwadi Sunnat Jamat Kabrastan mosque, (32) Dharavi mosque, (33) Khadak Khoja Sunnat Jamat mosque, (34) Islampura mosque, (35) Idga Maidan Esplanade Road, (36) Masjid Bander Road and Samuel Street, Corner mosque, (37) Chinch Bunder Road Khoja Jamat Khana.

## Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi For Surat

The Hon. Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, Minister of Local Self-Government, left Bombay for Surat on Monday, December 14 and will return on January 4.


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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1936

# ZANZIBAR CLOVE TRADE

The Government of India have at last been able to publish the report of Mr. D. H. Binder, who was deputed by the British Colonial Office to enquire into the Zanzibar Clove industry after the promulgation of the Clove Trade Decrees which threatened to ruin the Indian settlers in the island. The Report was submitted to the Colonial Office several months ago, but for inexplicable reasons it was forwarded to the Government of India only last week, some days after it was published in Zanzibar. Government have, therefore, to publish it without their own conclusions on the subject. As the Report is very disappointing from the Indian point of view, it is well in a way that the Government have not committed themselves to any conclusions in haste. They should, before formulating them, fully consider the views of the Indian community in Zanzibar on the Report.

## *Unjust Decrees*

It is necessary for the reader to know first the circumstances in which Mr. Binder was deputed to make an enquiry. The clove industry in Zanzibar has been built up largely by the Indian settlers and is now one of the chief sources of prosperity to the island. The exports of clove form 25 per cent. of the total exports of the island, and 40 per cent. of the former are used by India. Most of the buyers and exporters of the commodity are, or rather were till very recently, Indians. And as several Indian residents also worked as bankers, about 20 per cent. of the clove lands came to be mortgaged to them. With the avowed object of restricting speculation in the industry, of stabilising prices, of ensuring a fair price to the poor indigenous growers, and of preventing the passing of clove lands into the hands of non-agriculturists the Zanzibar Government issued several Decrees about two and a half years ago the cumulative effect of which was to threaten to drive Indians entirely out of the clove trade and to prevent the alienation of lands to Indians. One of the decrees appointed a Clove Growers' Association which obtained a virtual monopoly of the trade and usurped all the advantages laboriously won by the Indian settlers. Mr. K. P. S. Menon, I.C.S., who was deputed by the Government of India to make a first-hand inquiry into the working of the Clove Decrees, said of the Association: "The Association, backed by the resources of the State, enters the field of trade in direct competition with and in suppression of existing traders for the purpose of eliminating Indian traders from the clove business." Another Decree provided that no person could export cloves from the Protectorate without obtaining a licence from the Licensing Authority, which was no other than the Clove Growers' Association, and the fee for such a licence might amount to Rs. 5,000 per annum. Very few of the Indian exporters could expect to obtain a licence from this interested body or afford to pay such a high fee. The Government of India suggested some modifications of the Decrees, based on Mr. Menon's recommendations and asked for a further enquiry if those modifications were not acceptable. The modifications were not accepted by the Zanzibar Government and the Colonial Office, accordingly deputed Mr. Binder to make a fresh enquiry.

## *No Relief*

Mr. Binder substantially supports the Decrees but suggests in the interests of Indians that (1) Indian middlemen may be employed by the Association as its buying agents, (2) that the Government should be the Licensing authority, (3) that the licence fee should be reduced, (4) that two representatives of exporters should be appointed on the Advisory Committee of the Association, and (5) that restrictions on land alienation should not involve racial discrimination. We fear that even if the modifications are accepted by the Zanzibar Government, they will in practice give but little relief to Indians. In any case they hardly do justice to Indians, who have built up the clove industry and conduct it with great profit to the Protectorate. It is to be hoped that the Government of India will continue to press the claims of Indian residents on all the authorities concerned.

# School Of Art Exhibition

On Saturday, the Mayor will attend the private view of the exhibition at the Sir J. J. School of Art. The exhibition is, for more reasons than one, of importance and value to those in the Presidency and the country who have been eagerly watching the rise of the younger generation of Indian artists. The exhibition, which the Mayor will formally open on Saturday, is not to be confused with the usual exhibition of students' work arranged annually at the School. This exhibition differs from the annual show in aim, scope and character. The sale proceeds of the exhibition are to be used for founding a scholarship to enable poor students to prosecute their studies in the School. Moreover, the exhibition is meant to be illustrative definitely of the reconstructive policy of art in Western India with which Capt. Gladstone Solomon's name has been associated. There will, therefore, be many exhibitors who, once students of the School, are now professional and distinguished artists, artists whose works have won recognition, here and abroad. It will, consequently, be marked out as, in essence, retrospective. Such opportune review of art achievements and aspirations is necessary. For, it cannot be disputed that the School of Art, during the last fifteen years and more of Capt. Gladstone Solomon's regime, has been uplifted from the "slough of despond" which at one time threatened to encompass it. The exhibition should, therefore, secure the attention and support of everyone interested in the advancement of Indian art.

# The Pity Of It

The head of a Christian Church is expected to possess the Christian qualities of justice and charity. The Archbishop of Canterbury has displayed neither in his broadcast tirade against the ex-King. To accuse the Duke of Windsor of seeking happiness "in a manner inconsistent with Christian principles of marriage" is to misrepresent the Christian principles of the Church of which his Grace is the head. And then, on the basis of this misrepresentation, to seek to damn the ex-King by saying that he abandoned a trust owing to a craving for private happiness is reprehensible. The Archbishop of Canterbury is no doubt a revered defender of Imperial prestige but was he justified in denying the ex-King ordinary justice, let alone Christian charity? His Grace is reported to have called the British nation to "religion." In the context of his Imperial attitude and his un-Christian propagandist broadcast, one wonders what "religion" means. And one wants to exclaim "The pity of it, oh, the pity of it," but in a sense entirely different from that of his Grace.

## *FROM ACROSS THE SEAS*

### *Gleanings From The World Press*

(By Our London Correspondent.)

Among prominent people who have been invited to see "The Green Pastures" are George Bernard Shaw and Ramsay MacDonald. It will be MacDonald's first visit to a cinema since his eye operation. He says he is unable to stand the glare. When the invitation reached Shaw he said, "I will go to see the picture but not at night; 9-15 is no time for octogenarians who ought to be in bed."

**Taxation Arithmetic**

Mr. Neville Chamberlain has now replied to Mr. Touche, M.P., who sent him a baffling tax assessment form received by one of his constituents.

The form contains ten items in minus and plus, the former in red ink and the latter in blue. It gives the amount of assessment at £2 10s, deducts £2 10s. as an allowance, and after various calculations makes the net tax payable £3 12s. 6d. The recipient of the form, Mr. Touche, and expert accountants had been unable to understand it. Even now that Mr. Chamberlain has "explained" it Mr. Touche is little wiser.

"I am afraid it must be admitted that it looks complicated," says Mr. Chamberlain, "but that is because it is a formal statement of a complicated process, namely, the withdrawal of allowances which had been granted to the taxpayer but had subsequently proved to have been excessive. The notice would have been more easily understood by the taxpayer if it had borne some reference to the previous assessment, the effect of which it was designed to modify, and some indication of the nature of the items contained in it, but I think I should mention that the accountants acting for the taxpayer have been given explanation of the additional liability, so that in practice they should have no difficulty in recognising that this was the formal statement of that liability."

Borrowing a phrase from Mr. Groucho Mary, we can only add that a child of four could understand the explanation ("Send out for a child of four, because I cannot make head or tail of it.")

**Remember Wife's Birthday**

One of the innumerable circulars which come before the holidays caught the attention of a fellow journalist. It was headed by two questions in large type and red ink. They were:

When is your wedding Anniversary? Have you forgotten your Wife's Birthday?

There followed a simple way of ensuring that never again would our journalist's wife look reproachfully at him on their wedding anniversary, and/or his mind be taken away from an important business discussion by the thought that he left home in the morning without wishing her many happy returns. All he has to do is to fill in a form and post it with a remittance to a gentleman who will remind him two clear days before these and other anniversaries.

Husbands recently embarked upon matrimony should find him useful. Older navigator, upon that sea may be deterred by the fact that the change from forgetfulness to thoughtfulness is likely to cause wives to ascribe it jealously to other reasons than the right one.

**Dr. Isaac Herzog**

Rabbi Dr. Isaac Herzog, who has been elected to the Chief Rabbinate of Palestine, was born in 1888 in Lomza (Poland). In 1897 he went with his parents to Leeds, where his father was Rabbi for many years. He studied theology, modern languages, mathematics, and Semitics at London University. The old Rabbi Herzog later received a call to Paris, where he acted as Rabbi till his death a few years ago.

Dr. Isaac Herzog, who gained a reputation as a Talmudic scholar while still very young, and who is noted for extreme orthodoxy, remained in England. He has been associated with the Mizrachi (the orthodox wing of the Zionist organisation) and was elected Rabbi of Belfast in 1915, and four years later he was called to Dublin. In 1925 he was appointed Chief Rabbi of the Irish Free State. An industrious student, he is now generally regarded as one of the leading Jewish scholars of the day. He declined a call to Paris some time ago, and also refused an important position in the United States. The appointment to the high office in Jerusalem of a Rabbi brought up and educated in England is of significance.

**Royalty And Romance**

The guests at Archduke Hohann Ball, given by the Austrian Minister in London, were dressed in Austrian peasant dress. Whether they were conscious of it or not, they were celebrating the

(Continued on Page 12 Col. 6.)

*Our European Letter*

# Nazi-Japanese Pact

## "In The Service Of European Culture And Civilisation"!

(From Our Own Correspondent)

PRAGUE, Dec. 4.

The German-Japanese Pact, the conclusion of which has just been announced, is at present very much in the forefront of discussions in Europe. There is closer attention to the move as an item in a combination of developments. The German-Japanese Pact follows closely the step that marked agreement for closer German-Italian co-operation. It again is understood to be followed by an agreement between Italy and Japan. The Pact between Berlin and Tokio is given out as one to fight communism. The published text underlines the idea of combating communism and refers to various forms of co-operation for the purpose. The second article of the protocol states of the competent authorities of both States taking "severe measures against those who at home or abroad are working directly or indirectly in the service of the Communist International or who further or promote the harmful work of this International." This is taken as a declaration of wide significance. The introduction of the word "abroad" and the reference of "severe measures" against those who "indirectly," "further or promote," the work of communism, according to comments in different centres, imply possibility of wide interpretation and an extensive range of action. Apart from this, there is strong opinion in various centres, that the terms of the Pact go beyond the published ones.

### *Announcement In Berlin*

The formal announcement of the Pact was made in Berlin to the foreign diplomats at a special meeting convened for the purpose at the Foreign Office, and to the foreign journalists, by Herr Boettiger, head of the press department of the bureau of Ribbentrop. At the former meeting, a conspicuous absentee was the Soviet Ambassador, to whom, it is understood, no invitation was extended. There is also considerable comment in the European Press of the Pact being signed on the German side by Herr von Ribbentrop who is the German Ambassador in London and not by the Foreign Minister, Baron Neurath. Ribbentrop receives a special prominence on account of the confidence he is known to command of the German Chancellor, Herr Hitler. He is also held as a keen exponent of the line for Germany securing a freer hand in regard to Eastern Europe. Herr Boettiger concluded his announcement with the following words:—"We have come to this agreement in the service of European culture and civilization. This agreement is of great importance." Some papers in other European centres write that humour perhaps is not lacking in the linking of "European culture and civilisation" to an agreement with a non-European Power. They had that it is much in line with the association of Moorish troops in regard to the Spanish struggle on the side of the insurgents. Japanese diplomacy, less loquacious, it is thought, probably has attention well in connection with the Pact on the aim of extending hold over China.

### *British Position*

British attention has been considerably aroused by the German-Japanese Pact. This is bound, on one side, with care to the tendency that lately expressed in the direction of German-Italian understanding in the background of uncertainty, still linked with the Mediterranean, and, on the other side, with concern about Japanese expansion of her hold on the Asiatic mainland. British position simultaneously is divided between an antagonism to Soviet Union and an apprehension connected with longer estimates under conditions of German and Italian aims. Pressure from many sides continues to beat against the hesitancy or halt behind this. Germany is aware of the Pact causing care in London and in Berlin much attention is being cast to appease British opinion. The Berlin daily "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung," that stands close to the German Foreign Office, in a leading article writes, about "a second war not taking place between Germany and England" and states:—"No move in our foreign policy will ever be directed against England's vital interests, though it is not always possible to bring each stage in unison." It is of course known that with Herr Hitler understanding with Britain is a dominant idea, and as his volume "Meim Kampf" indicates, close association with Italy is viewed much in the scope of such an understanding. But the weight of rapid German military expansion, internal rigour of Germany, British care for other currents involving a restraint, forces released from other sources, all imply also prospects of modifications and extensions or alterations of speculations and estimates. British position in general is one of added care and also increased import.

### *French Reaction*

In France, the view is greatly held that the German-Japanese Pact goes beyond the announced text. It is considered that it "undoubtedly contains" other and secret clauses. Speaking three days back at a public meeting and indicating well that he held in view the new Pact and German-Italian advances in certain directions, the French Premier, M. Blum, declared:—"Whatever one may say of France, the fact stands that France is, with the exception of Soviet Union, still the most powerful military factor in Continental Europe. Her naval strength in the last few years has been steadily increasing and her Air Force about which many rumours have appeared is at least equal to any other in Europe. We shall strive to strengthen our contacts. With increased rights the workers have become more patriotic. If it is necessary, the entire nation will rise like one man to defend its freedom and independence." Much attention is paid to the fact that the tone is one rarely known as adopted by the present Premier. The reference to navy is viewed as bearing greatly on the Spanish situation. The German-Japanese Pact probably will contribute to retention of care to French agreement with Russia. The relation with Poland is of closer attention and according to latest reports arrangements have been completed for a French loan (a sum of 2.6 milliards of Francs is mentioned) to Poland. It will be remembered that the issue of the loan

(Continued on page 10 Col. 4)

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**FASCIST POWERS' "NO".**

Britain has received the reply to her note regarding mediation in Spain. Russia responded favourably, but Italy, Germany and Portugal have given discouraging replies, that is, they have declined the British proposal. The replies of the Fascist Powers are reported to be in identical terms which shows the intimate nature of their co-operation in international Fascist affairs. The German reply—and we may take it that Italy and Portugal have answered in similar terms—blatantly refers to "the brutalities of the other side". These Powers, having recognised the "National Government," any understanding with the other party, to them, "would appear hardly conceivable." Lost to all sense of international decency and truth these Fascist Powers helped and recognised Franco and must continue to do so because the final defeat of Franco would be fatal to their prestige. They are concerned only for Franco's victory and to that end their resources must continue to be at his disposal. Their attitude is intelligible enough. But now that the Fascist Powers have replied, will France and Britain do the honest and straightforward thing at long last?

**PAN-AMERICAN PACT.**

The Pan-American Peace Pact is essentially the extension of the Monroe Doctrine and another step in the progressive march of the imperialism—a more subtle and more modern variety—of the U.S.A. It converts the two America's, excluding Canada, into a kind of Commonwealth of American Nations under the leadership of the U.S.A. which is by far the most predominant partner. The Pact may guard against dangers of War, but it can do so in practice only under the decisive direction of the U.S.A. From the broader international point of view it has a two-fold immediate significance. It separates America from the rest of the warring world—whether for good or evil is yet to be seen. And it weakens the League of Nations—if it can possibly be weakened further.

**GIDNEYISM AT WORK.**

Mr. Gidney, the Home Member of the North-Western Frontier Province, has, in his now famous speech, already explained the peculiar logic on which administration in that Province is conducted. Subsequent actions of the bureaucracy, along with those which Mr. Gidney defended in his classic speech, have furnished ample illustrations of that. And they also fully reveal the central motive of the Frontier Government. The extension, therefore, of the operation of the Frontier Regulation Act to the Bannu district is not surprising. All the powers possessed by the bureaucracy must be pressed in service, of course, in the name of "public safety." But the voters in the N.-W. F. Province know what exactly is it that is regarded "prejudicial to public." In fact, Mr. Gidney has himself proclaimed it. And we have no doubt that the voters will give Mr. Gidney the appropriate answer at the forthcoming elections.

**A GROWING MENACE**

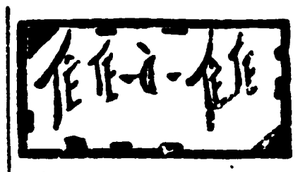
It is reported that about a hundred Congress volunteers marching to Pallathur in Madras were arrested and confined in the police lock-up on Sunday, not for any actual breach of law, but for fear they might aggravate the disturbance of some kind that had taken place at Pallathur the night before. If the facts are as stated, we fear that the practice of tampering with men's liberties on mere suspicion is becoming too common in India, and that is itself a grave menace to law and order in a just sense of the term. We do not know if the reported arrests have anything to do, directly or indirectly, with the forthcoming elections. But we know full well that the Congress election programme will be helped, rather than hindered, by any high-headed restrictions imposed upon it by officials of any description

**STUDENTS & COMMUNAL PROBLEM.**

In his lecture on Students and the Communal Problem delivered on Saturday under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Conference Committee Mr. M. C. Chagla ruthlessly exposed the many evils of communalism in politics. "It was a sacrilege," he rightly remarked, "to make religion a political badge." But the evil is there and is spreading insidiously thanks to the wretched system of communal electorates foisted on the country. However, the pertinent question is how the evil is to be eradicated. The right remedy is for the nationalists in every communal electorate to unite among themselves and with the nationalists of other communalists on the basis of kindred economic and political interests. Students, being disinterested and highly responsive to great national ideas, can do much in this essential and urgent work.

**THE ONLY WAY**

Mr. C. F. Andrews, who sailed for England on Saturday, has given an assurance that he will do all he can to bring the question of the sufferings of Bengal before the British public. Bengal's wrongs are so great and so persistent that we are sure that Mr. Andrews can make out a very strong case against the local Government and also the Government of India. But we doubt if his well-meant protest can by itself do any good. He may also be trusted to plead once again the cause of Indians overseas, with special stress this time on the gross injustice done to Indians in Zanzibar. But in this respect also his may be a cry in the wilderness. Effective protests in India by Indians in a body can alone secure any justice for Bengal, for Indians overseas and, indeed, for the Indian nation as a whole. Mere resolutions, however, even by the Congress, will not suffice.



**RUSSIA TO COFY LONDON,**

So said a headline, but before we could register amazement, the eye caught the next headline and we were gratified to discover that it was only about traffic signal lighting.

* * * *

"King Edward VIII," declared the Archbishop of Canterbury authoritatively, "received from God a high and sacred trust."

Which was—duly?—taken away from him by His Grace and Mr. Stanley Baldwin.

* * * *

The ex-King's search for happiness, said his Grace, was "in a manner inconsistent with Christian principles of marriage.."

It is probably the prerogative of his Grace as the Head of English Protestantism to interpret the Christian principles of marriage.

* * * *

"How" asked his Grace with deep emotions of Christian charity, "can we forget the high, hopes of promise of Edward's youth, his genuineness, his care for the poor, the unemployed..?"

His own speech is the best answer.

* * * *

The Primate, we note, concluded with a striking call to the Nation to religion.

The spectacle of the leaders of the nation, noble lords and Hon'ble M. P.'s rushing, for instance, to Church on Sundays will indeed be strange and unique.

* * * *

By the way, some of us have still been wondering what it was all about, how it happened and why. But we need wonder no more. Everything has been clearly explained with the Liberal lucidity of the Leader of Allahabad. In one word it is—"Karma."

There is emphatically no other solution, because no one, concerned in the crisis, is to blame. In fact every one, according to our contemporary, behaved splendidly.

* * * *

And since every one, King, Cabinet and the British Nation behaved splendidly and, therefore, the "Karma" cannot be attributed to any one, we can only "acount for" the whole tragedy "by reference to unknown causes with their roots in the unseen past."

And there you are

* * * *

But our contemporary too has behaved splendidly in the crisis. Here is the great extract:—

There is something great in the King, in the British Monarchy, in the British people. In the very manner of his going King Edward VIII has shown his great regard for his people and his country, while the people have equally shown how rich is their public character and how well they deserve their pre-eminent position among the peoples of the world. We salute both King and people with the greatest respect.

You may, yes, yes, you may well ask whose "Karma" is this salutation with the greatest respect? The answer is: we can only account for it by reference to unknown causes with their roots in the unknown past.

* * * *

**TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.**

**Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.**

(1) As a gesture of friendly collaboration and ideological solidarity with Germany and Italy, Japan has decided to render all assistance to the Chinese rebels who have revolted against Nanking and General Chiang-Kai-Shek.

(2) A domestic constitutional crisis has arisen in Bori Bunder over the question of attitude towards the ex-King.

* * * *

Under the new Pan-American Fesce Pact, when the peace of American republics is menaced there will be an obligatory consultation with the object of promoting peaceful co-operation.

And if the consultations do not proceed as desired, there are the U.S.A. Warships cleverly hidden in the background.

* * * *

Germany innocently accuses "the other side" of committing "brutalities" against her proteges, the Spanish rebels.

We seem to recall some similar accusations made against Abyssinia by Italy. And Italy got away with it all in the end.

So will Franco and his hordes and patrons with the generous "neutrality" of Eden and Plymouth.

# What Really Started Constitutional Crisis

## King's Intervention On Behalf Of Depressed Areas

**The British mail papers to hand during the week-end throw releaving light on the crisis which has now ended in the denouement of King Edward's abdication.**

**It appears the constitutional question had its origin not in the King's marriage plans, as has been sought to be made out, but much earlier over the question of relief in depressed areas.**

**Practically every paper now received raises that issue—and British journals would avoid the issue till developments had travelled a fairly good distance and could no longer be kept secret.**

**It will be remembered that the King, deeply concerned over the harrowing depression and unemployment in South Wales and other areas, visited those places on his own initiative, mixed with people in a manner rarely done before and came back to press on Baldwin and other Cabinet members the urgency of relief.**

### Hallowed Cobwebs

"I would like to have seen Mr. Baldwin's face," writes the Marquess of Donegoll in the "Sunday Dispatch," "when he received the news in Glasgow that the King had summoned Mr. Percy Malcolm Stewart, the "shelved Commissioner of Special Areas."

"As for the Cabinet, I am told that they spent quite an uncomfortable time, chasing themselves in small circles in an effort to decarbonise themselves enough to catch up with the Monarch. No, wonder the King's 'advisers' go round shaking their heads and speculating as to which hallowed cobwebs will be the next to encounter his duster.

**Constitutional Issue.**

The political correspondent of "Sunday Dispatch" wrote: "I understand that His Majesty has asked to be kept informed of any developments in the Cabinet plans. The King will have important conferences with his Ministers within the next few weeks."

The King "has already dismissed the position of the South Wales and on the spot with Mr. Ernest Brown (Minister of Labour) Sir Kingsley Wood (Minister of Health) Sir George Gillett (Special Areas Commissioner) and Mr. Malcolm Stewart, the retiring Commissioner" wrote the Political Correspondent of the "Sunday Express."

Raising the constitutional issue he says, "the King can act only through his Ministers, but it is quite constitutional for him to apply a 'spur' to them, if he thinks fit."

**Shock For Ministers.**

"The members of the Government must have experienced extreme mental discomfort," writes "John Bull," "when they learned that the King on his arrival in South Wales—had summoned to dine with him Mr. Malcolm Stewart, the retiring Commissioner for the Special Areas—retiring because all the proposals he made from first hand knowledge for the salvation of the managed industrial distincts have been ignored and frustrated by Mr. Baldwin's Government.

The "Sundry Referee" went further than many other journals in discussing the constitutional issue and stated:

"King Edward promised South Wales" I will, do something for you. Many people wonder what powers a modern King has to take active part in ruling the country. Actually he has powers equal to those of the greatest dictator—though few of them have been exercised for many reigns.

"Though King Edward would never dream of doing so, he can disband Parliament, refuse to allow it to meet again, and prevent any of its bills from becoming law. He can declare war on any country—or make peace. He can even disband the armed forces."

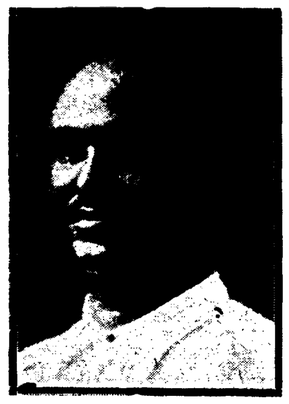
**Not So Friendly With Baldwin.**

This was written at a time when the British public were in almost complete darkness about the marriage proposals but the "Referee" refers to this question, also, in saying "His privileges include the right to marry any commoner, thereby raising her to royal status."

Other British journals refer to the question in a similar stream, the whole tending to show that the King was not quite so friendly with Baldwin and that the constitutional question had arisen much earlier—on a political and not a private issue.

## HARIJAN CANDIDATES ON CONGRESS TICKET FOR SCHEDULED CLASS SEATS

Mr. Baloo Babaji Palwankar to contest from "E" and "F" Wards Seat



Mr. Sawlaram Goondaji Songaonker to contest from Bombay City North and Bombay Suburban District Seat

Mr. E. H. Cheadle another member of the Railway Enquiry Committee from Africa arrived on Saturday.

# "Edward Sought Private Happiness"

## Archbishop Rebukes Those Who Belong To Alien Social Circle

LONDON: Dec. 14.

"King Edward VIII received from God a high and sacred trust", declared the Archbishop of Canterbury in a broadcast address.

"With characteristic frankness he told us the motive for surrendering that trust. It was the craving for private happiness.

Strange and sad it must be that for such a motive, however strongly it pressed upon his heart, he should have disappointed hopes so high and abandoned the trust so great.

Even more strange and sad that he should have sought his happiness in a manner inconsistent with Christian principles of marriage and within a social circle whose standards and ways of life are alien to all the best instincts and traditions of his people.

Let those who belong to this circle know that to-day they stand rebuked by the judgment of the nation which loved King Edward.

How can we forget the high hopes of promise of Edward's youth, his genuineness, his care for the poor, the unemployed and his eager service at home and across the seas.

It is remembrance of these things that wrings from our hearts the cry: "The pity of it! Oh! The pity of it!"

The Archbishop of Canterbury concluded with a striking call of the nation to religion.—Reuter

a special sleeper allowing none of the passengers near it.

The British Minister in Vienna was on the platform, but, no representative of Austrian Government was present.

The Duke of Windsor, dressed in black winter coat, trimmed fur collar and dark red woollen scarf, looked quite well.

The Duke after proceeding through the Imperial waiting room suddenly turned back and invited photographers to come along and take pictures.

The party then returned to the platform where the Duke willingly submitted to the crossfire of flashlights and cameras before departure.—Reuter.

## *CROWN IS MORE THAN A LINK*

### *King's Message To Lords And Latter's Reply*

LONDON, Dec. 14.

A brief message from the King to the House of Lords was delivered by Lord Cromer. Lord Chamberlain, in which the King said:—

"I succeeded to the throne in unprecedented circumstances and at a moment of great personal distress".

Lord Halifax moved the address in reply. He said that the Crown was more than a link between all parts of the Dominions. It was the actual sum and expression of all the manifold diversity of persons and interests in the whole Commonwealth. There had been opportunities recently for the Crown and the people to realise the underlying strength of this unity between them.

Lord Crewe, Lord Snell and Lord Canterbury supported the motion which was carried unanimously.

The address in reply expresses the House's devotion to the King and Queen and assures His Majesty of its conviction that his reign will safeguard the liberties of his country and promote the prosperity and contentment of his people.

The King's message adds:—"I resolved to do my duty and I am sustained by the knowledge that I am supported by widespread goodwill and sympathy of all my subjects here and throughout the world. It will be my constant endeavour with God's help, supported as I shall be by my dear wife, to uphold the honour of the realm and promote the happiness of my peoples."

**IN COMMONS.**

A message in the same terms presented in the House of Commons by Mr. Baldwin and read by the Speaker was warmly cheered.

Mr. Baldwin moving the address in reply, which was in the same terms as in the House of Lords and which was adopted unanimously, said what would endear the King to people would be the fact that more than any of his brothers he resembled in character and disposition of his father. He had the same devotion to duty. Whatever might happen to him, no personal predilections of any kind would stand between him and what he conceived to be his duty, namely, to fulfil his great task as King Emperor.—Reuter.

## EDWARD WELCOMES PRESSMEN

VIENNA: Dec. 13.

The Duke of Windsor arrived at 1-05 p.m. and drove off immediately in Baron Rothschild's private car for Enzesfeld.

As the train drew to the station the police threw a cordon round

## *No Official Birth-day Functions*

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Hundreds of congratulatory messages from all parts of Empire and world have reached King on the occasion of his 41st birthday to-day.

Beyond firing Royal salutes and flying Union Jacks, the birthday was not officially celebrated. This has been deferred by the King's desire until next year.—Reuter.

## *No Broadcast At Christmas*

LONDON, Dec. 14.

It is officially announced that King will not broadcast at Christmas.—Reuter.

## *"SCENE" IN NAGPUR MUNICIPALITY*

### *President Adjourns Meeting As Protest Against Member's Conduct*

(From Our Own Correspondent)

NAGPUR: (By Mail)

A 'scene' was created in the Nagpur Municipal Committee. when the President adjourned the meeting held on Saturday last, as a protest against the conduct of one of its members.

Mr. P. M. Naidu moved that a grant of Rs. 250 should be paid to the Abhyankar Memorial Library. Mr. M. Bhaskerrao Niyogi, Vice-President, said that they had made a grant of Rs. 125, which the budget permitted. Mr. Naidu asked the members not to oppose the grant of Rs. 250 in the name of the late Mr. Abhyanker.

When Mr. Samiullah Khan, President, wanted to take votes on the proposal, Mr. Naidu, speaking to the Chair, used an expression to which Mr. Niyogi took exception and asked Mr. Naidu to apologize. Mr. Naidu, however, declined to do so and, as a protest against his conduct, the President adjourned the meeting.

## *BRITISH SOCCER MATCHES DRAW*

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Following is the draw for Football Association Cup matches, third round, to be played on January 16.

Manchester United V. Reading.
Wolverhampton V. Middlesbrough.
Bradford V. Derby.
Cardiff V. Grimsby.
Brentform V. Huddersfield.
Crewe or Hartlepools V. Plymouth.
Bury V. Queenspark Rangers.
Walsall or Yeovill V. Barnsley.
Westbromwich V. Spennymoor.
Notts Forest V. Sheffield United.
Portsmouth V. Tottenham.
Millwall V. Fulham.
Everton V. Bournemouth.
Chesterfield V. Arsenal.
Chester V. Doncaster.
Sheffield Wednesday V. Portvale.
Luton V. Blackpool.
Preston V. Newcastle.
Blackburn V. Accrington.
Westham V. Bolton.
Astonvilla V. Burnley.
Chelsea V. Leeds.
Dartford V. Darlington.
Wrexham V. Manchester City.
Southampton V. Sunderland.
Bradford City V. Southend or York.
Swansea V. Carlisle.
Bristol Rovers V. Leicester.
Norwich V. Liverpool.
Coventry V. Charlton.
Stoke V. Birmingham.
Walthamston or Exeter V. Oldham.

## "CANTABS" GO "RED"!

### Elect Communist Secretary And Vote Arms Supply To Spain

CAMBRIDGE, (By Air Mail).

The Cambridge Union Society carried a resolution condemning the foreign policy of the Government by 164 votes to 101. It was clear from the tone of the debate that Cambridge under-graduates were overwhelmingly in favour of supplying arms to the Spanish Government. Not merely Socialists and Liberals but even some of the Conservatives deplored the present policy of the Government.

The proposer of the resolution, Mr. R. L. Miall of St. Catherine's College, said the foreign policy of the Government seemed to be to re-arm as fast and as heavily as it could and let "the other fellow" unleash the dogs of war, whenever and wherever he chose. He was supported by Mr. G. Ridley, Labour M. P., for Clay Cross, who said the world wanted collective security. It was the failure of the present Cabinet to uphold that policy which had led to the armaments race.

The Society elected by an overwhelming majority the millionaire Communist, Mr. Michael Whitney Staright, of Trinity College to the Secretaryship of the Union. This is the first occasion that the Union has elected an avowed Communist to the position of Secretary, which means that he becomes in turn Vice-President.

Mr. Michael Whitney's mother is the present wife of Mr. E. Elmsirant, who has made large donations to the Santiniketan University.—United Press.

# "INSPIRATION TO US IN OUR CIVIC WORK"

## Madras Corporation Present Address To Ahmedabad Ex-Chairman

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

Before a packed House of Corporation Councillors including three lady Councillors and some European members Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was presented with a civic address by the Madras Corporation this afternoon. The decoration of the House included National Flags along with the Union Jack.

On entering the hall Sardar Patel was greeted with shouts of "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai." Prominent among those present were Mr. Rajagopalachariar, Mr. Satyamurti, Mr. Muthranga Mudaliar, Mr. R. K. Bashyam, Mr. K. Santhanam and others.

**THE ADDRESS.**

After garlanding Sardar Patel and presenting him with a silver casket Mr. Bhaktavatsalam, Deputy Mayor, read the civic address of which the following is the full text:—

"We, the Mayor of Madras, Aldermen and Councillors of the Corporation of Madras, as representatives of the inhabitants of this city, offer you our hearty welcome on the occasion of your visit to our city. You will be glad to know that since the Corporation had the honour of welcoming you seven years ago, its constitution has been enlarged, and it now claims to be a more democratic body though the "adoption of the ideas of complete local autonomy and local responsibility have yet to be achieved.

**TRIBUTE TO HIS SERVICES.**

"We have followed with keen interest and genuine pride your career and we note with satisfaction the success that has attended your activities. We take this opportunity of paying our tribute to your personality, your devotion and your tireless efforts in the noble task you have undertaken for the political, social and economic elevation of the teeming millions of this vast country of ours.

"We are aware of your great and abiding interest in municipal and civic work; your presidentship of the Ahmedabad Municipality is still gratefully remembered by the people of that City. It will be of interest to you to know that we have on hand schemes for clearing slums, housing, improved water-supply and provision of better roads. The municipalisation of public utility services is also one of the items of our programmes. We have to put these into operation at the earliest opportunity. Your presence among us to-day will be a source of inspiration to us in our civic work.

"We feel proud of your record of public work and we wish you a happy stay in our midst and hope you will carry away pleasant memories of your visit to our Province.

**SARDAR'S REPLY.**

Replying to the address, Sardar Patel said politics in India was not a pleasant job. It was a troublesome task but municipal administration was otherwise. It was adding comforts to the daily life of ctizens and administrators could go to bed peacefully in the comfortable belief of having done some service everyday to people. It had great fascination and he liked it very much.

Proceeding Sardar referred to the recent resolution of the Corporation reducing the salary of its officials and said it might create some trouble for them for sometime. Not that Government would interfere but they would find difficulty combined with efficiency and economy in the administration. But it was criminal, declared Sardar, in India that extravagant salaries were drawn by high officials inspite of poverty while in other countries, as Japan, without sacrificing efficiency small salaries were paid to high officials.

Concluding, Sardar Patel said Congress members were in the Council in majority. People expected much from them and it was their duty not to belie their expectations.—United Press.

# Congress Victory Assured In Ahmedabad

## Municipal Party Strengthened: Independents Fall Out: Wage-Dispute Not Settled: Cloth Market Steady: Cricket Carnival: Governor's Visit

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

Cold weather has commenced in right earnest, but the maximum temperature goes up to 93.4 with the minimum at 62.7. The dry season in these days is very pleasant in Ahmedabad except for smoke in the evening which brings about throat and chest troubles. The mortality figures in the week ending on Thursday last went up to 230 which shows a death rate of 31.25 per thousand. Meningitis was responsible for 1 death, typhoid for 1 and consumption for 17.

**WAGE-CUT DISPUTE.**

The wage-cut question has not yet been settled and the arbitrators, Sheth Kasturbhai Lalbhai and Mahatma Gandhiji, discussed the question at Wardha but could not agree and the question will therefore be referred to a Sur-Panch. It is said that Principal A. B. Dhruva who is relied upon by both parties will be requested to act as final arbitrator and his decision will be taken as binding upon both the parties. Meantime, workers in 7 mills are on strike on account of reduction in wages and the Labour Union has been working hard to find work for the unemployed and to distribute doles to those who have to go without work. The mills are working in part by taking up other labourers, but it is hoped that the final decision of arbitration will settle the whole question.

**CLOTH MARKET.**

The cloth market has remained steady during the week. Demand for cloth in up country markets has gone down to a certain extent, but most of the local mills have sold off their goods and have also sold in advance and they are, therefore, in a position to quote higher rates, merchants in up country markets hesitate to pay these higher rates, but as godowns have mostly been cleared up, the market promises to be steady at least in the near future.

**CCNGRESS GAINS STRENGTH.**

The new Municipal Board will have its first meeting on Saturday, the 19th inst., when the President and Vice-President will be elected and the terms of their offices will be fixed. The elections of Chairmen and members of Sub-Committees will be taken in hand in another meeting at a later date. In the new Board these are 21 members elected on the Congress ticket and the 3 Harijan members have joined this group. The 10 elected Mahomedan members have also written to the whip of the Congress Party expressing their readiness to cooperate and with the Party in all matters in the Board. Besides this Mr. Manekial Bhogilal elected from Shahpur ward has signed the Congress creed and has joined the Party. Thus there are 35 members in the group already and it is said that some three or four more members are thinking of casting in their lot with the Congress Party.

**INDEFENDANTS FALL OUT**

The independent members tried to form a party under the lead of Sjt. Dolatram. U. Shah, but as they could not agree in their objects and as the elected Mahomedan members refused to join them, their efforts have all been fruitless and members drop off from their group by ones and twos and the remaining members also are unable to come to any definite understanding or to have a definite programme. The Congress Party will thus continue to have the upper hand in our municipality and it is said that the Party proposes to put up Mr. Manilal Chaturbhai Shah who led the Board as Vice-President in the absence of the President, Mr. G. V. Maulanker in 1933-34 and who worked very energetically as Chairman of the Standing Committee in the expiring board will be put up by the Party for the Presidential chair. Sjt. G. V. Mavlanker and Sjt. Balvantray Thakor, both of whom have been at the helm of Municipal affairs for good periods, will help Sjt. Manilal's candidature and one of them will in all probability be elected vice President. They are Congress candidates for the Provincial Assembly and the Party thinks that it is in the best interests of the municipal administration of the City that they should help Sjt. Manilal and leave the presidential chair to him. Next Saturday will decide the question at least for the time being.

**CONGRESS WILL SWEEP BOARD**

The Assembly and Council elections are exciting some interest in the city as well as in the district. Sjt. G. V. Malvanker and Sjt. Balvantray Thakor are Congress candidates for the Assembly elections from the City and it is said that Sjt. Jadavala and Dr. Manekial think of being independent candidates for the Assembly. Sjt. Hariprasad P. Mehta and Sjt. Bhogilal Lala are Congress candidates from the district and Prof: Swaminarayan who has not been accepted as Congress Candidate goes about to see his own chances although he signed the pledge and promised not to come out as a candidate if he was not selected by the Parliamentary Board. Voters in the City and the district seem to be firm in their support of the Congress candidates and it is almost certain that none of the independent candidates will have any chance in the elections. Shrimati Vijayagavri Kanuga is a candidate for the Assembly from the Ahmedabad women's constituency and so far it seems that she will be elected without any contest.

**CRICKET.**

The cricket carnival which was over on Wednesday last created an amount of interest in the City and large crowds that collected on the college grounds for six days showed the interest that the City takes in the game. Sjt. Amarsing's batting and bowling were very effective against Sindh and the victory of Jamnagar was mainly due to him. In the match of Gujarat vs. Jamnagar Sjt. Harimali showed good form and Sjt. Hans proved himself to be the best bowler in the Gujarat team. Gujarat, however, had a sound beating and Western India Cricket Club won the match by 266 runs. The Ahmedabad players made a very poor show and those who witnessed the match were of opinion that Gujarat would have done better if the selection committee had taken up some other youths and if the eleven had shown a better team spirit.

**CUP FOR BIGGEST SCORER**

Sir Chinubhai is a great cricket enthusiast in the City and is trying hard to raise the level of the game, but Ahmedabad makes a poor show as yet. The manager of the Model Talkies had announced that he would present a cup to the player who scored the highest number of runs in the match of the Western India States Cricket Club and Gujarat. This cup was won by Sjt. Harimali and was awarded to him at the end of the game on Wednesday by Principal A. B. Dhruva. One of the local clubs presented a cup to Mr. Hans for his bowling.

**PLAYERS GARLANDED**

In the evening the players and the members of the Ahmedabad Cricket Board were invited to the Model Talkies and Harimali and Mr. Hans were garlanded on the stage during the interval at the hands of Sjt. J. H. Divan vice-President of the Central Board, Ahmedabad. He congratulated the players and said that he had been taking interest in the game for more than 40 years and was the oldest cricketer in the City. He pointed out that cricket could not flourish in the City without constant practice and that was not possible without ample play grounds. Fortunately our municipality is turning its attention to the question and it is hoped that we shall have some good play grounds in the vicinity of the City in the near future.

**GOVERNOR'S VISIT**

H. E. Lord Brabourne and Lady Brabourne visit Ahmedabad on the 16th inst. and have a two days' programme. They will witness a cricket match on the college ground and Lady Brabourne will present the Northcote Shield to the Gujarat College on the 16th.

**GUJARAT COLLEGE.**

The Gujarat College celebrates its annual commemoration on the 19th, 20th and 21st inst. and Sir Prabhashanker Pattani will preside on the occasion. For some two years or more there has been some trouble over the commemoration celebration and several old boys of the college who paid their contributions could not take part. It is hoped that the whole affair will pass off smoothly this year.

# Reception Committee Chairman Contradicts Rumours

## Excellent Arrangements For Boarding & Lodging Of Delegates Made: Public Reception And Procession For President

TILAK NAGAR (Faizpur), December 14.

Mr. Shanker Rao Dev, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the ensuing session of the Congress, has issued the following statement:—

The open session of the Faizpur Congress, as has already been announced, would be held on the 27th, 28th and 29th December and the Subjects Committee will meet on the 25th and 26th. The Working Committee of the A.I.C.C. meets on the 23rd and 24th instants.

Mahatma Gandhi will reach Faizpur on the 20th December and the President-elect, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, will arrive on 23rd. when a public reception will be awarded to the President-elect and Panditji will be taken in a procession from Savda to Tilak Nagar.

In the annals of the Congress, the Faizpur session has a unique distinction of being held in a village. The object is to facilitate and encourage participation by the rural masses in the Congress organisation. On a land measuring about 60 acres Tilak Nagar is rising up. Sjt. Ramdas Gulathi is the engineer in charge of the construction, and Sjt. Nandalal Bose from Santiniketan is supervising decoration. He has an eye for the beauty and simplicity of village life which is perceptible everywhere in the Nagar.

The accommodation and food arrangements are simple. Well-water is drawn with the help of power pumps and circulated in the Nagar in pipes. Electric lights would not be available. In fact no pains have been spared to provide decent, simple and yet comfortable boarding and lodging for the delegates and visitors who will be pouring in large numbers.

AT SAVDA STATION.

Tilak Nagar is four miles from Savda station on the G. I. P. North East Main line between Bhusawal and Khandwa stations.

A special committee under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher is in charge of the reception of delegates and visitors on the station. The Committee will look after their convenience and the visitors will be properly guided by the volunteers. Buses are available at Savda for the use of passengers.

The weather at Tilak Nagar is exhilarating and breezy. Cold climate, open air, and rural surroundings will certainly be found delightful by the visitors. To add to the charm of the place there will be full moonlight during the session.

Rumours about the inconveniences and difficulties that intending visitors would experience as the session is taking place in a village are current but they are, as would be seen from the above statement, absolutely unfounded.

I hope and trust that visitors and delegates will attend this session in large numbers as it is unique in the history of the Congress and help the Congress to carry its message of complete independence to the masses in the villages.—United Press Congress Special.

## *GANDHIJI WILL BE AT FAIZPUR ON 20TH*

### *Jawaharlal To Be Taken In Procession From Sawda To Tilak Nagar*

TILAK NAGAR, (Faizpur), December 14.

It is now definitely learnt that Mahatma Gandhi will be arriving at Tilak Nagar on December 20 and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President-elect of the Faizpur session, will be arriving at Savda station on December 23.

A public reception will be accorded to the President-elect at Savda station and Panditji will be taken in a procession from Savda to Tilak Nagar, covering a route of five miles.

Several villages surrounding have decided to present addresses at various places on the road leading to Tilak Nagar.—United Press Congress Special.

## *"UNITED FRONT RALLY" AT FAIZPUR*

A "United Front Rally" to be held at Faizpur on the evening of December 25 after the meeting of the Congress Subjects Committee was decided upon by a meeting of representatives of the All-India Congress Socialist Party, All-India Trade Union Congress, All-India Kisan Committee and All-India Students' Federation at the office of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party on Sunday. Originally it was proposed to call it the Anti-Imperialist Rally.

Swami Sahajanand, the Bihar Peasant Leader, has been invited to preside at the Rally.

Resolutions to be placed before the Rally and the names of the speakers will be decided at a further meeting of representatives of the four organisations organising the Rally.

CONFERENCE TO DEVELOP UNITED FRONT.

The meeting also decided that a business Conference should be called at Faizpur on the morning of 28th December to discuss concrete organisational problems and plans for developing a United Front against Imperialism in this country. This Conference will be a private meeting of representatives of certain specified organisations and will not be open to the press and visitors.

The organisations who will participate in the meeting will be the four organisations convening it as well as the National T. U. F., All-India Press Workers' Federation and the Bengal Labour Party who have also been invited to send representatives.

## Special Mess For Peasants: Construction Forges Ahead

TILAK NAGAR (Congress Camp). December 14.

The construction of the lady volunteers' camp is completed. The erection work of the water storage tank is proceeding. It will be completed by the 16th December when the pipe system will distribute water throughout the Tilak Nagar Camp.

Mr. G. P. Khare, Mr. V. R. Inamdar, Secretaries of the Kisan Congress, Mr. Anantarao Kale and Mr. B. G. Kher arrived here today.

An amusing scene was witnessed this morning when all workers including Mr. Shankerrao Deo and other officials of the Reception Committee, down to a volunteer, were seen carrying bamboos on their shoulders along with the labourers.

The lady volunteers' camp will be opened on the 16th December, at 4 p.m. by Mr. Vinobaji Bhave. Seventy-five lady volunteers from various districts of Maharashtra will join it.

Arrangements of opening a peasants' kitchen are being made in Tilak Nagar for providing cheap and wholesome food for the peasants attending the Congress functions.—United Press Congress Special Service.

## *WHY Dr. B. C. ROY RESIGNED*

CALCUTTA, Dec. 15.

In a statement giving his reasons for withdrawing from the presidentship of the B. P. C. Parliamentary Committee B. C. Roy says:—

"I shall certainly continue to give such help to the candidates as lies in my power but I am unable to continue undertaking the responsibilities of my office as the President of the Parliamentary Committee. None regrets more than myself the turn events have taken. It is not for me to apportion blame for the present impasse. I trust that the Central Committee will yet endow Mr. Sarat Bose with full powers to carry on elections in order that Congress candidates desirous to contest may be successful."

Mr. P. C. Das, President of the Tipperah Congress Parliamentary Committee has resigned from the Committee.—A. P.

## PROTEST AGAINST CIVIC BANQUET

### Rangoon Rate-payers' Demonstration At Town Hall

RANGOON, Dec. 14.

A large crowd of rate-payers comprising Burmans, Indians and Buddhist monks assembled at all the approaches to the Town Hall and held a demonstration of protest against the Banquet inside the Hall.

For the last few days a public agitation has been carried on by a large section of rate-payers against the holding of a banquet to-night by the Mayor and councillors as well as against the proposed marble-flooring for the Town Hall, characterising both as wasteful expenditure of the rate-payers money. As the guests arrived the crowd booed and jeered them. A large contingent of police constables and sergeants was stationed outside the Town Hall building.

The crowd held a meeting, a few yards from the Hall, and passed a resolution urging the rate-payers to oppose the unnecessary expenditure by the Corporation.

The Banquet passed off smoothly.—A. P.

ROYAL ADVOCATE OF SURYA NAMASKARAS

**The Rajah of Aundh, who after his return from the Continent, addressed a gathering at the Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay, on excellence of Government methods of Agriculture, poultry and dairy farming in European countries. He also lectured and gave exposition of Surya Namaskaras at several capitals of Europe.**

# SOLID FOR CONGRESS

## Gangadharrao Tours Maharashtra For Election Work

BELGAUM, Dec. 14.

Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande returned here to-day from his extensive tour in Maharashtra. He visited several important towns and villages in Ratnagiri, Colaba, Poona, Sholapur and Ahmednagar districts. At all meetings he addressed in several places, the message of the Congress was received with enthusiasm.

Mr. Deshpande, being considered as one of those who were closely associated with Lokamanya Balgangadhar Tilak during his lifetime, was cordially received everywhere. His exposition of Lok. Tilak's teachings, as being not in any way inconsistent with the present policy of the Congress, touched the hearts of thousands who heard him. He found that the recent attempts to discredit the Congress on the part of the Democratic Swarajya Party, were being frustrated everywhere. He felt, no doubt, in his mind that the Congress would sweep the polls in the coming elections.—United Press.

## SMOOTH SAILING FOR NEW SIND

### Governor On Duties Of "Loyal" People And "Responsible" Ministers

KARACHI, Dec. 14.

Addressing a durbar to-day, H. E. the Governor of Sind said, during the last eight months their work had been that of disconnecting the departments of administration from the Government of Bombay and connecting them up with the new Government in Sind.

This work had been practically completed now, and very shortly they would be working the new constitution.

His Excellency felt that the great majority of the people of Sind had every intention of working the new constitution to the fullest extent and there was no possibility of their being disappointed with the extent of the constitution which had been granted. His Excellency urged the electors to select as their representatives in the legislatures persons who would be responsible to them for the administration of Government. If the constitution failed in its working, the fault would lie with the ministers because of their proving unworthy of the Governor's confidence or with members of the Assembly because of their not giving proper support to the ministers or because the people themselves declined to be governed by their own people.

In any case, whatever happened, the ultimate responsibility was theirs. Further, as there was imposed a duty on the new administration to administer well so too, there was imposed a duty on the people of Sind to be well disciplined and obedient to law. They were accustomed to be loyal to the Crown and to the British Government which they would continue to be. In addition, His Excellency urged them to be loyal to themselves and to their own Government under the new constitution.—A. P.

# CRICKET IN BOMBAY

## Presidency Association Officially Adopts New Name

At the special General Body meeting of the Bombay Presidency (Proper) Cricket Association held on Monday evening at the Islam Gymkhana Hall, under the Chairmanship of Dr. Alban D'Souza, it was decided to change the name of the Association to Bombay Cricket Association.

Although the above change of name had been agreed to at a previous meeting of the General Body, this time the name has been changed in the constitution, with several other changes which were considered and reported upon by the Constitution Sub-Committee appointed last year.

Originally the Association consisted of all Clubs and Gymkhanas all over the Bombay Presidency but from now on, it would speak for "Official Cricket" in the city, while other Cricket Associations on similar lines have been started in other parts of the Presidency.

The present amended constitution, which is to come into force immediately, is considered to be very helpful for the smooth working of the Association while the former one was very cumbersome.

USEFUL SUGGESTIONS.

Credit for this is due to the members of the Constitution Sub-Committee, specially to Mr. A. A. A. Fyzee, the indefatigable Honorary Secretary of the Association. While the several amendments to the constitution were being discussed at the meeting on Monday Mr. M. R. Gadivala made several useful suggestions, practically on every one of the amendments, most of which were accepted by Mr. Fyzee.

After the amendments to the constitution were approved of by the meeting, the annual General Body meeting commenced with the same Chairman and the minutes of the last meetings were approved of. The meeting then adjourned to the second week in January.

Sir John Beaumont, the President of the Association, could not attend the meeting as he has not been keeping well recently and Dr. Alban D'Souza presided over the meeting in his stead.

## AIR CRAFT BUSY ON FRONTIER

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

On December 12 some small parties of the enemy were engaged with artillery and light automatic fire, states a communique explaining the position in Lower Khaisora Valley. Our troops searched some cave areas which were found unoccupied. We sustained no casualties. The next day a small party of hostiles in the Khaisora valley were dispersed by aircraft. The night of 11th|12th December was quiet.

During the last two days, heavy rain in the area caused a delay in the road construction and necessitated repairs to a portion of the road already constructed. On December 12 rain slackened. The night of the 12th|13th December was quiet with continuous rain. On December 13 work continued on the road which has now reached a point about half a mile north of the main bed of the Khaisora river. Rain ceased at midday, but the sky was overcast with low clouds. Snow has fallen on the higher hills in Waziristan and to westward.—A. P.

## *TRIBUTE TO A CONGRESS PARLIAMENTARIAN*

### *Sardar Patel Opens Rangaswamy Memorial Hall*

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel performed the opening ceremony of "A. Rangaswamy Memorial Hall" at Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha buildings at Mambalam this morning.

After the welcome addresses by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Mr. C. R. Sreenivasan on behalf of Rangaswamy Memorial Committee, Sardar spoke in Hindi and in the course of his speech paid glowing tribute to the late Rangaswamy Iyengar and especially the part played by him in the evolution of the Parliamentary programme of the Congress.—United Press.

## Official And Personal

His Excellency the Governor of Bombay and Lady Brabourne attended the Proclamation Parade at the Town Hall on Monday.

The Hon. Sir Courtenay Latimer, Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. J. L. R. Weir, Miss Weir and Mr. A. P. Low lunched at Government House on Monday.

Lady Brabourne attended a Red Cross Meeting at Government House on Monday.

Lady Brabourne attended the Breach Candy Swimming Bath Trust Dance at Breach Candy on Monday.

Sir Ralph Wedgwood, Chairman of the Railway Enquiry Committee, is the brother of Col. Josiah Wedgwood, M.P. The prominent chin of Wedgwood family is much in evidence in the younger brother of the M.P.

# HIDDEN SPRING FOUND?

## Boring Operations In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent).

SAYAJIGANJ, Dec. 14.

Yesterday morning while conducting boring operations in Sayajiganj at Maganbhai Shankerbhai compound, some gaseous substance was reported to be coming out with thunderous sound. The boring operations were suspended. Engineers visited the spot and police authorities are guarding the place.

In the evening water was emitting forth and small stones were shot high up. Now muddy water is visible.

In Baroda City on previous two occasions in similar operations at the Dewan's bungalow and Rajmahel compound some gaseous substance was reported to have been found.

## *CORPORATION'S FELICITATIONS TO KING GEORGE*

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, the Mayor, on Monday referring to the proclamation of the new King said:

Since the House adjourned last Thursday, a mighty event has happened. Romance, revolution and tragedy have combined in a single incident. One Sovereign has vacated his throne and another now occupies his place. In your name and mine I express here and will presently tender our most loyal congratulations to His Majesty King George VI and wish him a long prosperous and happy reign. Being a dependency, India was not in a position to offer its own views in the shaping of events; but we might take consolation in the fact that our new Sovereign is also a direct descendant of the late Queen Victoria whose memory we still reverentially cherish and I venture to suggest that if the true spirit of her Proclamation were to guide those who controlled our destinies, India could easily become an equal and honourable member of the British Commonwealth of Nations.

GREATEST LOVER OF OUR TIME

It is impossible not to be profoundly touched by the great act of renunciation of the ex-King and by the remarkable strength of the British Constitution as the change over was effected with a quiet dignity we all must admire. The ex-King was confronted with the cruellest choice of alternatives and different people will hold different views about it; history alone will review it in the correct perspective. The Government in England were no doubt impelled by the greatest concern for the safety of the realm in the attitude they took; but in a few years' time only the historian and the constitutional lawyer will be concerned in the discussion of these issues; the man in the street will have completely forgotten them; what he will not forget is the human and emotional side; wherever a warm heart beats under human breast, ex-King Edward will by his supreme self-sacrifice, remain enshrined as the greatest lover of our times and indeed, of all times.

## Nizam's Agent In Berar

A Nizam's Government communique states:

The rumour recently circulated in certain sections of the press regarding the probable nominees for the post of agent of His Exalted Highness in Berar is without any foundation.

The nomination of a person for this appointment has not yet been considered by Government.

# Corporation And Jail Disqualification

## Proposal For Amendment Of Municipal Act Agreed To

What should be the policy of the Bombay Municipal Corporation towards those members who are convicted by a criminal court for offences involving moral turpitude? The Municipal Corporation considered on Monday the report of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee, who recommended amendment in the Municipal Act as suggested by the Municipal Commissioner.

This question was first referred to the Government of Bombay in August 1930, and the Secretary to the Government, General Department then asked from the Corporation information on the following two points:

(1) who is to be the authority empowered to determine whether a crime involves moral turpitude or is free from it?

(2) who is to be the final appellate authority in such cases?

They also invite suggestions from the Corporation as to the standard which is to be applied in determining whether moral turpitude is involved or not.

COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

The Municipal Commissioner in his report stated:—

The offences usually spoken of as involving moral turpitude are those the motive of which is one of the viler passions of mankind viz., greed, lust, revenge, etc. I therefore venture to think that it should not be difficult to distinguish offences which involve moral turpitude from those which do not. The expression moreover is not altogether unknown in legal phraseology, as I find that it occurs in Section (5) (d) of the Immigration Restriction Ordinance of the Kenya Colony, which defines a 'prohibited immigrant' inter alia as 'any person who, not having received a free pardon, has been convicted in any country other than the colony of murder or any offence for which a sentence of imprisonment has been passed for any term, and who by reason of the circumstances connected therewith is deemed to be an undesirable immigrant, but this provision shall not apply to offences of a political character not involving moral turpitude.' No difficulty should therefore arise in distinguishing offences which involve moral turpitude from those which do not.

The Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee reported to the Corporation to approve of the recommendations made by the Municipal Commissioner, which on the motion of Mr. Mathradas Tricumji seconded by Mr. K. H. Goregaonker was agreed to.

HOUSING FOR POOR EMPLOYEES.

The Corporation also agreed to the following resolution of Mr. I. S. Patel.

That the Commissioner be requested to report as to the feasibility of starting a housing scheme for all Municipal employees drawing less than Rs. 50 per month so as to provide for them cheap and sanitary housing in the City.

Dr. J. N. Choksy's resolution was also agreed to. The resolution reads as follows:—

That the Commissioner be requested to recommend the Commissioner of Police to consider the desirability of issuing a notification prohibiting, if possible, all vehicular traffic over the Bellasis Road Overbridge or in the alternative of allowing only one way traffic over that Bridge as such a regulation would not cause any inconvenience to the vehicular traffic of the locality on account of the close proximity of the Tardeo Bridge and would also redress the grievances of several motorists about congestion of traffic on that Bridge.

The Corporation then adjourned.

# Bombay Sheriff's Assurance To Cotton Trade

## E. I. C. Association Party To Chunilal Mehta On Eve Of His Relinquishing Office

The members of the East India Cotton Association mustered strong at the Tea Party given by the Association in honour of Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta, Sheriff of Bombay on the eve of his relinquishing his office of Sheriff, on Monday evening at the Radio Club.

Sheth Mathuradas Vissanji presiding over the function voiced the sentiments of the members of the Association for the honour conferred upon Mr. Chunilal Mehta, by his appointment as Sheriff of Bombay. The honour was singular, he said, for in the annals of history, no Sheriff in India ever had the unique privilege of proclaiming two Kings of England in the course of his term of office.

In a brief survey of the services rendered by Mr. Chunilal Mehta, as a prominent member of the Association, and a one time president, the speaker said the fortunes of the cotton trade and its industry had brought good fortune to Mr. Mehta. He was one of the respected and prosperous business magnates of the day. His wise counsel and initiative in matters which affected the well being of the Association and its members, was an asset which has proved its merit.

TEJI-MANDI CONTROVERSY.

Mr. Vissanji referred briefly to the controversy over the Teji-Mandi business and said that the monthly option was introduced about 18 months ago by a section of the trade. It was with a view to keep the limits within reasonable bounds that the system was introduced on the basis adopted but if that was overstepped then, there was danger of transgressing the recognised principles of trade. The erratic fluctuations which must necessarily follow such reckless speculation is bound to affect the world market. It is therefore necessary to adhere to such principles as would make the trading healthy and beneficial to those in the cotton trade.

In conclusion Mr. Vissanji congratulated Mr. Mehta and expressed the satisfaction the members of the Association felt for the able manner in which he had discharged his duties as Sheriff of Bombay.

Mr. Chunilal Mehta replying in feeling terms acknowledged his gratitude to the members of the Association for the honour they had bestowed upon him and for the opportunity given to him to meet them before relinquishing his office of Sheriff.

He dwelt on the importance of the cotton trade and said, that the united efforts of the members of the E. I. C. A. had made it possible for the growth and expansion of the cotton trade. Its prosperity contributed in a very large measure to the stability of the resources of the country. He assumed the members of his ardent desire to help the Association to solve the problems with which it was faced from time to time.

Seth Beghraj Gupta Chairman of the Cotton Brokers Association thanked Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji for having so kindly presided over the function.

Seth Mathuradas Vissanji then garlanded Mr. Mehta on behalf of the Association.

The guests were then treated to refreshments under the able management of Mr. Jamnadas R. Dossa and Mr. Vandravan G. Seth, the function proved a great success.

## MARKET FOR VILE PARLE

### Scheme Sanctioned By Municipality

(From Our Correspondent)

Vile Parle, Dec 14

The adjourned meeting of the Vile Parle Municipality held this morning passed by a large majority a resolution that a combined building to locate the Municipal Office, the Market and the Free Dispensary be built out of the sale proceeds of the present building which would bring in Rs. 22,000 and the donation of Rs. 10,000 promised by a public-spirited citizen through Mr. T. M. Pardhy. A special committee consisting of Mr. Caesar De'Mello, Messrs. S. N. Kalbag, Gokulbhai Bhat, M. S. Dixit and T. M. Pardhy was appointed for the purpose of the effective and prompt execution of the scheme subject only to the reference to the General Board if and so far as may be necessary under the District Municipal Act.

In a powerful speech, Mr. G. B. Desai explained how a combined market and municipal office building would be beneficial to the best interests of the town without adding any burden to the municipal exchequer. The present drifting policy of allowing the stalls on the open road was very objectionable, and a properly-constructed market would, in his opinion, be very advantageous from the financial point of view.

Members from the Andheri area headed by Dr. Bhatt expressed nervousness at the idea of incurring further liabilities in the face of their insecure financial position but were assured by Mr. G. B. Desai that the Municipality would not have to pay more than a couple of thousand rupees at the most to finance the whole scheme.

The main resolution was put to the vote and carried by a large majority, only four members voting against it.

# Fields, Factories And Workshops

## AN ORGANIZATION OF WORLD PEASANTS

### Dr. Geddes Pleads For Universal Sympathy For Indian Kisans

BRUSSELS, (By Mail).

The following is the English translation of a speech made at the International Peace Conference at Brussels in the Agricultural Commission.

In his speech, Dr. Geddes regretted that among the 300 peasants, agricultural organisers and experts present in that Commission, there was no Indian representative. It was only in the absence of such a one that he felt that India's cause and India's need must be presented by one who knew a little of India, though not himself of Indian birth.

It was perhaps typical that at this Commission, which dealt with the very mainstay of Indian agriculture and rural life—no Indian present at the Congress thought it worth while to appear! Their attendance was confined to strictly political, intellectual or journalistic Commissions. The comment made afterwards by an Indian may have been unjust: "It was much better that no Indian should speak on India's agriculture. None of my fellow countrymen have troubled to find out anything about it!" At the same time, the presence (even for a short time) of a competent Indian to represent the mass of his labouring fellow countrymen might have more enduring influence than political and literary speeches alone.

A PERMANENT BODY.

The Commission is now being refounded as a permanent centre to be linked with the International Labour Office and to serve the interests not simply of "commercial agriculture" and of landlordism, but of the world's peasants. Its purpose is to link peasant life to the work of international co-operation as never before, and international co-operation means social, economic and political peace.

It was thanks to the intervention of two Europeans—to the speech of Madame Wanner on the Muslim cultivators of the Mediterranean and Dr. Geddes' own intervention on India, and to his plea for the inclusion of surveys of China and also tropical Africa, that the problems of the East and tropical Africa will be represented in the very first bulletin of the new centre.

It is for Indians to maintain this vital and constructive means to the self-determination of their people.

DR. GEDDES' SPEECH.

Our peasants, and our agriculturalists here assembled cannot well speak of a "Universal," a "World Assembly," if they forget those who are absent, their brothers and sisters in the vast plains of the Orient, from Suez to India, and on to China and Japan. And it is not only for reasons of sentiment that the workers of the West, especially, though not solely, those who belong to countries ruling colonial empires—must maintain their unity with those others. The European peasant, it is true, can understand better than any other Westerner the misery of the peasants of Asia: for he himself is familiar with hunger and can picture what it means over yonder to see famine always threatening, if not actually there. At the same time, the distance which separates us from these far lands, so different from our own, tempts our peasants to believe that their own lot is in nowise compromised by the economic and political anarchy and the wretched condition of the Asiatics. But there are urgent reasons of a practical nature which prompt us to tighten the bonds which unite us to those masses of sufferers, unaware though they be of the causes both of their poverty and still more, of the wors which afflict them. I see three reasons which must at all costs be taken into account.

FUTILE COMPETITION.

1. Unless we have co-operation we shall have competition, a competition from which both continents must suffer. Cheap Asiatic labour (i.e., cheap human life) will lower the standard of life in Europe, unless tariffs which always weigh heaviest on the people, hedge them about. And what then follows is the shameless exploitation of our colonial or economic empires for the benefit not of the poor at home but of the rich. The lack of co-operation will lead to the second urgent reason.

COLONIAL QUESTION.

2. Colonies for mere exploitation are simply booty of war which each militarist country wants to tear from the other. It is because Germans and Italians can be made to believe that we exploit our empires as one might exploit a field on cattle that their "Fuhrer," or their Duce, can rouse the people to envy or to wars of conquest. We must own that there is some truth in their view as far as concerns our capitalists and even, in part, our people. For this reason it is possible to make our peasants believe that it is to their advantage that our conquests be preserved as they are, while at the same time we hedge ourselves round with tariff barriers against the vanquished or subject inhabitants of the colonies. But even if we could benefit by the wretchedness of others—which is a fallacy, for we can benefit only by their prosperity.—the danger of a European war continues to be so pressing that the game is not worth the candle, very much the reverse!

THE ARMY MENACE.

3. But how can we hold a colonial people under the yoke? Only by continually adding to our army of occupation and this which is a melancholy exile for the private soldier! is a costly business, and indeed a direct danger to ourselves. For an army of occupation abroad is the training-ground for the army of occupation which may one day invade our hearths. My continental friends can say whether the case of Great Britain does not find a parallel amongst themselves. With us army officers, well to do colonials, or administrators, too often, on their returned home, form the framework of an administration which is not democratic but authoritative, not progressive but reactionary. Our police officers are recruited more and more amongst retired military officers; many of our reactionary politicians and administrators have seen service in Africa or India. Finally, let our people keep in mind a definite instance: in 1935 our Air Minister, Lord Londonderry, a wealthy Conservative landowner, boasted in the House of Lords on his return from the "Disarmament Conference" that he had "the utmost difficulty at that time, amid the public outcry, in preserving the use of the bombing aeroplane, even on the frontier of the Middle East and India." To "pacify" Asiatic peasants, by means of bombs from the air, it was thought worth while to sacrifice the security of the whole world!

To recapitulate: (1) Agricultural co-operation is needed throughout the whole world. (2) Colonial markets must be thrown open and made to prosper if we wish to escape a European war for colonies. (3) A conscious spirit of peace must replace the spirit of conquest in Africa and in Asia. Or else, just as in Spain, those men who have ruled a vanquished people may become in turn the conquerors of their compatriots.

WRETCHED CONDITION IN INDIA.

First let us try to understand something of the wretched conditions of life in India, where I have lived in the country districts. Early in the morning the peasant rises, shivering in winter in a cotton shawl, to take his miserable cattle to the fields; if however it is the dry season the earth becomes too hard to plough and he must remain one of the unemployed. When the rainy season begins he must labour in the moist summer heat, tormented and weakened by malaria. If the rains fail, or if destructive floods occur, he may lose his whole harvest and famine ensues. In India it is true that for the past thirty years a dole has been given in famine time which is just sufficient to save the life of the majority of the population. But as the people never get as much as they can eat, how is the exact moment to be fixed when the dole becomes necessary? It must not be given too soon, or the population in their weakness would count on the help of the "all-powerful Government," and being hungry they would eat even the grain reserved for sowing. On the other hand it must not be too long delayed, or death will intervene. An able administrator said to me, speaking of his own experience, "We watch the tiny children; when the very babies begin to collapse in their mothers' arms it is clear their mothers can no longer suckle them, and that not a scrap is left in the hut." Till that pitch is reached, wretchedness is considered "normal." That is life in times of peace. But India, you may say, has not suffered war. It is true she did not become a field of battles; but the repercussions of war have robbed her of many millions of lives. The economic distress which prevailed towards the end of the War so weakened the population, that there was no resistance to the world influenza epidemics which carried off, according

(Continued on page 2)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*LAND TAXATION IN INDIA VI*

## Assessment And Revision

### Classifications Have Now Reached A Stage Of Finality

*By MANEKLAL H. VAKIL*

It is not possible to go into the complicated question of the classification of soil according to its fertility and the procedure of valuation for assessment is far too elaborate to be understood by anybody except a trained classer of the Settlement Department. With all its defects the work of classification has practically been completed and is said to be working well so long as the assessments are moderate.

RACK RENTING.

The principles which govern the revision of assessment in Ryotwari areas are, of course, not applied in Bengal and other parts of Northern India where the Zamindari system is made applicable so far as the relations between the landlord and the tenant are concerned. In spite of the protection which the local legislation has thought it necessary to provide for against rack-renting by the zamindars by the various tenency Acts, the tendency of the landlord will always be to avoid such laws and go on rack-renting as far as he can under the various powers and state aid for legal extortion on account of the influence he possesses in virtue of his rich possessions as pitted against the poverty of his individual tenant. Even in the most favourable circumstances the Ryotwari holder of land has had more ground of complaint against the principles then followed, which have had to be amended after long and protracted correspondence between the individual officers from the district and the highest revenue authority in a Province.

IN BOMBAY.

Taking Bombay as a typical Ryotwari Area the question of the revision of settlement arose in 1868 on the expiration of the 30 years guarantee for the original settlement of the Indapur Taluka in the Deccan. Owing to the defects in the original survey, which were discovered by later experience the first revision settlement involved the work of survey, demarkation and classification 'de novo.' In the subsequent revision such work had not had to be done again and survey classifications have now attained a finality except for corrections resulting from subsequent events, either as a result of transfers of land or a general result of development of a particular area under revision. Even the question of improvement as general or as individual, made subsequently at the cost of the holder has been thrashed out and settled after a series of amendments into the following principles under the amended Land Revenue Code in 1886 as under:—"In revising of assessment of land revenue regard shall be had to the value of land and in the case of land used for the purpose of agriculture to the profit of agriculture provided that, if any improvement has been effected in any land during the currency of any previous settlement made under this Act or under Bombay Act I of 1865 by or at the cost of the holder thereof, the increase in the value of such land or in the profit of cultivating the same shall have to be taken into account in fixing the revised assessment." During the passage of this amendment through the Council Government further gave an assurance that no reclassification in future revisions would take place, but positively the clause admits the right of the holder to have the classification of his fields revised in cases where deterioration from the original standard shall be proved to exist (Bombay Settlement Manual, Vol. I, Page 133).

REGULATION OF ENHANCEMENT.

Subsequent revision of settlement evolved a gradual regulation of enhancement as a result of general increase in values. Too curiously these graduated regulations of enhancement are still lacking in a uniform policy and illustrate the effects of orders passed on references from different districts of the same Presidency. These are called 'remissions of enhancements' during the first years following upon a revision. In the Deccan and Southern Maratha Country and the Gujarat the increases take effect to the extent of 25 per cent. additional for every two years until the full increase comes into effect while in the Konkan the increases are made to the extent of 33 per cent. every 3 years. In Konkan the remission is seven-eighths of the increase for the first 5 years in waste land and 50 per cent. in the first year and a further 25 per cent. in the second in the cultivated land, if the holding pays Rs. 25 or over per year. These graduated increases take effect on the total holding of an individual holder. Further there are limitations placed by prescribed rules, namely (1) that the enhancements are not to exceed in the case of a Taluka or group of villages by 33 per cent; (2) in the case of a single village by 66 per cent. and (3) in the case of an individual holding by 100 per cent.

REDUCTION OF ASSESSMENT.

Curiously the principles for revision of assessment are fully gone into mostly from the standpoint of the increase of revenues for the Government, but rarely the question of reduction of assessment is ever gone into. At pages 249 to 251 of the Important Resolution of Land Revenue Policy, published by the Government of India in 1902, one may read a summary of the methods to be adopted by a Settlement Officer: "He reviews fully every circumstance shown in the past revenue history, viz: prices markets, communications, rents, selling and letting of and mortgage value of land, vicissitudes of season and other relevant facts indicating the incidence of the previous assessment and the economic condition of the tract and upon this indication he bases his proposal for enhancement of the reduction of assessment as the case may be. Again, if the assessment at the original settlement was fixed high and the cultivation has been contracted or the revenue is proved difficult to collect and the relation of the assessment to the value and rental of land is found to be high, the Settlement Officer will propose a reduction."

(Continued from Col. 7)

can serve as a rallying ground for all anti-imperialist forces in the country. I would, therefore, appeal to all workers to join the Congress in their thousands collectively and individually. It is only the active participation of workers in the Congress that can transform it into an effective organ of Indian masses in their struggle against Imperialism."

MOTOR UNIONS' FEDERAL CONFERENCE

The two-day session of the All-India Motor Union's Federal Conference which met at Delhi on the 6th and 7th instant, adopted a number of resolutions.

A committee was appointed with Mr. Fazal Karim as convener to create an atmosphere of opposition against the Motor Vehicles Amendment Bill, intimate the Government the opinion of the Conference and supply materials to the members of the Central Legislative at the time the measure is enacted into law.

In view of the present economic condition of the country, depression of trade, rampant unemployment, high customs duties and petrol prices, the Conference recorded protests against increased motor taxation in United Provinces, N. W.F. Province, and the proposed taxation in the Punjab and urged Government to repeal all these taxes.

The Conference also demanded that as in the case of military transport and private-owned vehicles, public vehicles, with 157 and 131 wheel base should be licensed to carry 70 maunds and 56 maunds respectively. It also demanded equal maundage to be carried by all sorts of vehicles of same tonnage.

The Conference held that the Motor Vehicles' Amendment Act would, not only prove disastrous to the Motor Industry of the country and compel the poor class of drivers engaged in this profession to a life of misery and privation, but also would tend to place unbounded difficulties and obstacles in the way of the mercantile community in general.

GENERAL STRIKE IN INDORE MILL.

Since the beginning of December, the textile labourers of all the mills in Indore have gone on strike. There is a complete unanimity amongst the workers of all the mills to protest against the proposed wage-cut. The demand put by the strikers are (1) nine hours' day, (2) restoration of the wage scale of 1926 and (3) a monthly payment of wages. Efforts for negotiations are proceeding.

## TRADE UNION CONGRESS BULLETIN

### Reception To Comrade Roy ... His Appeal To Labour Movement ... Strike In Indore

(From the All-India Trade Union Congress, Bombay).

Com. M. N. Roy was enthusiastically welcomed at the Victoria Terminus station on his arrival on the 6th morning. A crowd of more than 3,000 people, a large proportion of whom were workers from the Dock and textile area, cheered him when he alighted from the train. Nearly thirty prominent working class and nationalist organisations of the city including the All-India Trade Union Congress, Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress Committee and the Congress Socialist Party took part in the reception. He was profusely garlanded and taken there-after to the office of the B. P. C. C. where a tea party was arranged for him.

In the evening, he addressed a huge workers' meeting at Kamgar Maidan which was presided over by Com. Khedgikar, Vice President of the A. I. T. U. C. In his speech, Com. Roy emphasised the importance of unity among the working class in order to fight effectively against the political and economic bondage. "Our immediate objective", he said, was the fight for democratic freedom and for this the working class must capture the leadership of the peasantry. To this end, it must give a programme acceptable to the peasantry the programme of democratic freedom.

AHMEDABAD LABOUR DISPUTE

As the two arbitrators of the Ahmedabad labour dispute, Seth Kasturbhai Lalbhai on the mill owners' side and Mahatma Gandhi on the Labour Union side have disagreed, the dispute will be referred to an umpire whose name will be announced later on.

BARODA MILL STRIKE

The dispute has now been referred to an arbitration board whose decision is awaited.

STRIKE IMMINENT ON B. N. RAILWAY

The date for strike in the Bengal Nagpur Railway will be announced this week. Arrangements for providing relief to about 1,100 men, who are out in the Adra District, have been made by the Union. Workers at various centres have unanimously reiterated the decision for the strike. The Union proposes to approach the Railway Agent to agree to the conciliation board with 'status quo'. If this attempt fails, the Union will fix the date for the strike for information to the public.

S. N. TAGORE RELEASED.

Mr. Soumyendranath Tagore, who had been sentenced to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition for a speech delivered by him in connection with Subhas Day celebration in May last, was released on December 1st, from the Alipore Central Jail.

ROY'S MESSAGE TO INDIAN WORKERS

Soon after his release Comrade Roy gave the following message to the General Secretary, A.I.T.U.C., for the Indian Working Class:—

"It grieves me to find that the Trade Union movement to-day is not as strong as it should be. Official repression and fierce capitalist offensive have prevented its growth. I am glad to find that inspite of terrible hardships workers have put up a brave fight against the capitalist offensive. That gives an indication of their potential strength which, if only properly organised and consolidated, can play a decisive part not merely in their daily struggle for immediate demands but also in the national struggle for independence.

"Trade Union unity is not yet in sight, but it is gratifying to note that at least all radical elements have sunk their differences and are united under the common banner of the A.I.T.U.C. An earnest effort must be made to establish unity between the Trade Union Congress and the National Federation of Trade Union".

"But I attach far more importance to the political action of the working class. I am convinced that unless India is free from the yoke of foreign domination, not even the most minimum of their demands will be realised. Workers, therefore, have actively to participate in the national struggle for independence. To-day, the Indian National Congress is the only organisation in the country, which

(Continued in Col 5)


JEENA'S

1936-37

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# OUR READERS' VIEWS

## Christmas Reflections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Now the season of Christmas is drawing nigh with its cheer (though not without a touch of sadness for the abdication of the throne by H. M. Edward VIII) rejoicing and good will towards one another. May it bring its choice blessings on all the Christian nations of the world! On such a day man should not have renewed feelings of sympathy and affection towards man only but to all creatures of the Earth and the day of rejoicing for human beings should not be turned into a day of doom for poor animals such as ducks, geese, turkeys, etc which are especially bought and nursed for the occasion to be slaughtered at the end. Cannot other harmless but equally savory dishes be substituted on the day instead of animal food and why not for all times?

"He prayeth best who loveth best all things both great and small".—Yours, etc.

"B"

## Catholics And Education

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The indigenous Catholic inhabitants of Bombay and its suburbs, Bassein, Salsette, North and South, and in the Kolaba District, Korlai and Uran, made large bequests, donations and benefactions to their churches. They are now poor, living from hand to mouth. Out of the funds of their churches have been erected imposing buildings at Umarkhadi, for a chapel and a high school, at Jacob's Circle for a church and a school, at Dadar a house and a high school, for a Luso-Goano Nuns. Similar erections apparently from the funds from the same sources are to be seen at Mahim and imposing ones for the said Luso-Goano Nuns, Mount Mary, Bandra. Fees in all these educational establishments are high, certainly they weigh too heavily on the poor parents and guardians of the indigenous children, with the result that these have to be deprived entirely of education or to be removed from schools sooner than would have been the case otherwise, the consequences of which might be better imagined than described.

In the circumstances, I would ask the ecclesiastical authorities to attend to the grievances of the indigenous people. In the Right Rev. Father C. Ghezzi, S. J., as the administrator of the Archdiocese of Bombay, we happily have a right man in the right place. It is sanguinely hoped that he will go deep into the matters and place them before the next Archbishop in due perspective.—Yours, etc.

PATER FAMILIA.

## Muslims And Assembly Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—There are two letters in the columns of your Saturday's issue to which I would like to reply—one a bare attack on Mr. Brelvi's candidature based on most confused and vague reasoning of religious bigotism and the other a cant sermon on the Muslim League, the like of which we have got used to hearing these days. It is noteworthy that both the writers, whom I know, do not know English and as such if the views expressed in the letters are their own, they must be brushed aside. If indeed, these letters represent the views of one or more of the candidates selected by the League, who want to keep themselves personally out of the controversy but who nevertheless are desirous of influencing the electorates through your columns, then, Sir, in fairness to all concerned, a reply is due to these letters.

About the letter of Moulvi Abdul Raot, whose ungrammatical English makes his confused thinking even more confounded, I have not much to say. It puts Mr. Brelvi certain questions, illogically framed, which I am afraid his own champions do not seem to be in a position to answer, as the following will show. A friend of mine tells me that only a few days ago, he had an occasion to meet one of the League candidates for Bombay South and he was told by him (candidate) that the Congress were not prepared to concede the demands of the Muslims. My friend naturally asked him what were these sacrosanct demands, but to this the candidate could give no explanation. Nor could a coherent and consistent reply he elicited to any of the subsequent questions which were put to him. The most that he could do was to mutter evasively "What can we do under the circumstances"? If this is all that the League candidates know about their grievances against the world, then I would request them to go to Mr. Jinnah and ask him plainly as to where they stand. Are these the soldiers of the Muslim League whom Mr. Rokadia want us to send to the legislatures—people who do not know what their own party wants? At least in the past, some of them knew that they wanted titles and jobs.

The third question of Moulvi Sahib is a classic example of the muddle-headedness of the real author. The question is so absurd that there cannot be any reply to it. In any case, Sir, the compliment of having founded an organisation separate from the Congress belongs to Mr. Jinnah and so Moulvi Raouf Sahib may be referred to him if he wishes to know the reply to this very curious query.

Now I shall deal with Mr. Rokadia's letter. Read as a whole it is an admission at the charges flung at the League by its various critics. It admits that better class of candidates did not apply to the League and that the Working Committee were content to select Mr. Mitha and Mr. Allabux for Bombay South. What do these facts show? They show that the Muslim League consists largely of reactionaries and backward elements and people of merits of whom there is no dearth amongst the Bombay Muslims, do not trust themselves in the hands of these elements. Sir, a few weeks before the League candidates were selected, I asked a very intelligent and able Muslim if he intended to apply to the League. His immediate and unfaltering reply was that he did not expect the Working Committee as it was constituted of candidates themselves, to do justice to his qualifications and select him in preference to themselves. The spirit in which selections were made later on has completely justified his apprehensions and truly by a stroke of good fortune he was saved from humiliation to which he would otherwise have exposed himself.

Sir, the faults of the League go to the very roots of the project and it is no use now for its champions to put up excuses for foisting such mediocrities on the electorates. Far from purging the reactionaries from its ranks, it is playing more and more into their hands and enfolds within its wings today some of the most bigoted and reactionary elements among the Muslims, who were hitherto working single-handed but to whom now the League has provided a party platform where they can unite their baneful influences and retard the progress of the community. What better proof of this fact may be required than not a few of the very candidates selected by the League whose reactionary antecedents are beyond question? Under similar circumstances the Congress would rather not have selected any candidate. To talk of a lame and blind Congress candidate is to display ignorance of the true state of affairs. Such a candidate would not be found in the Congress ranks if a country-wide search were undertaken. The obvious intention of these arguments is to mislead the voters and to side-track what should be the foremost consideration in the minds of the voters —the quality of the candidates.—Yours, etc.,

A. FAZALBHOY.

Bombay Dec. 14.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—While I am glad that Mr. Esmail Rokadia has come out to place the other side of the picture in the "Bombay Chronicle", dated the 12th instant, I must also say that the picture he has placed will certainly cause great pain to the Muslim public, because the sum and substance of it is that the League had to select all those who had applied and they could not reject any one, as there were none available besides those who had applied. This means that so far as the City of Bombay is concerned, the Muslim League had only those candidates who were members of its Selection Committee. This again means that those who got themselves on the Selection Committee became the only candidates and did not permit any room for making choice. If this is the real position, the only verdict that could be given is, "Hobson's Choice" and, therefore, the less said the better. I now ask, in all earnestness, what is the reason for this sorry exhibition? Surely Mr. Jinnah could not be said to have lost public confidence all of a sudden. Then is it that the Muslim League has become once again a dormant body? Or is it because certain people have joined the League? This is an important question.

There is no doubt that at the first meeting of the Board a lot of personal influence prevailed and later on at the second meeting of the Board, the open exhibition of personal interest and the walking out of a prominent member when a certain member was not selected as the General Secretary did produce a very bad effect on all present; but further the compromise adopted to please him and his party by selecting almost all his partymen who were also the candidates themselves, naturally shattered all hopes in the Selection Committee and this is the real reason why none but the members of the Selection Committee stood for the selection; this is the firm belief of many and this is another important question to be answered.

Howsoever difficult may have been the position, if as the result of it, the right sort of people had not come up, was it not in the interests of the Muslims for which the Muslim League must stand, that only such candidates as were be able to do service and as could enjoy the public confidence should have been selected and as for the rest to leave the Muslim public to decide their choice at the polls. This is, I submit, another important question.

I do not wish to go further, at present, as to how nominations were obtained and sent, how pledges were obtained etc., etc., and as to how finally matters were attempted to be settled. Those who attended the last meeting of the Board know the strong feeling expressed against the selections and by now their friends and almost all the anxious Muslim public, I feel certain, have come to know a great deal. Therefore, I once more make a request that it is necessary, and it will be in keeping with the interests of Muslims that such seats as the Muslim League cannot fill up with deserving candidates be left open.— Yours etc.

SHAIKH EBRAHIM MAHOMED.

New Nagpada Road.

Bombay.

## NAZI-JAPANESE PACT

(Continued from Page 6.)

formed a matter of discussion on the occasion of the recent visit of Marshal Rydz Smigly, Inspector-General of Polish Army, to France.

### Russian Reaction

In Moscow, the view of the German-Japanese Pact carrying not revealed ideas is held with much force. It is considered that it holds direction against Soviet Union and factors relating to China and certain arrangements in Europe. Speaking two days ago at the All Soviet Congress in Moscow, the Soviet Commissar for Foreign Affairs, M. Litvinoff, in a speech that has evoked some attention stated that a pact limited to the text published need not have been preceded by so long a period of negotiations, with military personages also participating, and kept in so much secrecy. He declared: "I assert, aware of all the responsibility of my words that negotiations were carried on for fifteen months and extend to a concealed document in which the word "communism" is not even mentioned." Strong statements were also made from the same platform by the Chiefs of Russia's naval and air forces. Admiral Orloff spoke of the striking advance of the Russian navy and of further extensions. About the Air Force, Commander Khripin, stated:—"It is the most powerful air force in the world. The country would have 100,000 airmen this year. Since 1935 production has increased by hundred per cent and by 400 per cent since 1932. There are hundreds of air destroyers capable of a speed up to 360 miles an hour. They can drop a battalion of fully armed men by parachute ready to attack the enemy in the rear within a few minutes". The speakers issued a pointed warning about the danger of an intervention against the Soviet Union. Words of caution were also directed closely to some of the Baltic States.

### Attention In Czechoslovakia

In Czechoslovakia, as a key State in Central Europe and having like France an agreement with Russia, the German-Japanese Pact has awakened close attention. The comments of semi-official publications like 'Lidovy Noviny' and 'Prager Presse' reflect no undue concern. Significant defence measures have been carried out in the country and the line of consolidation of the Little Entente has been well maintained and developed. The broad based coalition Government is seen as assuring good internal stability. Care is well kept to the course of improvement of understanding with Poland. The issue would appear to have been also raised by the Roumanian Foreign Minister, M. Antonescu, on the occasion of his visit last week to Warsaw. There are references to King Carol of Roumania who has recently been to Prague, visiting at an early date Warsaw and exerting as well for better understanding between Czechoslovakia and Poland.

### Opinion In Other Centres

Poland and Roumania where it would appear moves have been kept by Berlin to win opinion in favour of the Pact, reports indicate, have reacted with reserve and detachment. The selection of Roumania for an approach, at the same time, is seen with some interest. Polish opinion at present is held as being alert to not getting lightly mixed in a German-Russian conflict and the move of an Association, as suggested by Berlin, is indicated as implying danger for Poland by the semi-official "Gazetta Polska". In Hungary and Austria, it is considered, there is opinion in influential circles for the Pact. Turkish attitude displays little enthusiasm.

The German-Japanese Pact reveals the dynamics of certain currents. They are bound as also greatly with Italy, with tightness of internal situations intensified by various campaigns and strongly heavy military expenditures. The development urges move for assertive drive in foreign sphere in obtaining home background greatly for some States. The position behind this and the factors at hand in Europe show the uncertain nature of reactions and raise more closely the possibility of reactions in wider regions. Events in Europe in the period ahead, likely to be marked by sharp tendencies and important turns and variations, will be of closer significance also to courses outside Europe.


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No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

### Works in 24 Hours

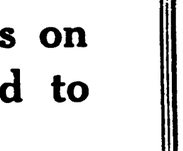
This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

### Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

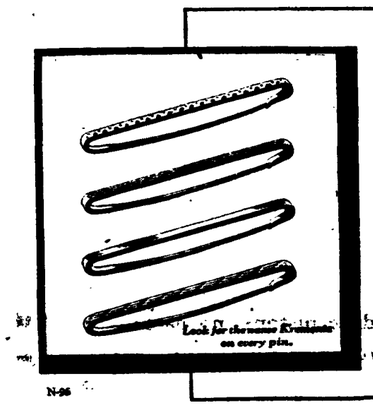
Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise activates the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Gianpini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

### Guaranteed To Work

Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are not an experiment. This simple home treatment, which can be used with absolute secrecy, is the prescription of an American doctor. It is amazingly successful and is giving new youth, vitality, and energy to millions in America. Because of its remarkable success, Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs are now distributed by chemists here, under a guarantee of complete satisfaction. For this reason you should not experiment with worthless drugs which may be drastic and irritating to the delicate gland and nervous system. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs not only have proved their sterling worth by helping millions of sufferers, but are guaranteed in your own particular case. Put Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs to the test. See for yourself how much younger, stronger, and more vigorous you can feel with this doctor's prescription. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must bring you a new feeling of energy, and vitality, and be entirely satisfactory or you simply return the empty package and it costs nothing under the guarantee. You are the sole judge of your own satisfaction. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and lasts eight days. As the guarantee fully protects you, you should get your treatment immediately so that you too will know what it is to feel 10 to 20 years younger and full of vigour and vitality. If your chemist fails to supply you with the genuine Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, do not take chances with any imitation or substitute.





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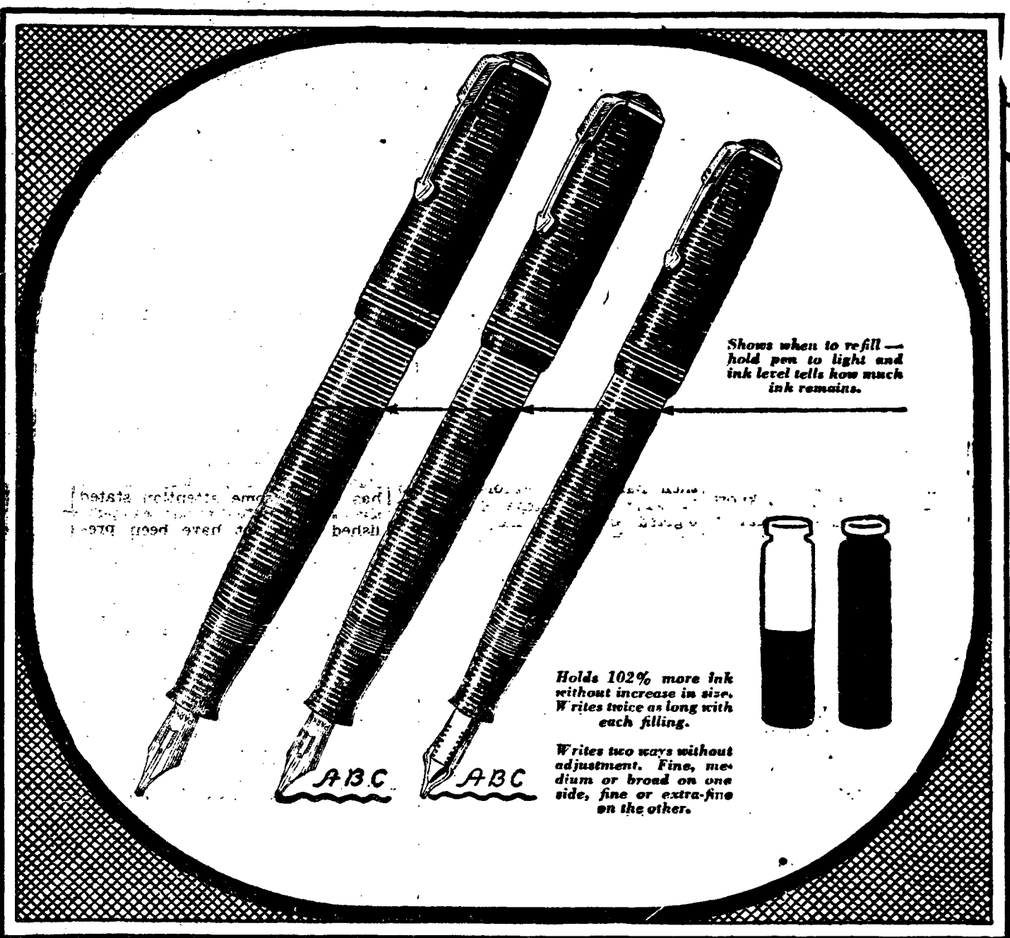
Shows when to refill—hold pen to light and ink level tells how much ink remains.
Holds 102% more ink without increase in size. Writes twice as long with each filling.
Writes two ways without adjustment. Fine, medium or broad on one side, fine or extra-fine on the other.
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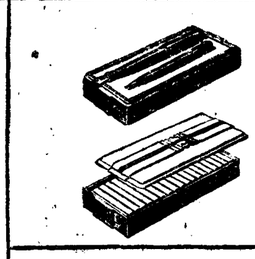

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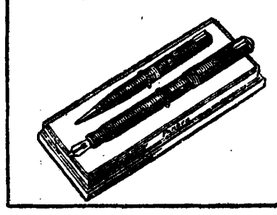

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# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 5 POINTS UP

## Silver Strong And Wheat Very Firm

BOMBAY, December 14.

**On Monday crossrates ruled quiet.**

**NEW YORK COTTON FIRM.**

**New York cotton was firm on trade and foreign buying influenced by steadiness abroad.**

**SILVER STRONG**

**London gold was quiet but silver was strong.**

**WHEAT VERY STRONG.**

**Wheat was very strong on heavy purchases by Italy. Jute and rubber ruled steady. Lead was firm.**

**SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST.**

**The London Stock Exchange was fairly active on scattered buying but business was limited. Gilt-edged securities were in fair request.**

## COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 12.38 |
| To-day's opening | 12.43 |
| Difference | +.05 |
| To-day's closing | 12.43 |
| Difference | +.05 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 6.70 |
| To-day's opening | 6.73 |
| Difference | +.03 |
| To-day's closing | 6.75 |
| Difference | +05 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 225-8

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec 14

Cotton displayed renewed speculative activity on broader outside interest which resulted in considerable rise in prices.

Operations in March commenced at 12.43 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on Liverpool cables and good trade and foreign buying influenced by steadiness abroad with March rising to 12.44 with a steady undertone.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.43 with a rise of 5 points for March delivery.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 14

The following were the opening ranges:—

January (12.31 12.31) 12.48 12.48
March (12.29 12.29) 12.45 12.43
May (12.11 12.11) 12.28 12.27

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 14

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American December (6.67) 6.77
American January (6.70) 6.75
Egyptian January (10.04) 10.06
Egyptian March (10.10) 10.13

### BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec 14

The market was closed at night.

## LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec 14

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

**METALS**

Tin (£234 1/4 buyers £234 1/2 sellers. Firm) £230 1/2 buyers £230 3/4 sellers. Easy

Lead (£24 9/16 buyers £24 5/8 sellers. Firm) £25 3/4 buyers £25 13/16 sellers. Strong.

Electrolytic Copper (£49 to £49 1/2) £49 to £49 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

**LINSEED**

Castorseed Bombay December January (£14 9/16 sellers) £14 5/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta December January (£14 1/16 sellers) £14 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£11 11/16 sellers) £11 13/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£16 3/8 paid and sellers) £16 3/8 sellers.

**TEA**

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1 1/4) 1-1 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-11) 1-11

**JUTE**

New Crop December January (£19 paid) £19 1/16 sellers

Dunlop January (£22 1/2 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers.

Lightning January (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

**RUBBER**

Spot (9 1/8 paid and sellers) 9 1/16 paid and value

Forward April June (9 paid and value) 9 1/16 paid and value

### BOMBAY BULLION

#### Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec 14
6-0 p.m.

| | Rs. | a. | p |
|---|---|---|---|
| Silver ready | 52 | 12 | 0 |
| Silver 1st settlement | 52 | 13 | 0 |
| Silver 2nd settlement | 52 | 15 | 0 |
| Gold ready | 35 | 1 | 3 |
| Gold 1st settlement | 35 | 1 | 6 |
| Gold 2nd settlement | 35 | 1 | 6 |
| Sovereigns | 22 | 4 | 0 |

## EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

#### Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.90 11/32 |
| To-day's opening | 4.90 25/32 |
| To-day's latest | 4.90 1/2 |

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 4.90 3/16 |
| To-day's opening | 4.90 5/16 |
| To-day's closing | 4.90 9/16 |
| Difference | +.00 3/8 |

FRANC RATE.

London, Dec 14

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 105.16 |
| To-day's opening | 105.15 |
| To-day's closing | 105.13 |
| Difference | —.03 |

## LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 14

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 5/16 and then rose slightly to 4.90 3/8 with very narrow movements thereafter.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.90 9/16.

Franc opened at 105.15 and then eased slightly to 105.16.

The sterling franc cross rates closed at 165.13.

## SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Dec 14

The following cable information was received from London to-night.

"India bought. China small seller. Market quietly steady."

**LONDON SILVER**

| | Last Price. | To-day's Price. |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 21 3/16d. | 21 3/8d. |
| Forward | 21 3/16d. | 21 3/8d. |

**LONDON GOLD**

London, Dec 14

Gold Bars fine per ounce (£7-1-10) £7-1-9

**DISCOUNTS**

London, Dec 14

3 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

4 months (13/16 to 7/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 7/8 per cent) 7/8 to 1 per cent.

**CROSS RATES**

London, Dec 14
3-30 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay (1.6 1/8) | 1.6 1/8 |
| Paris on Bombay (7.947) | 7.947 |
| New York on Bombay (37.07) | 37.07 |
| Berlin on Bombay (0.92 1/8) | 0.92 1/8 |
| London on Milan (93.18) | 93.18 |
| London on Shanghai (1-2 9/16) | 1-2 17/32 |
| London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) | 1-1 31/32 |

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec 14

Chicago wheat opened very strong with December at 1.32 1/2. Prices advanced on active buying by local and foreign interests encouraged by higher overseas cables.

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec 14

Liverpool wheat opened strong with December unquoted, March 103 and May 102. The market was again very active on general buying actuated by encouraging week-end cables from Chicago and Winnipeg while persistent Italian purchases together with reports of far east and United Kingdom enquiries further stimulated prices.

**BROWN BOLD LINSEED**
**May 1937 Delivery.**

Bombay, Dec 14

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.).

| | Rs. | a. | p |
|---|---|---|---|
| Rates at 11-0 a.m. | 7 | 11 | 3 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 7 | 10 | 6 |
| Rates at 3-0 p.m. | payment | | |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | 7 | 12 | 0 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

#### Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 14

| | Rs. | a. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat January | 5 | 11 | 6 |
| Wheat May 1937 | 5 | 9 | 3 |
| Linseed May 1937 | 7 | 12 | 3 |

Wheat and Linseed steady.

## INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec 14

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £96 1/4 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 14
3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were firm with only small business. Foreign bonds were irregular. Industrials were generally steady to firm. Kaffirs were firm but the demand slackened later.

**BRITISH FUNDS**

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£84 1/2) £84 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 7/8) £106 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 7/8) £107 7/8

5 per cent Indian Loan (£116 3/4) £116 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106) £106

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 1/2) £114 7/8

**INDUSTRIALS**

British Celanese 2nd Preference (17-3) 17-3

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 1/2) £4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 8 5/8) dol 8 3/8

Musical Industries (22-10 1/2) 22-10 1/2

Princhin Johnson (52-9) 52-9

Imperial Chemical (42-6) 42-6

Woolsworth New Ford (88-9) 88-9

Realisation 1930 (£94) £94 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (35-0) 35-0

Unilever Ordinary (39-9) 39-9

Ford Motors (33-0) 33-0

Cables and Wireless (£5 7/8) £6

British American Tobacco (130-7 1/2) 130-7 1/2

Carreas A (£12) £11 3/4 ex div

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (183-9) 183-9

P and O S N Company Deferred (31-6) 31-0

Distillers (120-6) 121-9

Bradford Dyers (8-6) 9-4 1/2

British Celanese (9-1 1/2) 9-1 1/2

J and P Coates Ordinary (52-7 1/2) 52-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (56-0) 56-0

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-1 1/2) 9-7 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (35-0) 35-0

Inter Nickels (£64 1/8) £64 1/2

Bengal Iron and Steel (9-9) 10-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

## INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec 14
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£118) £118

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109-1/2) £109 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113) £113

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/55 (£105 1/2) £105 1/2

**AUSTRALIAN LOANS**

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 1/4) £109 5/8

**TEA SHARES**

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2

Bonaro Tea (45-0) 45-0

Empire of India (27-3) 27-0 ex div

**RUBBER SHARES**

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 39-6

Gula Kelampong (46-10 1/2) 46-10 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (40-3) 40-3

**JUTE SHARES**

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

**MINING SHARES**

Nandy (61-3) 61-3

Burma Corporation (14-1 1/2) 14-1 1/2

Ric Tintos (£20 5/8) £20 5/8

East Rand Proprietors (77-0) 77-0

Rand Imam (£9 1/4) £9 3/8

**MINE SHARES**

Crown Mines (£15 7/8) £16

Gedule New (£11) £10 3/4 ex div

New Modders (38-9) 38-9

Sub Nigel (£13 1/4) £13 ex div

Spring Mines Split Shares (43-1 1/2) 41-3 ex div

Union Corporation (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

**OIL SHARES**

Venezuela Persian (52-6) 52-6

Anglo Iranian (93-1 1/2) 94-4 1/2

Burma Oil (101-10 1/2) 105-0

Musical Eagle (30-0) 30-0

Shell Transport (£120 5/8) £121 3/8

Royal Dutch (£44 3/4) £43 7/8

**HOME RAIL SHARES**

Great Western (£62) £63

L and S Ordinary (£32 1/4) £33

L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

Southern Dutch (£24 3/4) £25 1/8

London Paris 5 per cent (£134 3/4) £134 3/4

London 'C' Stock (£94 1/2) £96

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec 14

The following were the opening rates: General Motor (dol 68 3/4) dol 68 7/8

Anaconda Copper (dol 50 3/8) dol 50 3/4

U S Steel Common (dol 76 5/8) dol 76 3/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 143) unquoted.

## TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Monday, the 14th December 1936, tenders to the amount of £57,400,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and allotted approximately 2 per cent.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Monday, the 21st December 1936. Successful tenderers will have to take delivery of their allotment on Wednesday, the 23rd December 1936.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended 11th December 1936 was £1,000,000.

## LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE QUIET

### Far Eastern Loans Sharply Marked Down

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Stock Exchange:—With the return of more normal conditions markets were quiet. Material price changes were few. Far-Eastern loans were sharply marked down in response to latest reports from China. Argentine rails were strong on hopes of further relaxation of Argentine exchange control. Oils, coppers and kaffirs were firm. Westwits shot up to 345.

The commodities cocoa was strong and active in sympathy with New York. Lead was strong and active in growing appreciation of shortage of stocks.

Wheat was firm in sympathy with overseas foreign exchanges discounts in forward francs widened on bear selling.

Wall Street was quietly steady.

## JUTE SHARES STEADY

### Coals Unchanged And Teas Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec 14

Jutes ruled steady after the week-end but the turnover was not on a broad scale. Coals were more or less unchanged. There was limited business in teas at steady prices. In miscellaneous Indian Iron has again continued attention at gradually advancing rates while others disclosed no particular feature.

Government securities were better.

Following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: Two and three fourth per cent loan 1948/52 101/7, three and half per cent Government paper 100/1, three per cent U P Bonds 1961/66 100/2, four per cent loan 1960/70 115/6 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 101/9, five per cent loan 1939/44 108/12 small lot, four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 111/6

Banks: Central 35/8 small lot, Imperial conty 388 small odd lot, Reserve 137/8 small lot, Burdwan Cutwarly 93 ex div.

Cottons: Kesoram 4/2, Kesoram pref 133 small lot, New Victoria ordy 1/6

Coals: Amalgamated 23, Bengal 312, Burrakur 15/5, Bukaro and Ramgur 14, Mundulpore 7/10, New Beerbhoom 13/4, Parasea 1/7, Samla 1, South Karanpura 6/8.

Jutes: Agarpara 23/4, Anglo India pref 164, Barnagore 150, Belvedere 374, Clive 26/8, Delta 387, Delta pref 130, Hukumchand 11 cum div, Hooghly 32/8, Howrah 53/15, Kamarhatty 528, Kankarrah 438/8, Lansdowne 168 small lots, New Central pref 156, Presidency 4/8, Reliance 73/12, Waverley 1/14.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 9/15, Indian Copper Corporation 3/11, Lister Antiseptic ord 101/8, Lister Antiseptic pref 108, Bengal Telephone pref 14/15, Bareilly Electric 15/4, Rawalpindi Electric 28/2, U P Electric 207, Arthur Butler ord 19/2, Burn and Co. ord 291, Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 95, Indian Iron and Steel 17/7, Steaurt and Co 2, British Ceylon Corporation 7/8, Indo-Burma Petroleum ord 121, Midnapore Zemindary 88, Midnapore Zemindary pref 134, India General Navigation ord 109.

Sugars: Buland 12/2, Carew and Co 18/8

Teas: Barandighi 45/4, Daurachara 11/6, North Western Cachar 250, Singell 73/9.

Rubbers: Amalgamated Malay 2.25 ets.

Debentures: Three quarter Rangoon Municipal 100/1, four per cent Chitavalsh Jute 100/8—A. P.

## TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Monday, the 14th December 1936. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,53,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 76 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 3,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0/15/9 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Monday, the 21st December 1936. Successful tenderers should make payment on Wednesday, the 23rd December 1936. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 11th December 1936, Treasury Bills for Rs. 97,00,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

## MILITARY TRAINING CAMP

AMRAOTI (By Mail).

In his Circular No. 2, the General Secretary of the Shree Hanuman Vyayam Prasarak Mandal, Amraoti writes:

Looking to the urgent need for disciplinary military training to the youths in general, the Mandal has established Civic Defence Force and through it a series of Military Camps are being run since last 5 years. Hundreds of young as well as grown up people from different parts of India, have so far taken advantage of these camps and are propagating the training they received here. The syllabus includes Platoon drill, Company Drill, Aiming and Firing, Signalling, Reconnaissance etc: to be completed in 3 Camps. Along with these subjects, lectures are delivered on theory and other allied items.

This year's Camp begins at 4 P. M. on the 24th December and ends at 10 A.M. on the 1st January. Those representing physical institutions, volunteer corps, etc. will be given preference. This year's training Camp is open for I and II year courses only.

Persons wishing to join the Camp should ask, by sending stamps worth 3|4 anna, for circular No. 2, which gives detailed syllabus, rules, expenses, form of application etc. Applications seeking admission should reach the Mandal's office before 20th December.

## SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

BOMBAY, Dec. 14.

Turner Morrison and Coy's s.s. Kohinur of 3240 reg. tons Capt. J. Murray arrived on Sunday from Bassein, via Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Ponani, Calicut, Badagra and Cannanore with rice and general cargo.

Anglo-Iranian Oil Coy's Tanker s.s. British Aviator of 4136 reg. tons Capt. J. T. Conningham arrived from Abadan, with furnace and Diesel oil cargo.

DEPARTURES

BOMBAY, Dec. 14.

O. S. Kaisha's s.s. Koshin Maru of 4432 reg. tons Capt. T. Horie sailed for Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Dec. 14.

S.S. Castila, Agents Graham's Trading Co. from Liverpool:—33 cases earthenware, 111 cases Cistrens, 8 trusses hair belting, 20 ls. Sanatorces, 17 cases elect. goods, 202 ls. pneumatic covers, 1213 bags tyres and tubes, 27 casks dry colour 119 cases cotton fents, 524 bags cotton, 328 pls. earthenware, 34 bundles steel pipe and bends, 275 bundles steel spring, 160 loose laminated spring 21 cases wood screws, 27 packages leather cloth, 44 cases biscuits, 40 drums sodan sulphide, 180 bundles confectionery, 16 loose steel tyres, 30 pls. sanitary el. ware, 570 bags China clay, 21 cases tools, 33 cases whisky, 400 bags soda ash, 25 bundles boat protectors, 125 bags old newspapers, 190 cases condensed milk, 10 cases Ginger Ale, 129 bundles steel bars, 66 cases cand fruits, 80 cases machinery, 817 bundles mis. circles, 25 bales spun silk yarn, 73 bundles cycle rims, 40 drums paint, 500 steel railings, 60 cases soap, 24 bags wool tops, 564 bundles carr. sheet 36 cases accumulators, 400 bundles steel sheet, 36 crts. looms, 44 cases finished leather, 26 truses cotton ropes, 10 drums boiler composition, 342 cases Quaker oats, 21 crts. tomato juice, 113 cases arms and ammunition, 125 cases cotton yarn, 40 cases carbonate of ammonia, 200 drums bleaching powder, 200 kegs. hydro sulphide of soda, 12 drums solid caustic soda, 20 cases enamell ware, 700 bags steel keys, 20 cases sanitary el. ware, 127 cases mfd. other sorts, 37 cases sewing cotton thread, 23 cases reels,

From Glasgow:—46 bales old news, 27 Hishede Ale, 22 bundles m's. Hoops, 12 loose m.s. angles, 251 bundles tubes, 114 bundles steel bars.

EXPORTS

BOMBAY, Dec. 14.

S.S. Elysia for Glasgow:—2464 bags groundnut cake, K. Devchand and Co., Ltd. 110 bags hemp, S. Furmanand, 1700 bags gr. oil cake, F. H. Kassam.

For Marseilles:—117 bags gum, N. Muljee and Co., 600 bundles henna leaves, S. M. Rajgar and Co., 63 bales cotton fly, V. R. Sant and Co,

For Liverpool:—1400 bags ground nut oil cake L. Dreyfus and Co., 122 bales cotton yarn, Volkart Bros.

For Manchester:—125 cases cotton, Volkart Bros., 53 bags gum, N. Muljee and Co.

S.S. City of Corinth for Manchester:—22 bales cotton T. waste, V. A. Sane and Co., 25 bales cotton fly., V. A. Sane and Co., 250 bales cotton The Blly. Company Ltd.

For Liverpool:—50 bales cotton, V. A. Sane and C., 1400 bags groundnut oil cake, Mantre and Co., 1300 bags groundnut oil cake, H. Rawji and Co., 1000 bags groundnut oil cake H. Prasad and Co., Ltd., 250 bags cotton, V. Ladha and Co.

S.S. Fotenicarras for Antwerp:—1350 bags gr. oil cake H. Rawji and Co., 30 bales cotton waste clean. P. D. Vora, 28 bales cotton waste C. Jairam and Co., 404 bags gum, N. Muljee and Co.

For Rotterdam:—1000 packets gr. oil cake A. Oomerbhoy.

S.S. Nagpore for Kobe:—1000 bales cotton, N. Nagsee and Co., 200 bales cotton Japan Cotton H. Co., 400 bales cotton N. Manilal and Co. 500 bales cotton, A. Khimji and Co., 400 bales cotton V. Ladha and Co., 500 bales cotton R. Kanji and Co., 200 bales cotton N. Fatehally and Co.

S.S. Hokushin Maru for Yokkaichi:—100 bales cotton Ralli Bros., 300 bales cotton S. Karamshi and Co., 100 bales cotton M. Amersey and Co.

For Kobe:—500 bales cotton B. Gangadhar, 200 bales cotton Kotak and Co. 200 bales cotton A. Podar and Co.

For Osaka:—100 bales cotton, Kotak and Co.

## FROM ACROSS THE SEAS

(Continued from Page 6.-

greatest romance in the history of royalty.

A hundred years ago the Habsburg Archduke Johann of Austria startled the proud society of Vienna by renouncing all his rights and privileges in order to marry Anna Plochli a young Styrian peasant girl. The Archduke Johann was the son of the Emperor Leopold. Anna was the daughter of the village postmaster. The marriage was a success. It was popular with the people, and in their minds has become the symbol of romance. The Archduke withdrew to the Tyrol, where he was allowed to assume the title of the Count of Meran. His descendants retain the title to this day, and the present Count of Meran is a young attache at the Austrian Legation in London. It was in honour of the young Count that the Austrian Legation planned the ball weeks ago. No one could have foreseen that it would coincide with the crisis in the British royal family.

Incidentally, it is the greatest of all Habsburgs who provides the only example of a successful and voluntary abdication in history. This was the gifted Emperor Charles V., "the chief of all men that had ever been or would ever be." At the age of 55, with half Europe under his sway, he decided to retire from the cares of empire. He withdrew to a little house attached to the monastery at Yuste in North Spain. There he lived happily for three years shooting pigeons, tending his garden, and making clocks and mechanical toys.

**League Diaries**

Among the flood of diaries published by various organisations which is now pouring into Fleet Street is an excellent little one which comes from the League of Nations Union.

Its first twenty-five pages are given over to a concise account of the League of Nations, its composition and objects, and the work which it has done in various fields. A good deal of this information, such as the League's record in the matter of finance and economics, international health, social questions, child welfare, and the refugees problem, is not nearly well enough known, at any rate by people who are not members of the union. A short note in bold type estimates the amount which Great Britain will have to pay towards the League's expenses in 1937 at £150,000 and points out that this is less than the cost of two of the heaviest guns.

At a time when the provisions of the Covenant, particularly articles 11 and 16, are constantly forming part of international problems it would have been a public service if the editors of the diary had made them available in a form in which they could be carried about for reference. Of course, the Union has published the Covenant in a handy form but in a diary it would have more chance of not being mislaid.

**No Foreign Wives**

If Mr. Roosevelt's rule that American diplomats should not marry foreign wives had applied to the British service, Sir Miles Lampson, the High Commissioner for Egypt, and Sir Archibald Clark Kerr, the Ambassador in Irak, would have had to resign.

Lady Lampson is the daughter of Sir Aldo Castellani, the Italian specialist. Lady Clark Kerr is a Chilean. Great Britain is the least strict of all the leading Powers in this respect. Only on rare occasions is the formal permission of the Secretary of State withheld. Strictest of all the leading countries now is Germany. In addition to the ordinary requirements from Civil Servants that their brides-to-be should be of pure Aryan descent, Bismark's rule, which had almost lapsed, has been revived by the Nazis. This was that marriages with foreigners were not allowed. Exceptions have been cut down to members of families of German blood now subjects of other countries.

**That Is Progress**

Here is a good story from Vienna, to which Dr. Schuschnigg has recently returned from a visit to the Tyrol. He went to the Tyrol to persuade local Burgomasters to try to secure more support for the Clerical dictatorship among the peasants. After his visit the village elders of one Tyrolese community went to the Burgomaster and said: "We enjoyed the fine language of the Chancellor in his speech, but tell us, what is the meaning of his constant references to 'Austria's Progress' under the new Clerical Government? What is this 'Progress'?"

"Well, 'Kinder,' replied the Burgomaster. "I don't myself know, but I am going to Vienna and will ask Schuschnigg." In due course he was received by the Chancellor and put Tyrolese perplexities before him. "I'll soon show you," replied Schuschnigg. "Look out of the window at the Ballplatz and tell me what you see," "I see a motor car and a man getting out of it," answered the Tyrolese. "Good. Now if you come next year you will see two motors and two men getting out of them, and in two years you will see four motors and four men getting out of them. That is what I mean by Austria's Progress!"

Returned to his village, the Burgomaster summoned his elders and said: "Well, the Chancellor explained to me what Austria's Progress under his regime means Look out of the window and tell me what you see."

"Why, I only see our village church and a dirty beggar sitting on the door-step," answered Sepp Bauernreither. "All right. Now if you come next year to me and look out, you will see two churches and two beggars and in two years time four churches and four beggars—and that is what Austria's Progress under the Clerical regime means."

**Stalin**

It is stated that foreign diplomats, who all, except the German Ambassador, Count Schulenburg, used their tickets to hear Stalin make his first public speech, since the early years of the Revolution, were astonished at his dull, hesitating delivery and muffled voice.

His throat has always been his weak spot, and in about two hours and a half he rather noisily drank three pint bottles of Caucasian mineral water, once or twice emptying the dregs of his glass on to the floor. All who knew Russian were struck by his thick Georgian accent—equivalent to the way Italians are made to speak English in American plays. Those who knew Russian at all well were shocked by his grammar and syntax, although he was obviously trying to follow a typescript. They had not realised he was such a poor linguist. The Diplomatic Corps had also not realised how tiny the Red Dictator was until, watching from their gallery in the Kremlin's former throne-room, they saw him straddle down from the high "presidium" to the pulpit-like rostrum below.

The only foreigner present who had ever met the elusive Dictator was Lord Chilston, the British Ambassador. This was on the occasion of Mr. Eden's visit to Moscow. When the Soviet authorities first heard that the British Ambassador was to accompany the Foreign Secretary for his interview with Stalin, they said it was against precedent for him to see diplomats. They gave way when Mr. Eden replied that it was his normal practice to pay State visits of this kind with the British Ambassador. The other heads of diplomatic missions had only seen him perched high on the roof of Lenin's tomb surrounded by his personal lieutenants, all little men. In popular pictures he is made to look tall by his being snapped slightly from below, usually in a full-length Red Army "houppelande," or seated behind a table. This is done because he is very short in the leg. On the other hand, most foreigners were agreeably surprised by the sharpness of his purely Asiatic features, somewhat like those of old Tartar khans out hawking in Russian paintings. All photographs hide his face, flattening it out to a breadth of high, wide-set cheek bones.

## BRITAIN NEEDS POPULAR FRONT

### Liberals' Solution For Fascist-Communist Rivalry

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The demand for a Popular Front in Britain is growing increasingly. Evidence of this was forthcoming at a Liberal School held during the week-end at the Jordans School near Beaconsfield.

Sir Walter Layton, who has been campaigning for a Popular Front in Britain for some time, said that the movement for a Popular Front must grow up from beneath the masses of the people and in that way bring influence upon party leaders. Sir Walter said: "The Labour Party knows that they cannot wait eight or ten years for a chance to put things right. Liberals cannot afford to wait either." There was no reason why the world should be divided into Communist and Fascist camps but that would be the case if the democracies of the world continued to count themselves out.

Continuing, Sir Walter said: "We indict it for misunderstanding the international situation and for not realising that the democratic peoples of the world are ready to follow Great Britain whenever it gives a lead to democracy."

What may be called a practical approach to the idea of a Popular Front was outlined by Liberal Baratt Brown."

"Our immediate task is to bring far various communities of progressive thought are prepared to go together along the same road. We must put forward a definite programme and see how many persons are prepared to support it."—United Press.

# Domestic And Foreign Trade Buying In Cotton

## Scarcity Of Contracts

### Maritime Strike Restricts Cotton From U. S. A.

BOMBAY, December 14.

On Saturday the New York cotton futures market opened very steady but trading was inactive. Higher Liverpool cables were offset by week-end long liquidation, realising and local as well as New Orleans selling. Domestic and foreign trade were again the best buyers. Demand was less aggressive with some disposition to await developments. Spot demand was less active but firm while textiles remained quieter but steady but the market steadied up on covering and replacement buying.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

The market was firmer and more active on removal of two uncertainties viz., the publication of crop report December 8th and 1937 soil conservation plans. Speculators re-entered the market on the theory that it should now reflect advances in other commodities.

Conservation plans were well received removing fears of unrestricted production. Under the plan growers are offered five cents per pound on the basis of average yield for cotton land diverted to soil conserving crop up to 35 per cent of the base acreage. Full compliance would mean an acreage of about 29,000,000 but allowing for non-co-operators it may approximate to 31,000,000 which is the same as this year. Others feel that the existing incentives for increasing the acreage may result in as much as 34,000,000 acres. However all ideas thus far are purely conjectural.

Exports continue below the last year's figures but an improvement is expected when the maritime strike is settled permitting the movement of the accumulated stocks at ports

The goods market was strong though sales for the first time for several months were below the production

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 2 points with March 12.29 but declined one point from the opening level and March was quoted 12.28 which was lowest level for the day. Later on there was improved demand which resulted in a rise of 11 points from the lowest level and the market closed at about the highest level at a net rise of 18 points for near months but distant deliveries gained 11 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 11 points at 12.98c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly active and firm and closed at a rise of 16 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 13 points at 12.85c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with March 6.67. Apart from some trade calling business was confined to professionals. Later light hedge selling met with trade calling with some Bombay buying of distant positions. The market closed at a net rise of 2 to 1 point. Middling American spot cotton prices declined one point at 6.92d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed unchanged. At the close January, March and May deliveries were quoted 5.59.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

With a limited business the Egyptian cotton futures market was fairly steady and Sakels futures closed unchanged to 2 points up. Uppers futures also closed at a rise of one point.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet with scattered world production at 30,426,000 bls. to 8 points and Ashmouni contracts were 2 points up to 4 points down.

STATISTICAL OUTLOOK

Messrs. M. and B. Stern state:

Garside's estimate for U.S.A. mill consumption in November is 620,000 bales. Garside estimates world production at 30,426,000 bls. against 26,262,000 bales in 1935, 22,873,000 bales in 1934 and 26,111,000 bales in 1933. Outside growths are estimated at 1,830,000 bales against 15,767,000 bales in 1935, 13,297,000 bales in 1934 and 13,399,000 bales in 1933. With regard to consumption our H. Office in their Market-Report of 2nd December write as follows:—"The N. Y. Cotton Service on the basis of the first three months of the season estimates the domestic consumption of American cotton for the total season at 7,240,000 bales and 4,760,000 bales abroad. This estimate of 12 million for consumption is somewhat surprising when compared with last year's figure of 12-1/2 million bales and if correct, will probably cause a greater release of Government loan cotton than originally contemplated."

PRIVATE CABLES

| | |
|---|---|
| N. Y. March Highest (12 noon) | 12.39+12 |
| N. Y. March Lowest (10-21 a.m.) | 12.28+01 |
| Liverpool March Highest | 6.70+02 |
| Liverpool March Lowest | 6.67—01 |

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York.—Market improved on outside buying and fixations. Contracts scarce.

New York.—Sellers' scarce. Strong demand for near months. Trade and speculators buying.

New York.—Market dominated by strength of spots and continued heavy trade fixing. With contracts scarce, nears may work up 12 1/2 cents level. New crops mildly helped by agricultural plan but expect better buying opportunities.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable advices from their Foreign friends:—

New York:—"Near months shorts covering due to strong spot situation. Bulls more confident. Better undertone, looks higher."

Messrs. M and B. Stern have received the following cable from their Liverpool Head office:—

"Cotton:—With restriction new crops announced and good demand think market will work temporarily higher."

## Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | Cwts. |
|---|---|
| Wheat | 10,674 |
| Linseed | 66 |
| Gingellyseed | 3,342 |
| Poppyseed | 215 |
| Groundnuts | 20,212 |
| Castorseed | 695 |
| Rice | 29,274 |
| Myrabollams | 1,980 |
| Cottonseed | 27,016 |
| Gram | 599 |
| Jeowar | 255 |
| Bajree | 734 |
| Indian Sugar | 1,932 |
| | Tons. |
| Coal | 1,908 |

## Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready Javas | 13 4 0 |
| Shipment December | 3 11 0 |
| Shipment Jan-Mar. | 3 11 0 |
| Shipment July-Sept. | 3 12 0 |
| Kesar (new crop) | 13 5 0 |
| Saraya | 11 15 0 |
| Java Spot | F.4.30 |

## WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Dec. 12.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations New York Stock Exchange:

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amer Forn Power Common | 8 |
| Amer Forn Power Pfd 7 p.c. | 60 |
| Elec. Pow and Light | 23 |
| Electric Bond Common | 22 |
| Consolidated (Gas) Edison | 45 |
| Columbia Gas | 17 |
| American Tel. and Tel. | 188 |
| Western Union Telgm. | 83 1/4 |
| New York Central Rly. | 44 1/4 |
| Union Pacific | 131 |
| Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt | 12 |
| Republican Steel | 28 |
| Skelley Oil | 43 |
| St. Regis Paper | 10 |
| Mid Continental Oil | 26 |
| United States Steel | 76 3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 50 3/4 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 62 3/4 |
| General Motors | 68 3/8 |
| General Electric | 51 1/2 |
| Radio Corporation | 12 |
| Socony | 15 5/8 |
| American Tobacco 'B | 97 |
| Chase Bank | 44 |
| National City Bank | 36 1/2 |
| Sun Life of Canada | 612 |
| Amer. Car Foundry | 56 |
| Elec. P and Light 7 p.c. Prfd. | 93 |
| Amer. Cyn. 'B' | 33 |
| Central Foundry | 9 |

Market firm—Steels, oil, probable leaders next week Brazilian traction have declared a dividend of 40 cents.

## SHARP RISE IN SEEDS

### Active Buying In Cottonseeds

Bombay, Dec 14

The local seeds market was strong with active buying which resulted in a sharp rise.

Groundnuts opened at Rs. 44/13 and after declining to Rs. 44/8 advanced to Rs. 45/14 and later were quoted at Rs. 45/10.

Castorseeds were firm at Rs. 39/8 after opening at Rs. 38/8.

Cottonseeds reached high levels as anticipated January opened at Rs. 20/15 and advanced to Rs. 21/13 but the rise was checked by realising and prices were quoted at Rs. 21/6. May opened at Rs. 21/15 and after advancing to Rs. 22/15 declined to Rs. 22/8. The undertone of the market was firm. Closing quotations:—

Groundnuts Feb—

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Opening | 44 12 0 |
| Highest | 45 15 0 |
| Lowest | 44 8 0 |
| Closing | 45 5 6 |
| Castorseed May— | |
| Opening | 38 8 0 |
| Highest | 39 8 0 |
| Lowest | 38 6 6 |
| Closing | 39 0 0 |
| Cottonseed Jan— | |
| Opening | 20 15 0 |
| Highest | 21 12 6 |
| Lowest | 20 14 0 |
| Closing | 21 5 6 |
| May delivery— | |
| Opening | 21 15 0 |
| Highest | 22 15 0 |
| Closing | 22 8 0 |

## MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| T C RATES— | |
| T T D D | 1/6 1/32 |
| LONDON— | |
| Banks selling T T D D— | |
| | 1/6 1/8 |
| Banks buying T T | 1/6 1/32 |
| Banks buying D D | 1/6 3/16 |
| Banks buying 3 mos | 1/6 7/32 |
| NEW YORK— | |
| B C Rate T T | 272 7/8 |
| Banks selling T T | 270 7/8 |
| Banks buying T T | 268 3/4 |
| PARIS | |
| Banks selling T T | 789 |
| Banks buying T T | 804 |
| BELGIUM | |
| Banks selling T T | 77 3/8 |
| Banks buying T T | 77 |
| BERLIN | |
| Banks selling D D | 67 3/4 |
| JAVA— | |
| Banks selling D D | 67 3/8 |
| HONGKONG | |
| Banks selling D D | 83 3/8 |
| SHANGHAI | |
| Banks selling D D | 80 3/4 |
| SINGAPORE | |
| Banks selling D D | 156 1/4 |
| BERLIN | |
| Banks selling D D | 91 |
| CROSS RATE— | |
| New York London | 4.90 11/32 |
| 12th instant | |
| Com London | 1/2 |
| 14th instant | |
| London | 8.96 1/4 |
| 14th instant | |
| Hongkong London | 1/3 1/32 |
| 14th instant | |
| Shanghai London | 1/2 7/16 |
| 14th instant | |
| London Paris | 105.16 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Belgium | 29.00 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Switzerland | 21.32 3/4 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Berlin | 12.18 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Stockholm | 19.39 1/2 |
| 12th instant | |
| London New York | 4.90 3/16 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Amsterdam | 9.00 1/2 |
| 12th instant | |
| London Italy | 93.18 |
| 12th instant | |
| Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm. | |
| 11th instant | £7-1-9 1/2 |
| 12th instant | £7-1-10 |
| Silver London Ready | |
| 11th instant | 21 3/16 |
| 12th instant | 21 3/16 |
| Silver London Forward | |
| 11th instant | 21 3/16 |
| 12th instant | 21 3/16 |
| Silver New York Ready. | |
| 11th instant | 45 |
| 12th instant | 45 |
| London Discounts 3 Mos | |
| 11th instant | 1 1/8 p.c. |
| 12th instant | 1 1/8 p.c. |
| London Discount 6 Mos | |
| 11th instant | 1 p.c. |
| 12th instant | 1 p.c. |
| Reserve Bank Rate | 3 p.c. |
| Bank of England Rate | 2 p.c. |
| Money— | |
| Call | 3/4 p.c. |
| 3 Mos. | 3/4 p.c. |
| 6 Mos | 1 p.c. |
| Tone:—Steady. | |

## Teji Mandi Premiums

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Cotton Broach A/M. | 14 0 0 |
| Cotton Broach monthly | 3 0 0 |
| Silver Magsar | 0 15 0 |
| Silver Posh | 1 12 0 |
| Gold Magsar | 0 3 3 |
| Gold Posh | 0 6 0 |
| Linseed May | 0 2 6 |
| Wheat January | 0 2 6 |
| Wheat May | 0 7 3 |

## High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 222 1/2; Highest 223 1/2; Lowest 222 1/2; Closing 223 1/2

Oomra D/J. Op. 202 3/4; Highest 203 3/4; Lowest 202 3/4; Closing 203 3/4

Oomra March Op. 202; Highest 202 3/4; Lowest 202; Closing 202 3/4

Bengal D/J. Op. 164 1/4; Highest 165; Lowest 164 1/4; Closing 165.

Bengal March Op. 163 3/4; Highest 163 3/4; Lowest 163 1/2; Closing 163 3/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-12-36) Rs. 2 3/4

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 14 1/4

## Cotton Arrivals

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts into Bombay on 11th December | 14,654 |
| Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 | 391,271 |
| Receipts into Bombay same time last season | 390,034 |
| Increase | 1,237 |

## Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 242.50—240 |
| February | 230.20—200 |
| March | 226.70—250 |
| April | 223.50—190 |

## N. Y. Silver

New York, Dec. 12.

Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 45 1/4 cents.

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 14th day of December 1936

Broach Fully Good Quality Vaidas

| (B.T.) | April-May 1936-37 |
|---|---|
| 10-30 | Rs. 224 |
| 12-30 | Rs. 224 |
| 1-30 | Rs. 225/12 |
| 4-30 | Settlement Rs. 225/12 April-May. |
| Highest | Rs. 226 |
| Lowest | Rs. 224 |

## Alexandria Market

Bombay, Dec. 14.

The Alexandria Cotton Exchange will remain closed to-day (Monday).

## Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec 14

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Yellow metal sheets | 35 12 0 |
| Copper sheets | 45 12 0 |

## BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Following a rise of 11 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open to-day at Rs. 225 for Broach A/M. delivery but weak opening of Osaka Sampin quotations, had unfavourable effect and the market opened at Rs. 224 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 223/12 on long liquidation. Later on prices improved to Rs. 224/4 on better Osaka closing quotations where the opening decline was wiped out. It is believed that heavy spot interest in the local market is covered up and the market is overbought. Thus with weak technical positions there can be no reason for a material rise.

Later on there was considerable nervous short covering by professional operators and prices advanced to Rs. 225. There being large call option in the basis of Rs. 225 sellers of option rights came out as free buyers and Broach prices rose to Rs. 225/12. Liverpool market also opened at a rise of 3 points and later was quoted 4 points up. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Broach A-M | 225 12 0 |
| Oomra D-J | 205 0 0 |
| Oomra March | 204 4 0 |
| Bengal D-J | 167 0 0 |
| Bengal March | 165 12 0 |

## Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 14

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY Since 1st Sept.

| In full-pressed bales 12-12-36. | This year. |
|---|---|
| Khandesh | 2,185 24,981 |
| Central India | 2,495 32,555 |
| Barsi and Nagar | 1,057 25,618 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | 136 6,776 |
| Berar | 8,552 115,766 |
| Central Provinces | 1,039 28,549 |
| Total Oomras | 5,464 229,045 |
| Dolera | 105 2,927 |
| N W Provinces | ... 2,638 |
| Rajputana | 299 5,821 |
| Sind-Punjab | 2,136 80,175 |
| Broach | ... 2,213 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 83 6,787 |
| Westerns Northerns | 102 6,032 |
| Cocoanada | ... 16 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | ... 1,067 |
| Persian | ... 8 |
| American | ... 2,767 |
| Egyptian and African | 183 70,146 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | ... 1 |
| Total | 18,372 490,643 |

## Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 10th Dec

| In full-pressed bales 12-12-36. | This year. |
|---|---|
| Europe | 1,699 72,755 |
| Japan and China | 8,565 224,603 |
| Coast Ports | ... 5,236 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... 44,531 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | ... 55,989 |
| Total | 10,264 403,124 |

## Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 178/81 |
| Bengal Fine | 174/75 |
| C. P. 1 | 221/23 |
| C. P. 2 | 213/14 |
| Arvi | 213/14 |
| Ellichpur | 211/13 |
| Berar | 208/10 |
| Khamgaon | 200/11 |
| Mulkapur | 207/08 |
| Khandesh | 205/07 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 205/07 |
| Burwah Sanavad 1935/36 crop. | 210/11 |
| Broach | 219/24 |
| Dhollera | 209/14 |
| Punjab/American | 309/14 |
| Sind, N.T. | 234/39 |
| Punjab 289F. | 246/51 |
| Cambodia | 259/64 |
| Compta | 214/24 |
| Westerns | 209/14 |
| Miraj | 209/14 |
| Jagadia Ankleshwar | 244/46 |
| Surat | 254/56 |
| Navsari | 262/64 |

## Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | Extra Spr-fine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M. G.— | | | | | |
| Bengal U. P. | ... 175 | 172 | 169 | 166 | |
| Punjab | ... 175 | 172 | 169 | 166 | |
| Oomra No. 3 | 214 | 211 | 208 | 205 | ... |
| C. P. No. 1 | 229 | 226 | 223 | 220 | ... |
| C P. No. 2 | 219 | 216 | 213 | 210 | ... |
| Khandesh | 211 | 208 | 205 | 202 | ... |

## Cotton Tenders

Bombay, Dec. 14.

To-day 350 bales of Oomra Cotton were tendered against D/J. delivery. Total tenders 1500 bales. Bengal nil.

## Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

Jan. 127 May 147 Cross Rate 4.90 11/32

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M. 1937 225+Liverpool May 6.70 Rs. 66 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1937 225—New York May 12.22 Rs 52 at Cross Rate 4.90 11/32

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| F.P. Bales | 1936-37 | 1935-36 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 12-12-36 | 4806000 | 5089000 |
| Receipts Yesterday 12-12-36 | 24000 | 29000 |
| Exports to date 12-12-36 | 2618000 | 2967000 |
| Stock at Ports 11-12-36 | 2940000 | 2945000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 11-12-36 | 2327000 | 1369000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 11-12-36 | 825000 | 579000 |
| Visible Supply 11-12-36 | 6757000 | 6937000 |
| Quantity in sight 11-12-36 | 9003000 | 8565000 |
| Quantity out of sight 11-12-36 | 5498000 | 4734000 |

## Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. on London | |
| Previous closing | 1.2 9/16 |
| To-day's opening | 1.2 7/16 |
| Tone—Uncertain. | |

## GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 14.

On Saturday London gold prices improved 1/2d to £7-1-10. London-Paris Exchange rate was one point up at 105.16. London-New York cross rate was quoted 4.90 11/32. London silver prices were unchanged at 21 3/16. India was a small buyers with little general selling. The market was quietly steady. New York silver was quoted unchanged at 43 1/4 cents while Montreal silver futures were 5 points up to 5 points down. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 1.2 7/16. In the local market to-day business was restricted but local Chokseys were reported best buyers which hardened silver prices, gold market was quiet but steady with a small business.

| GOLD— | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Ready | 35 1 9 |
| Magsar | 35 1 6 |
| Posh | 35 1 3 |
| SILVER— | |
| Ready | 52 9 0 |
| Magsar | 52 9 6 |
| Posh | 52 12 0 |

## LONDON BULLION MARKET

London, Nov. 25.

Messrs. Samuel Montagu and Co., have issued the following report:—

GOLD.

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £248,666,346 on the 18th instant, showing no change as compared with the previous Wednesday.

In the open market about £2,150,000 of bar gold was disposed of at the daily fixing. Offerings were taken mainly for New York, prices continuing to be fixed at about dollar parity.

It was announced yesterday by the Secretary to the United States Treasury that the right of private individuals to export gold, which had been previously permitted under licence to countries on an effective gold standard, was now abolished. In future gold exports will be made only through the Stabilisation Fund to countries adhering to the Monetary Agreement concluded on October 13th last, which procided for an official reciprocal exchange of gold against currencies between parties to the agreement.

The new decree only regularises a condition which in fact already existed and in no way affects the right of private institutions to import gold into the United States for sale to the Treasury.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of gold registered from midday on the 16th instant to midday on the 23rd instant:

IMPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| British West Africa | £ 65,298 |
| Tanganyika Territory | 8,423 |
| British India | 349,767 |
| Australia | 407,500 |
| New Zealand | 35,449 |
| France | 3,426,442 |
| Netherlands | 89,002 |
| Belgium | 16,141 |
| Siam | 5,300 |
| Venezuela | 21,660 |
| Other countries | 26,180 |
| | £4,451,162 |

EXPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. A. | £1,215,503 |
| British India | 11,750 |
| France | 53,461 |
| Germany | 5,800 |
| Other countries | 1,000 |
| | £1,287,514 |

The amount of gold shipped last week from Bombay was about £336,000 per s.s. "Strathmore".

SILVER.

Prices have continued to fluctuate, but movements during the past week have been smaller. The market has been quiet and the tone indefinite, as the Indian Bazaars and speculators have both bought and sold.

A slightly easier tendency developed towards the end of the week, the level of prices not attracting fresh buying in any volume, although there were some bearer covering purchases at the lower rates. There have been China sales, but offerings have continued on rather a meagre scale.

The immediate outlook is uncertain, as the market is sensitive and would respond easily to pressure either way.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver registered from midday on the 16th instant to midday on the 23rd instant:—

IMPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Japan | £ 80,421 |
| Manchuria | 10,954 |
| British India | 16,536 |
| British Malaya | 4,113 |
| Belgium | 7,193 |
| New Zealand | 1,955 |
| Other countries | 2,857 |
| | £124,029 |

EXPORTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Southern Rhodesia | £ 41,298* |
| Aden and Dependencies | 11,479 |
| British India | 11,615 |
| Poland | 47,850 |
| France | 7,315 |
| Switzerland | 3,634 |
| Austria | 2,990 |
| Sweden | 2,850 |
| Portugal | 1,676 |
| Other countries | 6,441 |
| | £137,143 |

*Coin at face value.

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from the 19th November to the 25th November was dol 4.90 1/4 and the lowest dol 4.88 3/4.

## Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Our market is strong with extensive buying and short covering influenced by bullish foreign advices. The continent is a large buyer of wheat and Italy is reported buying heavily which is hardening Liverpool and London prices. In the local market general feeling is bullish and sellers are scarce.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Linseed May | 7 12 3 |
| Wheat January | 5 11 6 |
| Wheat May | 5 9 3 |

# Holiday Feeling In Share Bazar

## Marked Absence Of Business

### Market Dull And Uninteresting

BOMBAY: December 14.

The local Share Bazar was dull and uninteresting with a marked absence of any important business.

Quotations on the forward list show small variations without any important change as most of the business was confined among jobbers only.

Money market is becoming tight and the harvesting period has diverted funds to marketing of crops where there is a better yield, This has resulted in a cessation of investment buying on the exchange.

Present prices are high enough and the market being overbought, there seems little inducement for any new buyer, but the market being highly manipulated by powerful Bull-Operators, there is utter absence of any undue short interest.

In view of approaching Holidays the market displays more or less holiday feeling. The market will remain closed on Wednesday, the 16th inst., being a public holiday. Trading for the next settlement will commence from Friday, the 18th inst. and the current January Vaida will terminate on the 5th January, 1937. The Share Bazar will remain closed from 24th inst. to 4th January for X'mas and New Year holidays.

Bombay Dyeing shares were active and prices after opening at Rs. 790 declined to Rs. 785 and closed firm at Rs. 795. Century shares came in business at Rs. 156 while Nagpurs were done at Rs. 251.

Indian Cements were steady at Rs. 534, while Bundis improved to Rs. 40-12. Shahabads were done at Rs. 506.

Andhras were quoted at Rs. 1,718 and Powers were steady at Rs. 1,613.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 855 and after declining to Rs. 853 improved to Rs. 858-2. Ordinary shares also closed at Rs. 223-8 after touching Rs. 222-8.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | Rs as |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance Rs. (8) | 288 12 |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing | 795 0 |
| 100 Century | 156 4 |
| 100 Central India (Rs. 4) | 251 4 |
| 100 Colaba (nil) | 137 8 |
| 100 Coorla | 95 0 |

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| Century (154/6) | 155 154 156 |
| Bom. Dyeing (787/8) | 790 785 789 792 795 |
| Kohinoor 253/2) | 253 |
| Central India (249/6) | 249 248 251 |
| New Great (171/14) | 173/12 |
| Swadeshi (196/4) | 198 197 198 |
| Bundi (40/8) | 40/10 40/12 |
| I. Cement (534/6) | 533 535 532 534 |
| Shahabad (505/10) | 505 506 |
| Audhra (1711/4) | 1720 1715 1711 1718 |
| Tata Hydro (191/14) | 191/14 192/8 |
| Tata Power (1610) | 1615 1610 1612 1613 |
| 1613 | |
| Tram. Ord. (153/2) | 158/7 |
| T. Steel Dfd. (854/6) | 855 856 852 853 |
| T. Steel Ord. (223) | 223/8 222/8 223/8 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (178/4) | 178/4 |
| Bellapur (201/4) | X.D. 193/12 192 193 |
| B. Steam (279/6) | 278 280 |
| B. Burma (546/14) | 546 547 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 250 David | 60 0 |
| 250 Dawn | 300 0 |
| 1 E. D. Sassoon (nil) | 0-3-9 |
| 100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8) | 111 14 |
| 100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8) | 208 12 |
| 1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75) | 1600 0 |
| 100 Indore (nil) | 44 0 |
| 100 Khatau (Rs. 2) | 80 0 |
| 100 Koninoor (Rs. 8) | 253 2 |
| 250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8) | 575 0 |
| 250 Madras United | 11 0 |
| 1000 Morarji (nil) | 850 0 |
| 250 Model | 42 0 |
| 50 Mysore (Rs. 3) | 102 8 |
| 200 New Great (nil) | 173 12 |
| 100 Oosmansnani (nil) | 52 0 |
| 100 Phoenix (Rs. 10) | 268 4 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk (Rs 2) | 48 0 |
| 1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50) | 1880 0 |
| 50 Simplex (Rs. 4) | 78 2 |
| 100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4) | 198 12 |
| 100 Swan (nil) | 92 8 |
| 500 Vishnu (Rs. 50) | 1,238 12 |
| 1000 Western | 680 0 |

BANKS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8) | 117 8 |
| 25-50 Central (Rs. 12) | 35 4 |
| 500 Imperial (Rs. 30) | 1575 0 |
| 125-500 L Conty. (Rs. 7-8) | 386 14 |
| 50-100 India (Rs. 2-8) | 136 0 |
| 100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4) | 139 4 |
| 5 Union (As. 4) | 5-11-0 |

CEMENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 Bundi (Rs. 1-6) | 40 10 |
| 100 Coimoatore | 184 6 |
| 75 Gwalior (Rs. 5) | 142 8 |
| 160 Indian (Rs. 10-8) | 534 8 |
| 40 Katni Def (Rs. 63-3-9) | 2355 0 |
| 100 Katni ord. (Rs. 10) | 391 4 |
| 75 Okha (Rs. 7) | 307 8 |
| 10 Punjab (As. 12) | 30 4 |
| 100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8) | 506 4 |
| 70 United (Rs. 2-3-3) | 163 0 |

INSURANCE

| | |
|---|---|
| 80 Empire | 576 4 |
| 15-100 Jupiter (As. 12) | 16 12 |
| 15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4) | 47 4 |
| 20 Mercantile | 48 12 |
| 200 Oriental (125) | 5425 0 |
| 10-50 Vulcan (As. 8) | 8 1 |

ELECTRIC.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahmedabad Old (6) | 169 6 |
| 1000 Andhra Valley (45) | 1718 12 |
| 10 Ajmer (As 4) | 14 8 |
| 50 Bombay Train (9-8) | 153 7 |
| 10 Bombay Suburban | 215 0 |
| 10 Broach | 13 8 |
| 100 Karachi (4) | 267 8 |
| 100 Poona (4) | 265 0 |
| 100 Surat (Rs. 8) | 208 2 |
| 100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5) | 192 8 |
| 1000 Tata Power | 1613 12 |

RAILWAYS

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 Ahmedabad Prantij | 917 8 |
| 100 C. Provinces | 99 8 |
| 0 Dhond Baramati | 106 8 |
| 100 Gujarat | 94 0 |

## GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 14.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 | 101/4 |
| 3 per cent 1951/54 | 103/8 |
| 3 per cent 1941 Bonds | 105/2 |
| 3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash | 100/2/6 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1947 50 Loan | 107/6 |
| 4 per cent 1943 Bonds | 111/12 |
| 4 per cent 1960/70 Loan | 115/2 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan | 120/6 |
| 3 per cent U P Bonds | 99/12 |
| 5 per cent 1939/44 | 108/14 |
| 5 per cent 1940/43 Loan | 111/12 |
| 5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan | 107/8 |

TAX FREES

| | |
|---|---|
| 5 per cent 1945/55 | 121/4 |
| 4 per cent 1953/63 Loan | 113/8 |
| 5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore | 107/6 |
| 5 per cent 1955 Mysore | 136/4 |

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

| | |
|---|---|
| 4 per cent B P T 1974 | 112/0 |
| 4 per cent M Deb 1974 | 111/8 |
| 5 per cent M Deb 1950 | 120/0 |
| 6 per cent M Deb 1954 | 132 |
| 6 per cent K P T 1956 | 133 |

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was firm to-day. It opened at 94 Rs. 100 and improved to Rs. 100/2 6. Budly Difference has widened to annas 3 1/2 against sellers.

## New York Sugar

New York, Dec. 12.

| | |
|---|---|
| March | 2.84+1. |
| May | 2.86+1. |
| July | 2.88+1. |
| September | 2.90+2. |

## Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Dec. 12.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 100 1/4d. |
| March | 101 3 8d. |
| May | 100 1/8d. |
| July | 99d. |

## Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Dec. 12.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | dol.1.28 5/8 |
| May | dol.1.24 3 4 |
| July | dol.1.12 1/8 |

## Montreal Silver

Montreal, Dec. 12.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 46.90—95 |
| March | 47.00—05 |
| May | 47.15+05 |

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Mandra Bhon | 102 0 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 99 0 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunje | 102 4 |
| 500 Tapty Valley (17-8) | 777 8 |

MININGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 Shivrajpur (Rs. 8) | 42 8 |
| 30 Tata Steel Def. (Rs. 7-8) | 858 2 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ord. (Rs. 6) | 223 8 |

MISCELLANEOUS

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 Alcock (Rs. 5) | 255 0 |
| 50 Belapur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2) | 193 2 XD. |
| 200 Bom. Safe Dep. | 832 8 |
| 250 B'bay Steam (Rs. 15) | 280 0 |
| 135 Bom. Burma (10) | 547 8 |
| 135 Bombay Burma Cont. (Rs. 4) | 184 6 |
| 8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil) | 5-9-3 |
| 50 B. Telephone (128) 1/8d. | 144 0 |
| 9 Burma Corp | 9 10 |
| 100 I. Bleaching (Rs 4) | 138 2 |
| 50 India Invest Trust | 52 0 |
| 100 I. Radio defd. (12) | 550 0 |
| 100 I. Radio ord. (15) | 522 8 |
| 1000 Port Canning (Rs. 25) | 621 4 |
| 15 Scindia (Re. 1) | 19 5 |
| 30 Premier Const. (Rs. 1-13) | 90 8 |
| 25 Tata Oil (nil) | 18 8 |

PREFERENCE.

| | |
|---|---|
| 7 p.c. Andhra Valley | 1575 0 |
| 5 p.c Bombay Steam | 315 0 |
| 7 p.c. Bombay Trams | 87 12 |
| 5 p.c. Central India | 535 0 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 1st | 136 4 |
| 7 p.c Katni 2nd | 146 4 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement | 13 10 |
| 7 p.c Tata Hydro | 162 8 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Power | 1617 8 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st | 198 12 |
| 7½ Tata Steel 2nd | 178 4 |
| 5½ p.c Tata Mill | 9 8 |
| 7 p.c Vishnu | 677 8 |

(Last Dividend in Brackets)

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JUPITER GENERAL
Is a progressive Insurance Co.
J5

REGD. NO. B. 1068

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1936

JUPITER GENERAL
can be consulted by the Insuring public on all occasions and for all Insurances. J6

# New King Proclaimed All Over India

## IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY IN CITY

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Town Hall and the Elphinstone Gardens in the city presented picturesque appearance this morning when the Accession of His Majesty George the VI was proclaimed with the usual pageantry by the Sheriff of Bombay.

The Durham Light Infantry, and the Royal Indian Marine lined the road opposite the Town Hall from 8-30 a.m. while the Governor's Body Guard stood on the steps of the Town Hall with swords in their arms. Ten minutes before nine o'clock, the High Court Judges, the Secretaries to the Government of Bombay and the members of the Diplomatic and Consular Corps began to arrive. The Bishop of Bombay was in full canonical dress and the Chief Justice and other judges of the High Court wore their wigs and gowns with the exception of Mr. Justice Engineer and Mr. Justice Kania who were in national dress. Hon. Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper also was in his national dress.

Exactly at 9 a.m. H. E. the Governor and Lady Brabourne arrived at the Town Hall, the troops under the command of Major General Scobell presented arms and the band played the National Anthem.

**The Proclamation.**

On reaching the Town Hall Their Excellencies occupied ceremonial chairs with Coat of Arms. The Sheriff, Mr. C. B. Mehta then asked permission of the Governor to read the Proclamation, which being given, he read the following Proclamation which was drafted by the Governor-General in Council, and runs as follows:

**Whereas by an Instrument of Abdication dated tenth day of December nineteen hundred and thirty six His Former Majesty King Edward VIII did declare his irrevocable determination to renounce the Throne for himself and his descendants, and the said Instrument of Abdication has now taken effect whereby the Imperial Crown of Great Britain, Ireland, and all other His Former Majesty's Dominions is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince Albert Frederick Arthur George; we the Governor-General of India and the Members of the Governor-General's Council therefore do now hereby with one voice and consent of tongue and heart publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Frederick Arthur George is now become our only lawful and rightful liege Lord George the Sixth, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland, and British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India; to whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant obedience with all heart and humble affection; beseeching God, by whom Kings and Queens do reign; to bless the Royal Prince George the Sixth with long and happy years to reign over us. God save King.**

The troops then presented arms, and once again the band struck the notes of the "National Anthem." H. E. the Governor Lord Brabourne then called for three cheers for King George the VIth amidst the booming of the salute of 31 guns fired from saluting battery.

### *ALL OVER INDIA*

**The Proclamation of the accession of King George VI was simultaneously read at Delhi, Calcutta, Karachi, Hyderabad, Dholpur, Lucknow, Patna, Nagpur, Allahabad, Madras, Shillong and Cuttack.**

## INDIAN LEADERS GRIEVED OVER ABDICATION

### Hope New King Will Follow In His Footsteps

MADRAS, Dec. 11.

Interviewed on King Edward's abdication Sir Mahomed Usman said:

It is very unfortunate that this crisis should have resulted in depriving the Empire of the services of His Majesty King Edward VIII.

This abdication, though very distressing to us has certainly raised the prestige, the glory and the moral grandeur of the British Throne.

**For Love.**

The Yuvarajah of Pithapuram said:—The most remarkable event in world history is the great Monarch has abdicated, sacrificing everything at the altar of love.

No words, now comments in profound and sympathetic silence the heart beats.

**Popular King.**

Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan, Ex-Mayor of Madras said:—

The King's abdication has not come as a surprise for the country was being gradually prepared for the reception of such a sad and epoch making news.

King Edward was a popular King.

The people in general would regard his abdication as a great loss to them.

I trust the new King, George VI will be graciously pleased to follow in the footsteps of his brother in his endeavour to place before himself the good of the vast millions of his subjects.

**DISTRESSING KING.**

Mr. S. Muthaiyah Mudaliar, Ex-Minister, said:—

I am sure the whole Empire will be distressed to hear the sad news of the King-Emperor's abdication, but at the same time we must appreciate the high sense of loyalty of the King-Emperor to the ancient traditions of the British constitution, also his steadfastness to the lady of his choice.

It speaks very well of the British nation and the people of the empire who also desire that the same traditions of the British constitution should be kept up.

I believe that the new King Emperor will be equally popular and mindful of the interests of the vast empire he is to rule over.

**LOST TO EMPIRE.**

Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayed, M.L.A., said:—

The King's abdication is an event which will be regretted most by the people throughout the Empire.

The King had endeared himself so much to his subjects even during the short perod of hs reign that his disappearance from the Government of the Empire will be keenly felt.

### Indian Liberal Sympathises With King

MADRAS: Dec. 11.

Interviewed Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, President, All-India National Liberal Federation and Ag. Vice-Chancellor of the Annamalai University said:

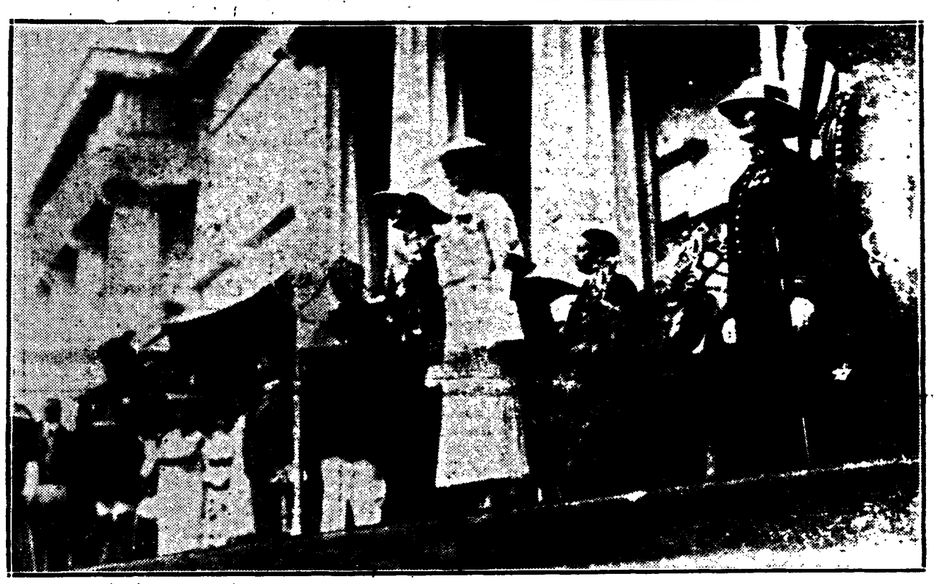
As in the other parts of the Commonwealth, so in India, the abdication of the King will be received with feelings divided between deep regret and profound sympathy.

There can be no doubt as to the great qualities of the King which will enable him to be the instrument of eminent service to the whole Commonwealth. But at the same time no one can lightly dismiss the considerations that forced on the King the alternative between abdication or renunciation of marriage.

This is not the proper occasion to discuss the propriety of Morganatic Marriage as a way out between those alternatives or to give expression to the larger reflections that arise from the unprecendented incident.

The vast majority will nevertheless feel deep sympathy for the King and will not be without a measure of admiration for the step that he has felt compelled to take and has taken so courageously.

H. E. Lord Brabourne leading the cheers for the New King on Monday on the occasion of the Proclamation ceremony



The Sheriff of Bombay reading the Proclamation of the New King at the Town Hall on Monday morning.

### *VICEROY ASSURES KING OF INDIA'S LOYALTY*

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

The following telegram has been sent by the Governor-General-in-Council to the Secretary of State for India:—"On behalf of all classes of His Majesty's subjects in India, we the Governor-General-in-Council request you to convey to His Majesty the King Emperor our respectful homage on his accession to the Throne, which we proclaimed here to-day and our loyal duty to Her Majesty the Queen Empress."

The Viceroy also sent the following personal telegram to His Majesty:—"On the occasion of the proclmation in India of Your Majesty's accession to the Throne the Viceroy, with his humble duty, has the honour to convey to Your Majesty, on behalf of the Princes and people of India expression of their deep and sincere loyalty and devotion to the Royal House and person and throne of Your Majesty and the earnest prayer of India that Your Majesty with Her Majesty, the Queen Empress, may be spared for many years to reign over us in happiness and prosperity."—A. P.

### *GOOD NEWS FOR SCOUTS*

#### *All India Rally To Meet Baden Powell*

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

Twenty thousand scouts from all parts of India will salute Lord Baden Powell, the Chief Scout, on the occasion of an All-India Scout Jamboree to be held at Delhi from the 1st to the 7th February next. The Chief Guide, Lady Baden Powell, and Mr. I. A. Impey, Headquarters Commissioner for Scouts, will accompany the Chief Scout. The Jamboree will be the largest of its kind in India.

The party will sail from Bombay on the 27th March, 1937, by S.S. "Maloja" for England where a busy programme awaits them including Coronation rallies to be held in all parts of the British Isles. They next proceed to Vogelesaang in Holland to participate in a World Jamboree to be held in August next.—United Press.

## NOMINATION REJECTED

### And Congress Candidate Sent To Jail For Sedition

PESHAWAR, Dec. 14.

A report from Mardan states that the Assistant Commissioner sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment Ghulam Mohamed Khan of Lundkhwar on a charge of sedition in a speech delivered at an election meeting. Ghulam Mohamed recently filed a nomination as a Congress candidate, but it was rejected on the ground that he had suffered imprisonment under the Frontier Crimes Regulation for failure to furnish security.—A. P.

### *SAVED DROWNING CHILD*

#### *But Was Abused Because He Is A Harijan!*

ERNAKULAM, Dec. 13.

**In response to the cries of a mother whose child had fallen into a well and was drowning, a Harijan youth dived into the well and at the risk of his own life succeeded in bringing the child to safety.**

**In the meanwhile, people gathered and, coming to know that he was a Harijan, abused and insulted the latter for daring to trespass into the Sanatanist grounds and diving into their well.—United Press.**

### *NEW MUSLIM PARLIAMENTARY BOARD FOR C. P.*

#### *Members Who Seceded From League, Adopt Own Candidates For Legislature*

NAGPUR, Dec. 14.

The 14 members, who seceded from the C. P. and Berar branch of the All-India Muslim League Parliamentary Board, met here last evening and constituted a Provincial Muslim Parliamentary Board, with Syed Abbur Rauff Shah, M. L. C., a member of the All-India Central Muslim League Board, as President.

The meeting adopted candidates for 12 of the 14 seats allotted to Muslims in the Provincial Legislative Assembly under the New Constitution.

The new Board approves the programme and policy of the Muslim League, but its members are dissatisfied with the working of the Provincial League (official) Board and have, therefore resigned.

A Government Communique announces, provisional dates for the elections from various constituencies, excepting the Nagpur University seat, ranging from the first week of January to the third week of February next.—A. P.

## VICEROY LEAVING FOR CALCUTTA

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

The Viceregal Party is leaving to-night for Lucknow and will arrive in Calcutta for their customary season on December 19.

### *At Jaipur*

JAIPUR, Dec. 14.

In the unavoidable absence of His Highness, due to the accident while playing polo, Sir Henry Beauchamp, Vice-President of Council of State, Jaipur, carried out the Proclamation ceremony in the Ram Niwas Gardens in the presence of officials and prominent citizens.—A. P.

## EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

*Inspector Wade—* *The Clever One*

I CAME IN TO TELL YOU --- WHAT'S ALL THIS ? — IT LOOKS LIKE A-- PRINTING-PRESS!
11-13
SO CLIFTON'S A FORGER, EH?
WHY, YOU--!
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EASY, CLIFTON! -- WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT THIS, WELLS?
LYMAN ANDERSON
YES, AND RADLOW-- MAYBE HE KNOWS SOMETHING, TOO!
RADLOW'S GONE-HE-ER-HE FELT A HEART ATTACK COMING ON-- DYKE DROVE HIM HOME SO HE COULD GET HIS-ER-HIS MEDICINE!

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